Office Over Shields,' Opposite Bank Clallam Co.

THE OLYMPIC

One Year, 52 Issues, 50c
Six Months 25c

VOL. 1. PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1905 NO. 11.

DRAW

. . The . .

Big Bureau Trunk

in the window of

THE TIMES CLOTHING MART

will be drawn for and coupons given WITH EACH CASH PURCHASE

When you have $1.00 worth of coupons you will get one chance on the

GRAND TRUNK

Our prices are 25 per cent lower than any other store in town.

We conduct business on strictly cash principles We buy for cash and take all our discounts, therefore we are able to make great reductions.

A Larger Assortment of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Boots and Shoes are not to be found in town.

Our Specialty: Suits to Measure

THE TIMES MART

ANGELES CIVIC CLUB

What It Has Done, Is Doing, and Proposes to Do the Coming Season.

The Civic Club being a Club "for the people, of the people and by the people" it may interest the people of Port Angeles to know what the Civic Club of this place has done, is doing now, and proposes to do the coming season.

The Club organized on the 26th of May, 1903, and celebrated that organization by giving a "Stump Day" on the 16th of June, thereby inaugurating a crusade against stumps, which has been waged with more or less activity up to the present time.

A year ago last August the Club took the initiative in cleaning, repairing, and ventilating the Central School building and followed this by draining and grading the school grounds.

Last fall a Sidewalk Day was called by the President and much good work in repairing walks was accomplished.

During the past winter the club's activity has been confined to the work in the humane and benevolent department. Believing that a trying winter was at hand and that in consequence of the financial depression many families, either thru misfortune or incompetence, would be in such poor circumstances that their children would either suffer or be debarred from attending school for need of proper clothing, the club issued a call thru the local papers for "cast off clothing" of any kind. The public responded generously and a depot of supplies was established.

The ladies of the club met as the necessity arose to make over garments to fit individual cases, and to put others in repair. Just before the holidays the demands upon the club were so great that the work was divided into two sections, Tumwater Hill being placed in charge of Mrs. Henry LaFlower and Mrs. Judge Cochran.

The work has been carried on in a most efficient manner in both divisions. The ladies of Tumwater Hill are to be specially commended, inasmuch as they have not alone sewed and made over, but extended their work into caring for the sick and giving teas to raise funds with which to carry on their benevolent work. Altogether the results have fully justified the judgment of the club in deciding upon that line of work for the winter.

In addition to the work enumerated above the club had paid out of its treasury the following sums of money:

For powder, lumber, groceries, and general supplies needed in work for city, ...	$210
For labor, ...	140
For street lamps (gift to the city), ...	100
For Central School, . . .	85
Making a total of . .	$535

Leaving in the treasury at present $37.

On Tuesday next, March 7th, at 2 p. m., the first meeting of the club following the winter vacation will be held in the Railroad office in Opera House Block. All members and all who are interested in our work are earnestly requested to be in attendance. It is hoped that the attendance will be large, as matters of grave importance are to be considered, such as outlining the work for the coming year and discussing ways and means for the accomplishment of such work as the club shall decide upon. Among the objects under consideration, perhaps the most important are the establishing of a City Park and the building of the Pine Hill and Tumwater bridges.

Continued on Page 4.

FIRST SHIPMENT OF SAWED STONE

Goes Into Government Buildings at Fort Casey.

Manager Barnett of the Port Angeles Stone Company made the first shipment of sawed stone on the Gertrude Tuesday, it being on an order from Hurley & Co., for use in trimming government buildings at Fort Casey, across the straits from Townsend. The exigencies of the case required considerable night work the latter part of the week and the saws were kept running over Sunday as well. But everything is running smoothly now and the production of fine building stone will hereafter be limited by the capacity of the saws. And, by the way, one who has never been in a modern quarry mill would be surprised to see how readily the combination of water, sand and steel "shot" squares up a hard close-grained block.

SUPERVISORS ARE APPOINTED

Seguin Telephone Co. Given Permission to Maintain Line Along County Roads.

The regular session of Board of Commissioners was held this week Tuesday and Wednesday. The principal business before the Board was the appointment of road supervisors, William Wooding receiving the appointment for Road and Bridge District No. 1, James Gallagher for No. 2, J. A. Rainey for No. 3, and Guy Lesure for No. 4.

The Board agreed to purchase and put material on the ground to build cable bridge at "Schutz" crossing on the Solduck, providing the settlers furnish the labor to build said bridge.

Petition of J. B. Knapman et al for road on Seguin prairie laid over for further consideration.

Petitions of Nels Burns and others for road near East Clallam and of C. E. Johnson and others for bridge across Hoko on Clark Hansen road were rejected.

Seguin Local Telephone Company was granted permission to establish and maintain telephone lines along the roads of county, provided poles and lines do not interfere with traffic.

Are you particular about the bread you offer your family? Are you jealous of your reputation as a housewife? Use "Swing Sifter" flour, $1.30 per sack at Seevers.'

DYING

Thousands of people dig their graves with their mouths. Leslie Salt will prolong your life, no microbes, no contamination, no typhoid germs.

FISH BY THE MILLION TONS

Will Literally Be the Capacity of the $75,000 Plant. Will They Get Them?

A visit to the new plant of the Craig Fish Products Company will speedily convince one that the business is to be no light undertaking and that there is no question in the minds of those putting in the plant but that it will prove to be a very profitable investment.

The buildings which are already under way, as viewed from town, appear to blend into one large structure; those seen are the residence, which is enclosed, the light machine shop, completed and in use as an office and store room, and the heavy machine shop and power house, which the carpenters have well along. Beyond these, foundations are in for several more buildings, there being seven or eight in all. All so far built are lightly constructed, on concrete foundations, the machinery being set on designed foundations, independent of the floor; they are being painted red as built.

The residence, which will be occupied by Supt. R. R. Wood and Ass't Supt. Smith, who is a practical millwright and engineer and has charge of construction, is a two story structure located on the eastern edge of the tract in the old orchard. The present trees will be cleaned of moss and put in good condition, and many new trees, mostly prunes, cherries and plums, as well as shrubs and flowers, will be set out this spring. The view up and across the straits is certainly beautiful, and with landscape gardening to improve the home, it will be an ideal spot for a summer residence.

The machine shops will be completely equipped with powerful machinery, lathes, drills, etc., enabling the company to make all their own repairs as well as build the several tugs required, all of which will have to be large enough to withstand rough weather in crossing the straits. The first boat to be built has been let by contract to J. R. Smith, a ship carpenter; it will be a small launch, equipped with a six-horse power gasoline engine, for use in the bay and as a handy means of going to and from town.

The freighter Rapid Transit brought down Wednesday a full load of material and machinery, some two hundred tons in all, and unloaded at the partially completed wharf. Included in the shipment were 45,000 brick, 6,500 fire brick, several tons of lime, and an 8-ton steel retort.

Some of the machinery required is said to be very massive, even up to fourteen tons.

Work is being rushed to the limit in all lines, but that on the 500-foot wharf is most noticeable from town; timbers are delivered on the beach near the railroad wharf and towed down, thus practically necessitating construction of the outer portion of wharf first. The Gate City Co. hope to have the work done in a few days more, and it will be a specimen of rush work of which they may well be proud.

GOVT. RESERVE BLOCKS

Up for Consideration by Council; No Action Taken.

At Tuesday's session of the City Council, Councilman Hallahan was chosen to preside, in absence of the mayor.

City Health Officer D. E. McGillivray reported inspection of city jail and recommended its renovation. Health committee instructed to have work done as recommended, and also any further work they deemed necessary in matter of sanitation and arrangement for keeping clean.

Document transferring interest of B. F. Gose, in the rights and privileges granted by city to use of foot of A street for wharf, to his former partners, W. A. and W. C. Geist, was read.

Renewal bond of City Treasurer Nailor accepted.

Four matters were referred to street committee for report: condition of East Front St.; ditches made and left open by Water Co. Franchisee; repair to steps at bluff on E street, and crossing at foot of Tumwater Hill.

Commissioner Brumfield offered resolution providing for action of the city in concert with other owners of improvements on government reserve blocks, to have all such blocks and lots restored to public domain and sold at appraised value. Matter discussed at length but no action taken.

The Highest in Their Class

When in need of Drug Store Goods of any kind whatever remember that when you buy them here you are getting the very best procurable — *the highest in their class.*

Prescriptions are accurately and carefully compounded. Drugs and chemicals, only the freshest and purest. Patent medicines, a full assortment.

Toilet Goods of every description. Sick room necessities of all kinds.

Our prices the lowest. Our Motto: *The best and most for the least money.*

MATHEWSON'S
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK

WOMEN AND FASHION

How to Become P ump.

A correspondent states that she increased her weight in two years from 112 to 154 pounds by the following treatment, and feels sure anyone else could do so with perseverance, as she had a very weak digestion when she started. To begin with, all people who wish to get plump must drink milk, as there is nothing that can take its place for the purpose. Begin with two glasses a day, one at eleven and one at seven in the evening; sip very slowly, and sit down to it with a biscut, at that helps it to digest. Increase the milk to two pints a day in a fortnight; one glass can be taken warm before going to bed. Be sure the milk is quite fresh, and do not boil it. To correct biliousness, take weekly a podophyllin pill, followed in the morning by one teaspoonful of fruit salt. Eat plenty of good nourishing food, but not much meat. While taking the milk, eat regularly, and try to eat slowly.

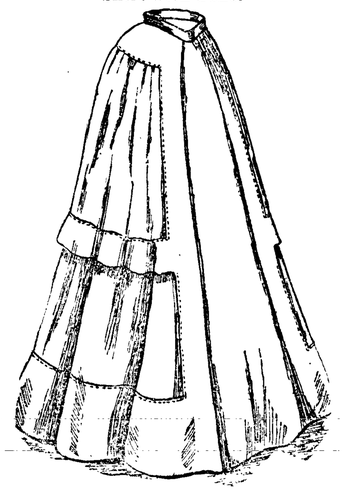
Always have a good midday meal, avoiding cakes, pastry and sweets, and drink weak tea, or cocoa made with milk. Never drink strong tea or coffee, and never eat or drink anything at all acid, and no acid fruits or medicines. Avoid all fatigue, take a moderate amount of walking exercise and rest, if possible, one hour after dinner. Try not to worry or get excited over trifles, and take up with a hobby of some sort. The above treatment is excellent for all thin people and for nervous, delicate children.

After a few weeks the change will be quite noticeable, the health, too, improved, nervousness and irritability disappear and, the unsightly bones and angles replaced by firm, plump flesh, bright eyes, and a healthy complexion. It may be added that warm clothing and open windows are very essential. —Woman's Life.

DRESSY TOILETTES.

1. Pale blue chiffon velvet, with e utre doux of shaded blue and white embroidery.
2. Tan broadcloth, embroidered in brown and white.
3. Young girl's evening gown of w hite chiffon cloth, with ruffled skirt of valenciennes.

Skirt with Yoke.



Skirt with yoke and trimming of bands cut in one piece and joined, under stitching, to the skirt with plain front panel and gathered sides. A good broadcloth or mohair model.

A Use for Old Newspapers.

Here is a hint that the writer got from the head clerk of a big hotel at a popular Indiana health resort. We know the germs that lurk in dust, and how disagreeable, as well as unhealthy it is to inhale it while sweeping. Now the way that the carpet sweepers at this resort keep down the dust while wielding the broom, is to wet newspapers, wring them out slightly, and tearing them into small pieces, scatter them all over the surface they are going to sweep. The little dampening brightens the carpets without injuring them in the least, and the moist paper effectually keeps down the dust, or at least the greater portion of it, by catching it on itself. The paper is then burnt, which is the quickest and neatest way of getting rid of it. Where brussels carpets have become somewhat dingy, the water in which the paper is wet might have a little turpentine added to it, as it has a refreshing and brightening effect, and has a tendency to keep the carpet free of insects and moths.

One way to prevent the dust from entering the throat and lungs while sweeping, is to tie a small sponge over the mouth and nose. A person can breathe through the porous sponge, and it takes up the dust which would otherwise be inhaled.—What to Eat.

Women's Clubs and the Home.

The criticism which is so often heard that there is danger of women who take an active part in club work becoming dissatisfied with home life I think is unjust, writes Mrs. Frederick Schoff, President of the National Council of Mothers. If only the right sort of women belonged to our organizations, we should not hear such criticism at all. The trouble is that too many young women rush in the work before they have mature judgment. The work must be carried on by the older women, whose experience should give them greater wisdom.

No young mother should attempt to take an active part in club life. Her interests should be centered in her own home and children. No good public work is ever done when the home is neglected. Of course, the organizations are a benefit to young mothers, but only in that they teach them how to raise the standard of their homes.

A young woman should not take a leading part in any outside work, but should be guided by the gray-haired mothers, who should use their experience for the good of others. Too often women have had their usefulness in later life hurt by attempting to lead in reform movements when they were very immature.

Nor do I approve of young unmarried women centering their interests in club work. Instead they should be in training for married life, which is woman's only true sphere.

"Laugh and Grow Fat."

Women laugh too little, says the Youth's Companion. Whether this is due to their lack of humor or to childhood's training in gentle manners may be questioned. Certain it is that a hearty laugh in a woman's voice is rare music. An audience of women rustles with amusement, but seldom laughs. A group of girls giggles, but does not laugh. A woman reading the most brilliantly humorous story seldom gets beyond a smile.

When Sir Walter Besant, in his clever skit, "The Revolt of Man," pictured the time in the twentieth century when women should have surpassed all power, political, ecclesiastical and social, he shrewdly noted that laughter had died out of England; and when men revolted against their feminine tyrants, they came back to their own with peals of laughter.

A Paris doctor has recently opened a laughter cure. It is a private institution, and large fees are charged. The patients sit round a room, and at a given moment begin to smile at each other. The smile broadens to a grin, and at a signal to a peal of laughter. Two hours a day of this healthful exercise are said to cure the worst cases of dyspepsia. But whether the habit of laughing easily and naturally could be acquired by this process is doubtful. The student of the art of laughing might find himself in the condition of the centipede of classic fame, who

was happy till
One day the toad in fun
Said, "Pray which leg goes after which?"
This strained his mind to such a pitch
He lay distracted in a ditch,
Considering how to run.

The Wedding Ring Finger.

The wedding ring, says the London Chronicle, was placed on the left hand, as nearest the heart, and on the fourth finger because that finger was supposed to have its own "private wire" (in the shape of a delicate nerve) to the heart. That finger, too, was called the medicine finger, and the belief was that by virtue of the little nerve it could detect a dangerous poison if simply inserted in the liquid. From that belief the idea that wedding rings—the rings worn on that finger—had special curative qualities, had its rise. To this day wedding rings are rubbed over an obstinate sty on an eyelid.

DAME FASHION'S DECREES

Japanese coral is made up into most chic necklaces.

Velvet collars and cuffs finish many of the nobbiest coats.

Elaborate soutache braiding is prophesied for the spring tailor-made.

The smartest hats are either picturesquely large or ridiculously small.

Yokes, berthas, puffed sleeves and skirt flounces are heralded for summer.

Large flat bows, trimmed with jewels or lace, are worn on the theater coiffure.

Black and white check in which the white predominates is shown in smart spring suits.

Mixed straws and much of that deep golden yellow are shown among the first straw hats.

A narrow border of colored ribbon velvet adds a pretty touch to the white net sleeve ruffle.

Organdies crossed by heavy white bars and strewn on the lines with large flowers, are lovely.

Cloth is to be much used in the spring and manufacturers are bringing out most supple ones.

Black satin girdles with long sash ends are worn with some of the dressiest shirtwaist gowns.

The feather that expresses itself in brown will probably finish off green or some other vivid shade.

From a perishable and unsatisfactory fabric, chiffon has become a beautiful and serviceable cloth.

A band of lace around collar, down front and around cuffs is a waist trimming not at all out of date.

Muffs and stoles of clipped feathers are worn by the younger set and in pure white rival the finest ermine.

Brown valenciennes is right in keeping with the modes and very handsome is a whole gown fashioned thereof.

Fortunate possessors of old Spanish blonde lace, in style years ago, are getting it out for smart yokes and stocks.

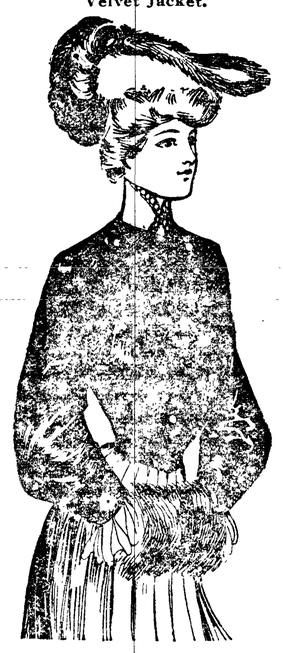
Silky French felts, slashed and turned up in the most daring fashion, and heaped with roses, are nobby headpieces.

The fur pelerine has aggrandized itself into quite a garment, so that with the larger ones no other wrap is needful.

Evening toques have a full, wide ruche of lace banded around with a twist of velvet matching the roses tucked against the hair.

Pale-blue velvet and mauve violets are a French military combination, as is also soft gray felt with warm brown and crimson velvet leaves.

Velvet Jacket.



Black velvet, Eton trimmed, with soutache braid. Latest sleeve.

To Clean Hair Brushes.

The best way in which to clean hair brushes is with spirits of ammonia and warm water. Take a tablespoonful of ammonia to one quart of water; dip the bristles up and down in the water without wetting the back; rinse in clean warm water, shake well, and dry in the air, but not in the sun. Soap and soda soften the bristles, and will turn an ivory-backed brush yellow.

Insomnia.

The amount of sleep required varies within fairly wide limits in different individuals. Some do well with an average of not more than six hours out of the twenty-four, while others must have at least nine hours if they are to be fit for their daily tasks.

The length of time which the average person needs is usually put at eight hours out of the twenty-four, or one-third of life. Young children require more and the aged, as a rule, less.

There is a kind of spurious insomnia, in which a person who really needs only six hours, but thinks he must have eight, wakes up early in the morning and tosses about for an hour or more, grumbling because he cannot sleep, and beginning to regard himself as the victim of some nervous disorder. Such a person should get up earlier and spend these two precious morning hours which nature is offering him in some useful occupation. If he actually needs but six hours' sleep a day he will be the better for not wasting two in useless tossings; if he needs the average eight hours his getting up at once on waking in the morning will break up the habit by quieting the nervous unrest caused by this tossing, and the chances are that he will soon find himself sleeping through these two hours naturally and peacefully.

Insomnia may depend on physical or mental causes. The first sort can often be benefited greatly by simple measures—and many cases of the second category also. In a case of sleeplessness the first thing to do is to discover the cause and, if possible, remove it. It may be that the sufferer studies, or talks, or reads exciting novels too late at night; or he may sit up too long after having had only a light evening meal; smoking late in the evening is a frequent disturber of sleep, and the taking of tea or coffee at the evening meal is another cause of insomnia. Too much thinking, planning, worrying after retiring will drive away sleep most effectually. Defective ventilation in the bedroom is often the cause of insomnia, especially the morning variety.

The treatment of simple forms of this trouble is directed to drawing the blood from the head. A glass of hot milk just at bedtime will do this in many cases, or the result may be obtained by a hot mustard foot-bath or the use of an extra covering over the feet to keep them very warm. Constipation will cause insomnia, and so will acid dyspepsia, and the relief of these conditions will work like a charm. Drugs should never be resorted to except upon the advice of the physician. The acquiring of a drug habit is the greatest danger to which the sufferer from sleeplessness is exposed.—Youth's Companion.

LEAVING IT TO THE POSTMAN.

The foreign correspondent's struggles with the English language have inspired many an amusing story of the postoffice. Smith's Weekly of London shows that queer things are done also by thoughtless people and persons who try by descriptions to supply the lack of a definite address for their letters.

One such letter was directed, "To my sister Jean. Up. the Canongate, Down a Close, Edinburgh. She has a wooden leg." Jean safely received her brother's communication.

Another queer letter provided no difficulty at all for the postman. It was superscribed, "This is for the young girl that wears spectacles, who minds two babies, 30, Sheriff Street, off Prince Edward Street, Liverpool."

Another was addressed: "This is for her that makes dresses for ladies that live at the other side of rode to James Brocklip, Edensover, Chesterfield." This, too, was delivered.

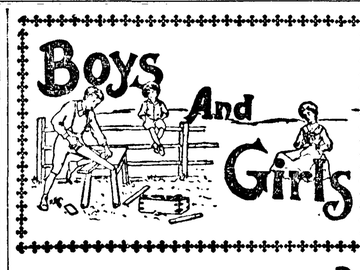
The following specimen, however, proved too much for the mail carrier. It could not be delivered: "E. R.—, a cook as lived tempery with a Mrs. L., or some such name, a shoemaker in Castle Street, about No. 20 Hobern, in 1851."

"She is a Welsh person, about five feet, and stoutish. Lives in service some ware in London or nabourede London," was the superscription of a letter that recently passed through the general postoffice. To pick that short and stoutish Welsh person out of some seven million people was a task at which the officials threw up their hands. The missive had to go to the dead-letter office.

Free from Headaches.

Headaches rarely assail the Bedouin Arabs. They are nearly all small eaters and six or seven dates soaked in melted butter with a very small quantity of coarse flour or three or four tablespoonfuls of boiled rice serves a man a whole day.

It is the suspicion of every man, that if his wife's relatives think well of him, it is in spite of what she has told them.



LITTLE STORIES AND INCIDENTS

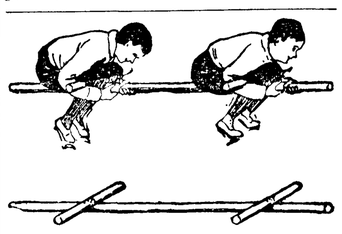
That Will Interest and Entertain Young Readers.

Real Hobby Horse Race.

No doubt you once had a hobby horse, and rode it, too, rocking backward and forward, trotting, galloping, and even jumping fences and dashing madly across country—all in imagination. Any boy or girl who has ever had a hobby horse will remember doing just these things and will remember, too, what fun it was.

Suppose you really could race on a hobby horse, against some one else mounted in the same way? Well, you can, and your hobby horse will prance, kick up, buck, stumble, and do a lot of very "horsy" things if you wish to make him.

This hobby horse has real kickable legs, four of them, no tail at all, but to make up for it two lively heads. It can go at several gaits and is kind and gentle. It will never run away, and it will always go just as fast or slow as you desire.



HOBBY HORSE AT REST AND IN ACTION.

It is useless to describe the construction of the hobby horse, for the picture shows exactly how it is made. The riders get astride of it as the picture shows, with knees above the crossbar and their elbows beneath it, grasping the body of the "horse" with their hands.

They may gallop, that is, both rise on their toes and spring forward in a sreies of jumps, or "pace," both moving their right feet forward at the same time and then their left feet. It is an open question which is the faster method, and a race between two teams—or, rather, two "hobby horses," one galloping and one pacing—is a most interesting thing to watch. Make a hobby horse, get two of your friends to make one, too, and have a race. It is no end of fun, and two boys may become so expert in the sport that they may defeat with ease any novices who may race against them.

What God Gives a Boy.

A body to live in and keep clean and healthy, and as a dwelling for his mind and a temple for his soul.

A pair of hands to use for himself and others, but never against others, for himself.

A pair of feet to do errands of love and kindness, but not to loiter in places of mischief or temptation or sin.

A pair of lips to keep pure and unpolluted by tobaco or whisky, and to speak true, kind, brave words; but not to make a smoke-stack of or a swill trough.

A pair of ears to hear the music of bird and tree, and rill and human voice, but not to give heed to what the serpent says, or what dishonors God or his mother.

A pair of eyes to see the beautiful, the good, and the true—God's fingerprints in the flower and field and snowflake—but not to feast on unclean pictures or the blotches which Satan daubs and calls pleasure.

A mind to remember and reason and decide and store up wisdom and impart it to others, but not to be turned into a chip basket or rubbish heap for the chaff and the rubbish and sweepings of the world's stale wit.

A soul to receive impressions of good and to develop faculties of powers and vrtues which shall shape it day by day, as the artist's chisel shapes the stone, into the image and likeness of Jesus Christ.—Morning Guide.

Pleasures of Winter.

When the wintry sun has vanished
From his path adown the skies,
And the sleety branches rattle,
And the rising night wind cries,
'Tis the time when home is brightest,
In the rosy firelight's glow;
When within, the cheer of winter,
And without, the drifting snow.

When the storm king sways his scepter,
Summons forth his mighty host
With a sound as of the surging
Of the waves upon the coast,
Then it is that shadows waver
As the dying log burns low;
All within, the cheer of winter,
And without, the drifting snow.

Though old earth a spotless mantle
Of the deepest winter wears,
Though each window pane is frosted,
And each twig a diamond bears,
On the hearth the flames are leaping,
From the north the wild winds blow;
Then within, the cheer of winter,
And without, the drifting snow.
—St. Nicholas.

Do Not Whip Your Dog.

The best authorities agree that dogs should not be whipped or struck a blow more severe than a slap with the hand. A dog is intelligent and as sensitive to the tones of the voice as a child. The voice, alone, is all that is needed to reprove him. If it is necessary to punish your dog, do it at the time of the transgression, and not as one boy did, two days after the wrongdoing.

The boy was the owner of a splendid St. Bernard, who ran away from home on one occasion. When he returned his master cruelly whipped him, although a neighbor remonstrated, warning him that the dog did not understand what he had done to merit punishment. "When the dog goes off next time, do you think he will come back, when he remembers that a thrashing is awaiting him there?" angrily inquired the neighbor.

The boy paid no attention to the warning, and when Barko went away a week or so later the neighbor's words came true. Barko evidently decided that home with a lash was worse than no home at all. Unlike the cat of song and story, he "never came back," to the great delight of the neighbor, who believed that in dogland as well as in childland goodness should be rewarded instead of badness punished.

The Size of Sailors.

Little Harry lived in the country and had never seen a sailor.

"Papa," he said one day, "sailors must be awful small men."

"Why do you think so?" asked his father.

"Because," answered Harry, "I read in the paper about one who went to sleep on his watch."

The Only Alternative.

Johnny—Mamma, why did you say I should not fight Willie Jones when I am at his house or when he is at my house?

Mamma—Because it isn't polite.

Johnny—Huh! Then I s'pose I'll have to lay for him and fight him on the street.

Infantile Blackmail.

"Mamma," said five-year-old Margie, "I'll make a bargain with you."

"What kind of a bargain, dear?" asked her mother.

"If you'll give me a penny every day to buy candy with," replied the small diplomat, "I'll not tell anyone you have store teeth."

Fatuous.

Little Fred—Say, papa, what is the meaning of fatuous?

Papa—Fatuous means foolish, my son.

Little Fred—Then if a foolish man is fatuous, a wise man must be leanuous, isn't he, papa?

Hard Dig at Father.

Stern Parent—Tommy, I'm surprised to hear you tell a falsehood. I never told a falsehood when I was a little boy.

Small Tommy—When did you begin, papa?

AN INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTION

When the first ambassador from Japan arrived in Washington, during the Buchanan administration, there was great interest and curiosity manifested in regard to the strangers. Mrs. Roger A. Pryor, in "Reminiscences of Peace and War," tells of her first sight of the embassy.

At last we heard that the strangers had landed, and would soon arrive. I was in the gallery of the Senate chamber with an intimate friend. We were doubtful about going out with the crowd of citizens to meet the Japanese, and were hoping that the Senate and House would adjourn. Presently a member rose and said:

"Mr. President, the first ambassadors from the venerable country of Japan are about to arrive. I move the Senate do now adjourn to meet and welcome the Japanese."

Immediately another Senator was on his feet, not to second the motion, but to say sharply, "Mr. President, I humbly trust the Senate of the United States of America will not adjourn for every show that comes along."

That settled it. My friend and I hurried to our carriage, and meeting the cortege, turned just in time to drive side by side with the first landau, containing the ambassadors.

Our progress was slow and often interrupted, and we had abundant time to observe the two dignitaries close beside us in the first carriage. The one next me was extremely wrinkled and withered. The old man, with his wrinkled, yellow face, turban, short gown and petticoats, looked so very like my old mulatto mammy, the darling of my childhood, that I leaned over and put my pearl-handled fan on his knee and motioned him to give me his in exchange.

The old gentleman looked startled for an instant, but he soon understood, and I became the possessor of a Japanese fan. But then a strange thing happened. I was suddenly overwhelmed with confusion, and sank back beside my companion, pulling her parasol well over my face.

"Was it so dreadful?" I implored.

"I'm afraid it was," said she. "Hide your fan from the others, We will never tell." Presently she added, thoughtfully, "I wonder what your Aunt Mary would say?"

I did not wonder. I knew perfectly well what my Aunt Mary would say.

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A NEW DISPENSATION.

Under the providence of God great leaders have arisen in every national emergency. As Washington led the American colonies into Liberty and Lincoln paved the way to perpetual union, so in the fullness of time is given a Roosevelt to steer the ship of state off the rocks of commercial usurpation and class strife. This new prophet in our political Zion is announcing doctrine strange to the ears of organization and expediency. We have had prophets false and furious pronouncing anathema upon wealth and power in all its forms. We have had the soothsayers of hypnotic harmony striving to quiet the fears of the masses while making it pleasant for the captains of industry. But here we have a man born to the purple of aristocracy and imbued with the spirit of true democracy standing upon the pinnacle of national power proclaiming the gospel of justice to all. He arraigns not the rich; he condemns not the poor but he declares: "We are not for the poor man as such, nor for the rich man as such. We are for every man, rich or poor, provided he acts justly and fairly by his fellows, and if he so acts the government must do all it can to see that inasmuch as he does no wrong, so he shall suffer no wrong."

Other prophets have invented soothing maxims and coined sparkling epigrams, the practical application of which to the affairs of men might mean much. But this man Roosevelt in the exercise of presidential power and influence actually hews to the line of his political philosophy. He stands condemned and convicted of gross violation of the rules of practical politics. He is accused over and over again by the genius of organization of ruining his party. But in the presence of a rising tide of civic righteousness and conspicuous national need he is in time of political peril the very rock of its political salvation. Well may the exemplars of practical politics stand aside and give free reign to this new prophet in our political Zion. He serves his country first and in this emergency he is saving his party against itself.

THAT APHIS REMEDY.

The Townsend Call publishes a letter from W. H. Addis of Montaville, Oregon, written to Henry Bash, Jefferson county's fruit inspector, concerning the aphis remedy which The Olympic mentioned last week. Mr. Addis says, in part: "I studied and experimented a long time before I perfected the compound, and while my whole idea was the benefitting of the fruit growing industry, however, I put in so much time and money, I have concluded to take the advice of my friends and instead of giving the formula away, to put up the powder and sell at a price that leaves me a legitimate profit, and yet makes the operation cheap to the fruit grower. I charge 50 cents per pound, or 75 cents postpaid. One pound will inoculate about twenty trees." Mr. Bash will try the remedy and give orchardists the benefit of his trial.

A FIGHT

Last Thursday morning the city marshal found a man fighting his salt cellar. His wife bo't a package of Leslie Sterilized Salt—peace prevails.

CUT OFF THE TARIFF

American ship builders want subsidies because of the larger cost of building American vessels, in comparison with English ships. That's what one reads in one paragraph. Another one in the same paper says the great American Iron and Steel Corporation has just sold to English ship builders structural steel at $22 per ton, the same that is sold to Americans for $32. We cannot favor the continuance of duties that permit such a discrimination against American interests, even tho the margin between the prices accounts for the Carnegie libraries and the disgrace which which Andrew says he will feel at dying rich.

What the people want of the railways is not a general or large reduction of rates but an equalization, and a uniform application of them to all parties alike, without rebates or special privileges to any. A square deal all around is all that is desired, with a wiping out of all the subterfuges by which the big fish eats up the little ones. As a fact, railway tariffs in the United States are way below those of Europe, but there are inequalities and special privileges permitted that are equal to highway robbery in many cases. The people are willing to let the railways live, but they also want to enjoy the same privilege.

Bishop Hoban of the Scranton, Pa., diocese declares in favor of Sunday afternoon "base ball, foot ball or any other kind of ball." He says "the good Lord will be glad to see them do it so long as they are good boys." This would make our Sunday a Continental Sabbath—a holy day in the morning and a holiday, or hurrah day, in the afternoon. Americans are not prepared for that yet. It will require a century of education downwards to arrive at that standard.

Cadets Uniforms Arrive

Last Saturday a large box arrived which caused every cadet intense joy — the long expected uniforms had arrived. They are of the khaki class and the caps are a dark blue. The boys made their first appearance last Monday, but it must be admitted that a few went to school via back streets and alleys — these few were doubtless on "special duty." The only thing they lack now is the guns, which, if not obtainable from the State, will be bought by the boys themselves. A few suggested that the P. A. E. furnish the guns, as they will probably be called on to put down strikes. A few of the "envious ones" may be heard talking about Coxy's army, and tin soldiers. A MEMBER.

Semi-weekly Tacoma News and the Olympic, both $1.00

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WOMEN AND FASHION

How to Wash the Face.

"If more girls were taught just how to wash their faces there would not be nearly so much work for us to do," said a young woman who is studying facial massage. The masseuse explained her statement by adding that, in the first place, the face should never be washed in cold water. Always use warm water—or, better still, hot. In the second place, on no account use either a wash cloth or a sponge. Put your two hands together (as children make a cup to drink out of streams), fill with the hot water, and, holding your face near the basin, put on the hot water over and over again. Then, before you dry your face, rub it over gently with the tips of your fingers, says Harper's Bazar. Be sure always to rub up toward the forehead. Dry the face with a soft, old cloth. About twice a week wash your face at night with any good, pure soap. Rub the soap on your hands, not on a cloth or sponge, and with your fingers rub the soap well into the skin of your face. If your skin is inclined to be dry, you can (after rinsing plentifully with hot water) rub in a little plain cold cream. This same authority tells us that much better for the hair than brushing it is a nightly massage with the finger tips. This keeps the scalp well loosened and promotes a free circulation.

Children's Ailments.

Whooping cough develops slowly, and for several days it is no different from an ordinary cough due to a cold in the lungs. Then suddenly the cough becomes more violent and lasts longer, with that characteristic catching of the breath and redness of the face.

Diphtheria is characterized by a sore throat and a swelling of the glands of the neck, with white specks on the tonsils. It should always be treated by the best medical skill obtainable.

Scarlet fever is most contagious during the height of the disease and during the period of desquamation—that is, when the cuticle separates in small scales. The first symptoms are vomiting, a sore throat and a high fever. The eruption appears first on the neck and chest and then covers the entire body. This disease may be carried by well people in their clothing or it can be conveyed by the clothing of the patient.

Measles is a serious disease on account of frequently accompanying bronchitis or pneumonia. It is most severe in children under 5 years. The disease can be conveyed from the earliest stage—the catarrhal symptoms. It is less contagious after the eruption disappears.

Chicken pox appears gradually, first in the form of pimples all over the face, scalp and body. There is irritation of the skin, but little fever. This is, like measles and whooping cough, a very contagious disease.—New Idea Magazine.

To Increase Height.

If you want to increase your height wear—

Long perpendicular lines.

No horizontal effects.

No pronounced plaids.

Cuban heels.

For the street, skirts that just clear the ground.

Trailing skirts for the house.

Plain fabrics or those with fine, inconspicuous pattern.

Narrow shoulders and drooping sleeves.

Long stoles of fur or feathers.

Either a hip jacket or a full-length coat.

Toques rather than big hats.

No deep flounces, no three-quarter coats, no broad shoulder-puffs and no deep pointed girdle.

The Value of Being Sociable.

To simply live alone, with no provision for the gratifications of the social instinct, is apt to prove too severe a strain upon the reserve forces of even the happiest marriage. There is more excuse to be made for the man who seeks society outside the home wherein no thought is given to social pleasure, while the wife is apt to grow petty and personal, and so less attractive as she shuts herself away from intercourse with others. This dropping out is very easy, but even when prosperity comes, and large social functions are possible, it is too late to gain that most valuable possession, friendship, which is entirely independent of financial success. To have and to hold a place in the social life of the world is not only the right but the duty of the young wife who desires to have a home in its truest and best sense.

How to Seal Envelopes.

Many people indulge in the unhealthy habit of applying their tongues to moisten the gum on envelopes, etc. Although one is now getting used to seeing little vessels in the postoffice on which to wet postage stamps, they are not used as much as they ought to be in private households, and an article of this sort should be found on every writing table. An old glass saltcellar, or any small china vessel, even an egg cup, can be used if a small piece of sponge freely saturated with water is slipped into the receptacle. When the sponge becomes impregnated with the gum, take it out and wash thoroughly with warm water and soap, then put it back again soaked with clean water.

FOR EXTREME WEATHER.

1. Smart walking costume, with Russian blouse of caracal, having velvet belt and collar and the split sleeves caught with fancy buttons.
2. White baby lamb coat, with cape, cuffs and facings of the black Persian lamb, trimmed with gold embroidery and ornaments.
3. Figured zibeline coat suit, with cape and cuffs of sable.

Health and Beauty Hints.

Pineapple is good for indigestion, the juice containing a digestive fluid similar to pepsin.

If you wish to preserve your teeth take all medicines containing acids through a glass tube.

Almond oil and lanolin in equal parts rubbed into the eyebrows will stimulate their growth.

For a greasy, oily skin, put some astringent, a little alcohol or toilet vinegar into the wash water.

If the hair is very oily and hard to cleanse, add a tablespoonful of alcohol to a large basin of water.

Warts and corns may be removed by touching them daily with a feather dipped in tincture of iodine.

A towel dipped in hot water, wrung out and applied to the back of the neck will cure the severest of headaches.

One of the best cures for indigestion and biliousness is a series of exercises that bring the abdominal muscles into play.

If the skin is hard, dry, and wrinkled, use almond meal instead of soap; it will not deprive the skin of its natural oil, as many soaps do.

Hair that is thin and dry needs a tonic. A simple and effective one is made of bay rum, 4 ounces; tincture of cantharides, 2 drachms.

If one is not receiving, the proper formula for the servant or whoever opens the door is "Not at home," and does not imply a falsehood as the lady of the house is simply not at home to visitors.

The conduct of a man or woman at the dinner table is a sure proof of their good or bad breeding. The right use of the knife, fork and spoon should be known, the rules are simple and can easily be mastered by any one.

When making an introduction it is well to make some remark that will break the ice and lead to conversation; for instance one may say, "Mrs. Brown, allow me to present Mr. Jones; he has just returned from California, your old home," or any topic of mutual interest may be mentioned.

The servant should always be informed beforehand what he or she is to say to all comers. It is very embarrasing for a caller to be admitted by the servant and afterwards informed that the mistress of the house can not see her; for this reason every caller admitted should be seen if possible.

Girls, Please Don't—

Assume a lofty attitude with the idea that it adds to your influence or standing.

Take on a positive or dogmatic method of making an assertion.

Fall into the way of whining over things which do not just suit you.

Try to be funny at the expense of some one who is unable to strike back.

FOR AFTERNOON WEAR.

1. Brown cloth costume, trimmed with mink fur; skirt trimmed with half-inch twists of fur and ruchings of chiffon velvet.
2. Reception gown of pale blue guipure cloth over deep mauve cloth. Guimpe and stock of mauve chiffon, covered with blue chiffon. Deep heliotrope velvet folds trim the gown, and a hat of heliotrope, with mauve aigrette plumes, tops it.

FASHION NOTES.

A wing sleeve, made of falling lace in two pieces, is much affected.

White felt hats are prettily trimmed with flowers and leaves of gold gauze.

The wrist puff has gone, but a little jabot of lace may hang from the close cuff.

The new spring suits show slight blouse effects with short basques all the way round.

Bolero costumes are still in high favor and the bolero coats are more attractive than ever.

Many an old lace scarf mantilla or shawl serves as smart head drapery for the opera goer.

Some novel wraps for evening wear are made entirely of feathers—ostrich, marabou or cocks' feathers.

Some gowns are made with perfectly tight sleeves, but more modified leg-of-mutton sleeves are shown.

Some of the handsomest white blouses are perforated, button-holed and worn over black silk slips.

In new coats the tendency is toward a rolling collar crossing low on the figure and turning toward the left.

Japanese ideas are charmingly developed in the new evening cloaks, which are all of the kimono type of wrap.

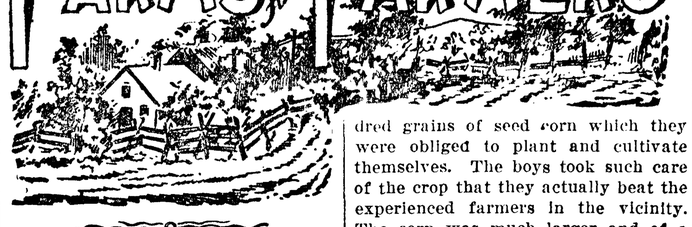
The prettiest wash waistings are mercerized cotton or madras, which show beautiful fleckings of color on white and cream backgrounds.

So-called Englishy coat suits—the sort the sporty country contingent wears over in the land of frogs—are seen. As a rule these coats are more than loose.—Chicago Daily News.

Gloves when fashionable are of the heavy pique sewn, mannish variety. Knitted ones are en evidence. Also seen, alas! are the soiled white gloves that have done duty for dress wear.

The wide girdles have at last brought the expected change, Bodices are long and pointed. The waists are much smaller. The best has been perceptibly raised. This will change the appearance of the figure to a remarkable extent. It is feared that the pointed bodices will tend toward tight dressing.

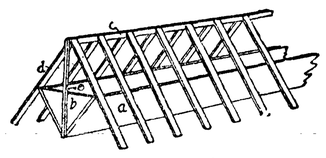
FARMS AND FARMERS



An Effective Trough Guard.

One of the greatest troubles with the hog is that he is so irrepressibly hoggish. When you feed him, he apparently feels it his inherent duty to crowd every other hog as far and forcefully away from the feed as possible. When fed grain on the open floor, he takes it upon himself to cover as much as he can, to keep nosing and pushing his fellows, often to his own loss of food, since more or less is wasted by his rude "table manners." When fed slop in the trough, the biggest hog will invariably work his way through or over the jam, and get his carcass into the trough, where he complacently stands lengthwise, and if not satisfied with that, lays himself down, gulping in his own and the smaller ones' share until too full even to grunt, when he will stretch out for a snooze if the trough is big enough.

To avoid the waste of feed, and to give all an equal chance to secure



A GOOD TROUGH GUARD.

their share, I have a number of schemes and devices, but I consider the one shown in the illustration to be as good as, if not better than, any. Then, too, it is so simple that any farmer with a hammer and saw, and such loose pieces as may be found in almost any scrap pile, can build a substantial affair that will suit.

The first requisite is a good-sized, well-constructed trough, built preferably in V-shape, as shown by "a." The width of the side boards will depend upon the size of the hogs to be fed. A small trough, with six-inch side boards, may be used for the wee pigs, and twelve or sixteen-inch stuff for the large shotes and breeding sows. The size of pieces "c" and "d" should depend upon the weight of the animals and the strain likely to come on the frame. For hogs of ordinary weight a piece two by four inches should be used for the ridge-pole, "c," and pieces one by three or two by two inches for the guard bars, "d." These should be securely nailed to the side of the trough, and if a permanent trough in the hog house, spiked to the floor to prevent breaking off. The upright, "e," firmly spiked to "b," should be amply stout to secure endwise rigidity.

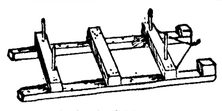
For delivering slop to the trough, a spout or small trough should be arranged to enter at the end of the feed trough. With this arrangement, when the distance between the bars has been properly adjusted to the size of the animal, only one can get to the trough between each space, and all sidewise crowding is effectually prevented.—Exchange.

Barley as Feed for Horses.

Except on the Pacific coast barley is not extensively used as a feed in the United States, doubtless owing to the fact that it is in such demand for brewing purposes that it is high in price. Wherever it is grown, however, it is frequently possible to secure at a low cost grain which is off color owing to rain or fog during harvest and which for this or some other reason is unfit for brewing, but valuable as feed. The barley grown on the Pacific coast is extensively used in the feeding of horses. Its use for this purpose is old in other countries. The Arabs fed their horses unground barley, and it is used successfully by the Berbers of north Africa. In Europe its value is generally recognized. Barley may be fed whole to horses having good teeth and not required to do severe work. Since ground barley, like wheat, forms a pasty mass when mixed with saliva, it is regarded as more satisfactory to crush than to grind it if for any reason it is considered undesirable to feed the grain whole.

A Cheap Wood Sled.

My wood sled gave out early in the winter and I made a good substitute of some 2-inch plank. The runners



WOOD SLED.

are 8 feet long and 2x6 inches square. They are held with four braces of the same material, 4 feet long and fastened with spikes and bolts. Stakes are set in the front and rear cross pieces and a draw chain hitched to the front cross piece. The runners go flat side down and the ends are rounded to prevent catching on the ice. The sled can be used with the body or box of a wagon. It is a good sled for heavy work and short hauls. For long hauls, the runners should be shod.—I. A. Fiske, in Farm and Home.

A Corn School.

The corn school of Indiana is an interesting development in the line of farm education. It is organized in Hamilton County and comprises seventy-five boys all under sixteen years of age. Each boy received four hundred grains of seed corn which they were obliged to plant and cultivate themselves. The boys took such care of the crop that they actually beat the experienced farmers in the vicinity. The corn was much larger and of a better quality than ordinary field corn, although the seed was the same. Prizes were awarded to the boys for the best display.

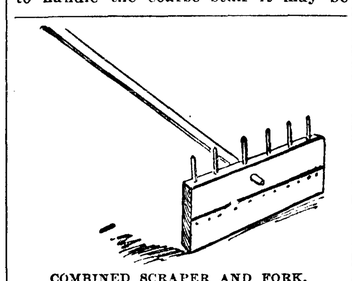
Deep or Light Plowing.

The whole matter resolves itself into a question of soil and climate. If a soil is thin, then it is manifest that it would be very foolish to dip the plow into the raw subsoil and bring it to the top, though perhaps subsoiling would improve matters by helping the draining and allowing the roots to penetrate downward more easily. Again, in the matter of climate; in a dry district shallow plowing nearly always gives the best results—with a grain crop, at least. Often the best wheat has been grown where the surface was disked to clean off the rubbish, and the seed drilled in down to the hard, unmoved soil. The reason of this is that in a dry district the plant has to depend largely on the ground moisture, which rises by capillary action much better through firm soil than through loose plowed land. Where bare fallowing is practiced on stiff clays, then the shallow system is the best, for it means ever so much less soil to move per acre where there are repeated plowings, cultivations, etc., to be done. On the whole, probably shallow plowing, combined with an occasional stirring of the subsoil with a subsoiler attached to the plow, is the best.

Stable Scraper and Fork.

Most of the labor-saving tools about farm buildings could be readily fashioned at home if one is handy with tools and has the inclination to put ideas into effect. One of the best of the simple tools for the barn is the combination fork and scraper made in the following manner: Select an inch board five inches wide and seven or eight inches longer than the width of the fork used in the stable.

Bevel the lower edge of the board for the scraper, then bore holes near the lower edge, one for each tine of the fork, so that after using the fork to handle the coarse stuff it may be



COMBINED SCRAPER AND FORK.

inserted into the holes in the board and the combination used as a scraper. The artist has added another to the combination, a rake, which is made by driving wire spikes into the top edge of the board and filing off the heads. This can be done or not as one wishes, but combined fork and scraper is certainly a most useful tool.—Indianapolis News.

Notes About Farm Work.

There are 644,000 farmers in Texas, the largest number of all the States in the Union. Georgia comes next with 522,000.

The animal heat must be provided by feeding the stock liberally, but the greater the exposure, the greater the loss of animal heat.

In the new farm mechanics department of the Iowa college, 125 young men are learning how to build, manage and take care of farm machinery.

Tennessee farmers want the State to appropriate $5,000 to develop the live stock investigations now in progress, and to extend experiments in breeding and feeding.

Some Western men claim to have obtained good results from feeding the common desert cactus to cattle. They say when chopped up and boiled, or soaked in water, the sharp and dangerous points become soft. The department of agriculture is investigating the matter.

About the Horse.

Draft horses are in demand far exceeding the supply.

Onion juice is recommended as a cure for warts on horses.

When horses are to be fattened something depends upon the breed. A changed bill of fare will help to hasten the matter.

A horse has no reasoning power. The answers of the brightest of them are dictated by some sign from the master or trainer.

It is wonderful what fancy prices rich men are willing to pay for horses that please their fancy. The highest prices are paid for race stock, with the hope that it will be won back either by the horse itself or by its offspring.—Texas Farmer.

Live Stock in the Far North.

Stock raising is being successfully carried on in southern Alaska, especially on one or two of the Aleutian Islands. On Kadiak a Seattle company has established a cattle ranch and a sheep ranch. No shelter is provided for the animals in winter, but they endure the cold season much better than the herds and flocks of Montana and the Dakotas. The company has about ten thousand sheep and several hundred cattle on the island.

Ayer's

Feed your hair; nourish it; give it something to live on. Then it will stop falling, and will grow long and heavy. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the only

Hair Vigor

hair food you can buy. For 60 years it has been doing just what we claim it will do. It will not disappoint you.

"My hair used to be very short. But after using Ayer's Hair Vigor a short time it began to grow, and now it is fourteen inches long. This seems a splendid result to me after being almost without any hair."
MRS. J. H. FIFER, Colorado Springs, Colo.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for **Short Hair**

PORT ARTHUR'S NEW COMMANDER.

Port Arthur had only fallen two days before Japan had appointed a commander for the fortress—namely, Vice-Admiral Shibayama, a portrait of whom appears above. Before his new appointment he was chief of the Kure naval station.

Pupils Are Murdered.

The Berlin newspapers are publishing a call for an "association of parents to stop the felonious assaults by teachers on little children." The Prussian law gives the teacher the right to punish a child, male or female, and if he kills a pupil he gets the benefit of the doubt.

Carl Wolfram, a teacher in Huttung, struck a crippled child 69 times with a ruler. Then he jumped upon the poor victim and threw him to the ground, striking him with his fist, crying all the time: "Confounded cripple, I am going to make you cold."

Though these awful circumstances were fully authenticated and though the boy died two days later, the judge fined Wolfram only $50 and did not take away his certificate as a teacher.

Cause and Effect.

The master of a board school has received a pleading letter from the mother of one of the scholars, begging him not to have her boy taught swimming, as "I should not like him to be drowned."

Closer Classification Needed.

Knippe—What kind of a doctor is Johnson?

Tucque—He's a skin doctor.

Knippe—You don't understand. I mean what is his specialty?—Syracuse (N. Y.) Herald.

The more important a man acts over a secret, the smaller the secret.

A BAD DISORDER

In the fall of 1895 I contracted that fearful disease, Blood Poison. It gained such headway that I was forced to resign my position and seek relief at Hot Springs. After spending all the means I had I went to Memphis. In less than three weeks I was in a hospital, and after nine weeks of suffering I was discharged as cured. In less than a month every bone in my body seemed to be affected and felt as if they would break at the least exertion. Again I was compelled to resign, and I returned to the hospital for a seven weeks stay. When I came out I was advised to try farming. When I first went on the farm I prevailed on the only firm who handled drugs to get me one dozen bottles of S. S. S. At that time both of my hands were broken out with blisters and I was covered with boils and sores. In the meantime my druggist had gotten two dozen bottles of S. S. S. for me and I began its use, and after taking the thirteenth bottle not a sore or boil was visible. R. B. POWELL. East 9th St., Little Rock, Ark.

Of all human diseases, Contagious Blood Poison is the most hideous and hateful. The victim is tortured with eating ulcers, sores and abscesses, unsightly blotches, eruptions and other symptoms of the miserable disease. S. S. S. has been used successfully for nearly fifty years for Contagious Blood Poison. It contains no mercury, potash or other mineral. Our home treatment book gives all the symptoms of this disease. Medical advice free.

SSS

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Catarrh

Invites Consumption

It weakens the delicate lung tissues, deranges the digestive organs, and breaks down the general health.

It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, and affects the voice.

Being a constitutional disease it requires a constitutional remedy.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Radically and permanently cures catarrh of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, and more delicate organs.

Read the testimonials.

No substitute for Hood's acts like Hood's. Be sure to get Hood's.

"I was troubled with catarrh 20 years. Seeing statements of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla resolved to try it. Four bottles entirely cured me." WILLIAM SHERMAN, 1030 6th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

WANTED—50 farms immediately. 50 customers from the East have arrived and are ready to buy farms. What have you for sale.

O. W. BROWN,
415 Pacific Block, Seattle, Wash.

F. H. Trimble, a student at Morningside college, Sioux City, has sailed for China, where he will teach Chinese boys American handicraft. Mr. Trimble's work is to be entirely new in the missionary field in China. He will introduce and take charge of an industrial department at the Boys' Theological school at Hing-Wa. The main lines of work will be cotton-weaving and the manufacture of rattan furniture. At the start employment will be given to fifty Chinese boys who will work their way through school. After the industrial work is well under way at Hing-Wa it is to be extended to many other schools in that part of the empire.

F. H. TRIMBLE.

-:—:-

The Rev. Elis Jaffe of Pretoria, South Africa, is officiating at a Jewish synagogue in Baltimore at present, and may become permanent cantor of the congregation.

-:—:-

Professor Charles P. Neill, who has been appointed Commissioner of Labor by President Roosevelt, to succeed Carroll D. Wright, has been a resident of the capital for many years, and is popular on account of his identification with charity work. Since a short time after the founding of the Catholic University he has occupied the chair of social and political economy in that institution. Professor Neill gained wide distinction as assistant recorder to the commission that arbitrated the differences between the anthracite coal operators and the striking miners.

CHARLES P. NEILL.

CROUP THE MIDNIGHT TERROR.

What mother has not been frightened by that hard and characteristic cough that calls for prompt relief?

MELOLINE THE BABY'S FRIEND

One dose relieves instantly. Pleasant to take as candy. Saves lives.

For sale by your druggists.

STEWART & HOLMES DRUG CO.,
DISTRIBUTORS,
SEATTLE, - - WASH.

MAXIM GORKY, RUSSIAN NOVELIST AND REVOLUTIONIST.

Maxim Gorky, a leading novelist of Russia, is one of the agitators who have incited the people to rise against the government.

Next to Tolstoi, Russian officialdom regards Gorky as the most dangerous man in Russia, for his vivid pictures of Russian poverty and Muscovite misery have given to hundreds of thousands of Europeans and Americans a conception of the Czar's country which they never had before. Gorky, through his realistic books, containing terribly truthful pen pictures of Russian life, has become the most formidable contemporary opponent of Russian tyranny and misgovernment. The rulers of Russia would like to banish him to Siberia if they dared, but, like Tolstoi, Gorky has become too great a man to be molested without exciting the lively indignation of the entire civilized world. Most of his books are prohibited in Russia, but millions of copies are smuggled into the country from abroad and read with double pleasure on account of their prohibition.

Gorky is still a young man, and has every prospect of rising to the loftiest heights of literature if his revolutionary ideas do not send him to the gallows or to Siberia.

MAXIM GORKY.

Just before his arrest in connection with the recent uprising Gorky wrote as follows:

The bloody dawn of the day of freedom will be followed by more slaughter, but in the end the people will triumph.

The people carried their faith in the "Little Father" up to the Neva gate.

In one volley the soldiers of the Czar destroyed the power of his name.

Every widow and every orphan that was made has a voice that will pronounce the end of absolutism in Russia.

Instead of suppressing by terror they have aroused a spirit that will never die until the old order of things is forever buried.

January 22 will be a date in the history of the world's progress that will never be forgotten.

Iron as Food for Hens.

An Italian authority finds that when hens are fed on food containing a large percentage of iron the eggs also reveal the presence of iron in the very digestible form of albuminate. Such eggs exert a tonic effect on persons who eat them. The case illustrates the fact that all eggs are not alike by any means, and that, according to the food fed, they may vary greatly in dietic value and effect.

Plant Industry Busy.

Since the bureau of plant industry was organized three years ago it has been necessary to increase its force nearly 50 per cent, and it now employs 500 workers, 60 per cent of whom are engaged in scientific investigation, and its application to the farm, the orchard, and the garden.

Living in Crowded Quarters.

Hicks—I dropped around to see the Fitz Klosses in their new flat last night, but I couldn't get in.

Wicks—Not at home, eh?

Hicks—Yes, they were all at home; that was the trouble.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Corn Puffs.

To the contents of one can of corn, add separately the beaten yolks and whites of four eggs and mix gently; add a little salt and cayenne pepper and just enough flour to mix well. Drop in spoonfuls into a buttered frying pan and fry. Serve very hot.

Squash Pie.

One and one-half cupfuls of squash, two cupfuls of boiled milk, with butter the size of a walnut melted in it, four eggs beaten slightly, one cupful of sugar, one-half teasponoful of extract of almond. This makes two pies baked on deep plates.

For coughs and colds there is no better medicine than Piso's Cure for Consumption. Price 25 cents.

Geronimo, the noted Apache chief, has learned to read, and can write his name. He is exceedingly proud of his accomplishments.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

John L. Griffiths, to whose care the late President Harrison left his private papers, has discovered among the latter an intimate history of the general's administration, written by himself.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa

John and Maurice Reil, brothers, work a farm together near Waterbury, Conn., but have not spoken to each other in ten years.

FEMALE DISEASES
and disorders of every nature successfully treated. Also secluded home for ladies before and during confinement. Consult lady physician, free, in person or by mail. Confidential. Paris-New York Medical Institute. Office, D. Estabrook Bldg., 1313½ Second Av., Corner Union. P. O. Box 816, Seattle, Wash.

William Cornell Greene is not only the "copper king" of Mexico, but owns several million acres of land in that country and Arizona as well.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslows's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Prof. William P. Trent has finished a volume furnishing a select anthology of the writings of southern authors from earliest times to the present.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

In every sensational court trial you will hear that "most of the spectators are women."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

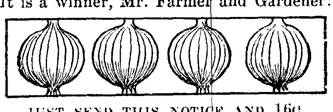
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Dr. Charles A. Eastman, the educated Sioux who married Elaine Goodale, known as a poetess, has finished a series of animal stories.

Earliest Green Onions.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., always have something new, something valuable. This year they offer among their new money making vegetables, an Earliest Green Eating Onion. It is a winner, Mr. Farmer and Gardener!



JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 16c.

and they will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
2,000 rich, juicy Turnips,
2,000 blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

In all over 10,000 plants—this great offer is made to get you to test their warranted vegetable seeds and

ALL FOR BUT 16c POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 26c in postage, they will add to the above a big package of Salzer's Fourth of July Sweet Corn—the earliest on earth—10 days earlier than Cory, Peep o' Day, First of All, etc. [P.C.L.]

Editorial Sarcasm.

It is said that a country editor received this question from one of his readers: "What is the matter with my hens? Every morning I find one of them laid out stiff and cold on the henhouse floor." Next day this answer duly appeared in the correspondence column: "Your fowls are suffering from death. It is an old complaint. The only treatment that we can prescribe is burial."

A Soft Answer.

"Ah, well," said a sour-natured spinster to the wife of the only man who had ever wooed her, and whom she had thrown over, "your husband only proposed to you out of revenge because I rejected him!"

"Quite so!" the other retorted. "But he always says revenge has proved so sweet that he can never feel anything but gratitude to you!"

The Coarse Critic.

"Scripps says he always does his best writing on an empty stomach."

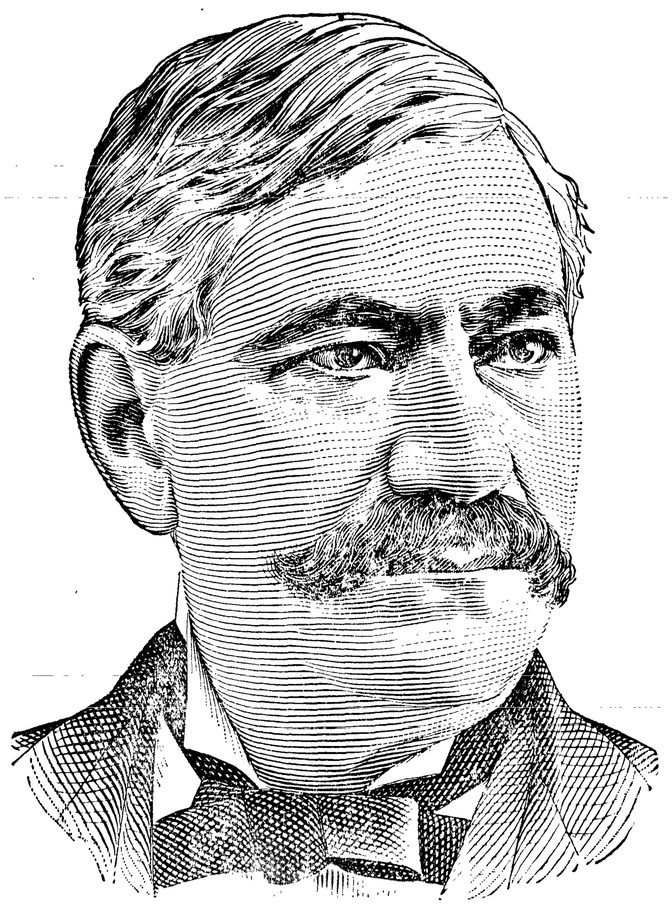
"H'm," answered the coarse critic. "It reads more like an empty head."—Washington Star.

The Alternatives.

The son of a multi-millionaire, so it is said, is trying to solve the question whether he shall go into business and live up to his father's reputation or go into society and live it down.

HAD CATARRH THIRTY YEARS

Congressman Gives Praise to Pe-ru-na for His Recovery.



EX-CONGRESSMAN MEEKISON, OF OHIO

Hon. David Meekison, Napoleon, Ohio, ex-member of Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth Congresses, writes:

"I have used several bottles of Peruna and I feel greatly benefitted thereby from my catarrh of the head. I feel encouraged to believe that if I use it a short time longer I will be fully able to eradicate the disease of thirty years' standing."

Hon. David Meekison began his political career by serving four consecutive terms as Mayor of the town in which he lives.

He was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress by a very large majority, and is the acknowledged leader of his party in his section of the state.

Only one flaw marred the otherwise complete success of this rising statesman.

Catarrh with its insidious approach and tenacious grasp, was his only unconquered foe.

For thirty years he waged unsuccessful warfare against this personal enemy.

At last Peruna came to the rescue, and he dictated the above letter to Dr. Hartman as the result.

Hon. Samuel H. Mitchell, 1 Baldwin Place, Brighton, Mass., member of Council and House of Representatives for Ward 25, Boston, writes:

"I have never before found a medicine which would break up a cold so readily as Peruna, and it is also effective in curing catarrh.

"I began using Peruna and in a few weeks the catarrh had vanished."

Neglected Colds Lead to Catarrh--Neglected Catarrh Becomes Chronic.

The fact that catarrh will continue to afflict one person for thirty years shows how chronic the disease really is.

When catarrh has once fastened itself upon the human system, it shows a disposition to remain.

Catarrh is not self-curative nor self-eliminative. It continues as long as it is allowed to remain.

Catarrh is naturally a chronic disease and continues to grow worse, not better.

For thirty years Cong. Meekison had catarrh, and yet he experienced a cure by the use of Peruna.

Surely, if Peruna will cure a case of catarrh that has run thirty years, it will cure more recent cases.

There are probably ten million of uncured cases of catarrh in the United States alone.

What a multitude of victims this is! What an ocean of discouragement and unhappiness! What a Niagara of anguish and suffering!

In all probability Peruna would quickly cure every one of these cases. Taken according to the directions, Peruna rarely fails to cure any case of chronic catarrh.

Indeed, if it ever fails, it is because of some complication entirely one side from catarrh.

Troubled With Catarrh a Lifetime—Cured by Pe-ru-na.

Mrs. William Mann, 505 Comley Ave., Niles, Mich., writes:

"After having been troubled with catarrh all my life, Peruna cured me.

"I was so bad that I had lost the sense of smell when I was about fifteen years old. My head and nose were continually filled so that I had to breathe through my mouth.

"There was a constant dropping in my throat. My general health was miserable. I felt tired all the time.

"About two years ago I began to take Peruna and I feel like a different person. Now I can breathe through my nose without any trouble, and the soreness in my throat is all gone.

"Peruna has done so many wonders for me that I gave it to my little daughter who had bronchitis and it helped her. I cannot praise Peruna enough for what it has done for me."

Used Pe-ru-na as a Catarrhal Tonic.

Hon. W. E. Andrews, ex-congressman from Nebraska, writes from the Treasury department, Washington, D. C., as follows:

"I can cheerfully recommend your preparation, Peruna, as a healthful tonic, and a successful remedy for catarrh in its various forms."

We have on file thousands of testimonials like those given above. We can give our readers only a slight glimpse of the vast array of unsolicited endorsements Dr. Hartman is constantly receiving for Peruna.

The future influence of the American woman at home and abroad: At home, I hold it can not change. Whatever it has been so far, such it will be in the future. It rests on American imperialism; that is, on the very life principle of the American commonwealth. The American woman can not form that ultimate unit of the state which the French woman has long succeeded in building up, chiefly through her own exertions. The sociological unit in France is the family, as in England it is the individual. In America this unit will, as heretofore, continue to be of a commercial or political character. The woman does not enter into its composition. Hence women in America will be neither the subjects nor the inspiration of great male poets or artists. On the other hand, the coming great American poet or artist will be a woman. Much as prophecies are to be dreaded, I do not hesitate to risk this prediction. It will be poetry of a new flavor. It will cause new shivers of poetic delight. It will be as original in poetry as Chopin was in music. It will be appreciated in Europe more than in America. But the main social institutions of America will suffer no change.

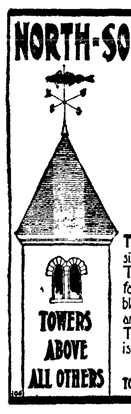
Lastly, the future influence of the American woman abroad is a vanishing quantity. Continental Europe is the very reverse of America, in that it is not, and never will be, imperialized. Continental European women, therefore, being organic parts of their respective countries, firmly control the chief arteries of social life in Europe, and mere lady visitors from America can no more affect continental Europe than can Europeans visiting the Orient alter oriental customs. In England, on the other hand, American women change first themselves, then their English husbands.—Success Magazine.

WANTED SALESMEN to canvass amongst the farmers and dealers selling Fire, Water and Burglar Proof Safes. Prices are within reach of everyone. Good money maker. Have agents now making $10.00 per day. Address

SPECIALTY SELLING CO.
Portland Oregon

PATENTS
BARNES & CO. SEATTLE
STAHR-BOYD BLOCK
SEND FOR BOOK ON PATENTS

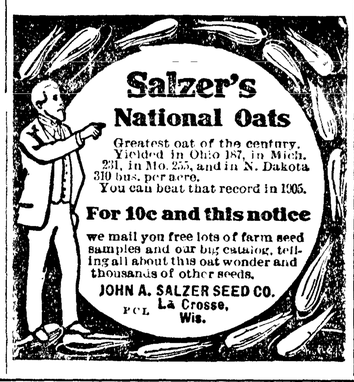
NORTH-SOUTH-EAST-WEST
YOU WILL FIND
TOWER'S
FISH BRAND
WATERPROOF
OILED CLOTHING
EVERYWHERE.

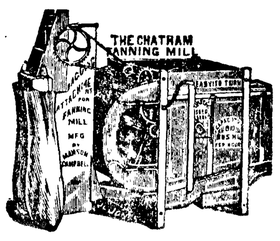


TOWERS ABOVE ALL OTHERS

The best materials, skilled workmen and sixty-seven years experience have made TOWER'S Slickers, Coats and Hats famous the world over. They are made in black or yellow for all kinds of wet work, and every garment bearing the SIGN OF THE FISH is guaranteed to give satisfaction. All reliable dealers sell them.

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., Limited, TORONTO, CAN.





Clean Your Grain
FOR SEED

The CHATHAM FANNING MILL, with Sacking attachment, will clean and grade all kinds of Grain and Seeds. The only machine that has screens and riddles made especially for cleaning grain on the Coast. To convince you that this Grain Cleaner is as represented I will send you one on 30 days' free trial and will pay the freight.

Write me for our Descriptive Catalogue and "on time" proposition—it will interest you.

GEO. W. FOOTT
Dept. 11 Portland, Oregon

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A Marvel of Relief

ST. JACOBS OIL

For Lumbago and Sciatica

GREEN HOUSE BUSINESS.
For Sale—3½ acres, ¼ acre under glass, fine water supply, 10-room house, steady market. A sure income. 2¾ miles from center of Seattle on car line and boulevard. Price $11,500 on easy terms. Mutual Realty Company, 315-6 Pioneer Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

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Pure Fresh Drugs and Medicines are always used in our Prescription Work

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Photo Supplies

SOCIAL, CLUB & LODGE NOTES

MASONIC & EASTERN STAR LODGES OBSERVE WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY

The Masonic Banquet

There was a representative gathering of the members of Port Angeles Lodge, No. 69, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the order of Eastern Star, on Wednesday evening, the 22nd, at Haning Hall, where the assembling members enjoyed music and conversation for a time, and at the Commercial Hotel where the banquet was held, the occasion being the anniversary of Washington's birthday.

Mine Host Grubb had labored most successfully to surround those gathered beneath his roof with everything that would be pleasing to their sight and agreeable to their palates, and the viands he spread before them were of the most pleasing character.

After music by the orchestra, J. C. Hansen, W. M., welcomed the guests, and Rev. W. H. Whelan asked blessings upon the festal board.

The opening address, following the banquet, on "Antiquity of Masonry" was delivered by James Stewart, P. M. This was followed by the toasts, "Spirit of Fraternal Brotherhood" by Rev. Whelan; "Our Sister Lodge, the Eastern Star," by Mrs. E. D. Short; "February 22nd, Masonic Day," by A. A. Richardson, P. M. J. C. Hansen officiated as toastmaster, and the addresses were interspersed with music. George Snyder, Geo. Clementson, D. G. Harvey and A. A. Smith were also called upon for a few remarks, in addition to the set program, after which the banqueters, to the number of a hundred, or thereabouts, joined in singing America.

Adjournment was taken to the hall, at close of the banquet, where cards and dancing prevailed till a late hour.

Entertained at Whist

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Gierin gave the second of a series of delightful parties on Thursday evening. Whist was the amusement furnished the guests and was thoroly enjoyed by all. After the play was over the score was reckoned up and the gentlemen's prize of a beautiful silk flag awarded to Mr. Tom Aldwell and the ladies' prize of a handsome volume to Mrs. Jos. Joyce. Following the whist the hostess served delicious refreshments. Music and conversation, with short talks by different ones, entertained the guests until a late hour. The following were present: Messrs. and Mesdames W. J. Ware, W. J. Mathewson, Fitz-Henry, A. L. Johnson, T. T. Aldwell, Jos. Joyce of Crescent, Dr. and Mrs. Hartt, Judge and Mrs. McClinton, Miss Helen Cook, Messrs. Jack Furgeson and Jno. Trumbull.

Pleasantly Surprised

Mrs. Jennie Owen, who soon leaves for Whatcom, was pleasantly surprised by her sisters of the Maccabee lodge on Monday afternoon. About eighteen of the ladies met at the home of Mrs. Mahaffy and in a body called upon Mrs. Owen, succeeding in giving her a complete surprise. A delightful afternoon was spent in social conversation, contests, etc. The contests consisted in the guessing of noted rivers and noted trees. Mrs. Hopkins was awarded a dainty picture for the first and Mrs. Nailor a china cup and saucer for the second. Mrs. Thomas, in behalf of the ladies of the lodge, presented Mrs. Owens with a souvenir spoon of Port Angeles. A dainty luncheon was then enjoyed and all agreed they had spent a very jolly afternoon.

Entertained for Mr. Wilkenson

Mr. George Wilkenson of New York City spent last Friday and Saturday here visiting with his old friends, Mr. and Mrs. Ovington. On Friday evening a dozen or more friends met at the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. Craig and had a musicale in honor of Mr. Wilkenson. A very delightful evening was spent; Mr. Wilkenson, being a musician, contributed to the program. Those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames Brophy, C. E. Cushing, Oyington, Jno. Trumbull, Dr. and Mrs. Cooke, Mrs. Capt. Soule, Messrs. R. R. Wood and Geo. Wilkenson, Mr. and Mrs. Craig.

Port Angeles Whist Club

The Port Angeles Whist Club met at the residence of Jno. Trumbull last Monday evening. Two tables were in play, Mr. Chenery appearing as substitute for Mr. Ovington. The following scores were made: Appleton and Sawyer vs. Lewis and Mathewson, 102 to 91; Cross and Trumbull vs. Brophy and Chenery, 95 to 92. The play was followed by a series of anecdotes and stories. The Club is certainly indebted to Messrs. Appleton, Cross and Lewis for a most enjoyable evening.

Woman's Literary Club

The Woman's Literary Club met last Friday with Mrs. Shaffer. On account of the absence of many members the program had to be altered. The meeting this week is with Mrs. Fleming on Lincoln Heights.

The Baptist Tea

The Baptist Tea held last Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Gould was a very pleasant affair. The house was decorated and draped in flags in memory of Washington's Birthday and a little souvenir flag was given each one with their luncheon. The next tea will be held a week from next Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Johnson on Pine Hill.

The Parliamentary Club

The Parliamentary Club met last Saturday with Mrs. Wiggins and enjoyed a musicale afternoon. The following program was given:

Recitation,..... Mrs. John Hansen
Piano Solo,.....Mrs. Wiggins
Recitation,.....Mrs. Hickok
Mandolin Solo,.....Mrs. Wiggins
Piano Duet, ...Lorna and Mrs. G. V. Smith
Parliamentary Law,.....The Club

Are Successful Workers

The real helpfulness of the Baptist Ladies' Aid Society is proven in the fact that the society, in its past year of work, contributed $110 to the funds of the local Church and otherwise aided the financial plans. Miss Lizzie Mitchell, who is accountant, received a rising vote of thanks for her unselfish services. The ladies are pleased with the outlook.

Congregational Society Social

The Ladies Aid Society of the Congregational Church will give a social in the church parlors on Friday evening, March 3rd. Preparations are being made for a happy social time. Music and a short literary program will be offered besides some very good things to eat.

The Saturday Club

The Saturday Reading Club met last week with Mrs. Carrigan and enjoyed a profitable afternoon in the study of the provinces of Russia. Light refreshments were served by the hostess, and the club adjourned to meet this week with Mrs. Willson.

Surprise for Mrs. Campbell

Mrs. Jennie Campbell was given a surprise by about eighteen of her neighbors and friends on Tumwater Hill last evening. Games and contests furnished amusement for the guests until a late hour, when the fine lunch the ladies had prepared was brot forth and enjoyed by everyone.

The Ladies Aid of the Methodist Church hold a Mystery Social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Mahaffy this evening.

The Musical Club meet next Monday at Haning Hall, which will be their meeting place hereafter.

Jack Woods returned from the Elk blow-out on Thursday.

Mrs. A. Goldwater was a business visitor to Seattle this week.

The base ball park has been put in shape this week for the coming season.

Happy is the woman who has Leslie free running salt in her household. For sale by all grocers.

Henry Poole, who is now in the livery stable business at East Clallam, has been visiting his long-time friends here this week.

Ask Seevers for a 3lb can of "Schillings" XXX Java and Mocha Coffee for $1.00 and you will hereafter use no other.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Joyce of Port Crescent came up Thursday evening, returning Friday noon. Mr. Joyce is the storekeeper for the P. S. M. & T. Co., at that place.

Mrs. E. E. Day was very fortunate in escaping uninjured from what might easily have been a serious accident Thursday, being thrown from her carriage on Front street hill.

WEDDING BELLS

Prominent Couple of Angeles Young People Happily Married.

On Saturday evening last, at the home of the bride's parents in this city, Nathan M. Hawkins and Christina Jorgensen were united in wedlock, Rev. W. H. Whelan, of the Baptist Church, officiating.

The happy couple were the grateful recipients of many and beautiful gifts from friends, among which were beautiful ivory handled carvers from the fire department and base ball teams; dining table, chairs, etc., from fellow employees at the court house, and many beautiful silver gifts from individual friends.

Mr. Hawkins is a deputy auditor, and will reside with his bride in the new Mitchell building on 7th street, near Cherry.

The juvenile element made noisy merriment, for they are favorites of old and young alike, and all of their scores of friends wished them well.

The Olympic joins them all in wishing the best of health and fortune to both.

Mrs. Hendrickson returned from up sound Tuesday.

Mrs. John W. Troy returned from an up-sound visit Thursday.

Geo. O'Brien stopped off Tuesday, on his way home to Clallam Bay.

Fred Ward, mine host at Dungeness, transacted business here Monday last.

The Times Clothing Mart has a supply of all sizes of electric bulbs for sale.

R. M. Wood, a prominent stock breeder and farmer of Dungeness, was in town Monday.

Messrs. J. A. Woll and Geo. Davis represented the Dungeness Elks at the state convention.

Mr. Price, representing the Seattle Times, has been here this week looking after the circulation.

When once you buy to try,
You'll always try to buy—
Sterling Seeds. For sale by E.E. Seevers.

Sam Maxwell, who is traveling in Old Mexico, writes to Jno. Bell that he is doing a good business in fire extinguishers.

Mr. Cole of the Arcade restaurant had the misfortune to seriously injure his foot Tuesday, while unloading cordwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Fields are entertaining a little man, who seems quite satisfied with their accommodations and thinks he will stay indefinitely; he arrived last Monday.

Are you particular about the bread you offer your family? Are you jealous of your reputation as a housewife? Use "Swing Sifter" flour, $1.30 per sack at Seevers.'

Mr. Ovington returned from Seattle Wednesday whither he had accompanied his guest, Mr. Wilkenson, of New York, who is in the West looking after his interests in an Alaskan railroad.

Superintendent Wood is rushing the wharf and building construction of the Craig Products plant at the head of the bay and already has the work far advanced. The wharf is about half completed, and the buildings make quite a showing.

W. B. Hamblin and wife came down from Seattle Tuesday, to make Port Angeles their home, which was welcome news to their many friends here. Mr. Hamblin, who is an expert accountant, has been engaged by the Craig Fish Products Co.; they will be at home in the Craig house on East Seventh St.

Mrs. W. H. Hamilton was a Seattle visitor this week.

Captain and Mrs. Soule have moved into their new residence.

Dr. Butler returned from a professional visit to Dungeness today.

Leslie Salt is for sale by all first class grocers. Insist upon having it.

C. L. Brant left Tuesday for a month's visit with his daughters at Victoria.

Robert Fairley, shingle manufacturer, was a passenger on the Gertrude today.

Schooner Irwin is expected in at any time now to load shingles at the Morse dock.

E. F. Gierin returned from Bellingham Thursday and went on down to Crescent today.

R. A. Muskett, of the Times Clothing Mart, went up-sound on the Whatcom Saturday.

The high school girls are holding drills in the gym and give promise of excelling the boys.

E. E. Day returned from Seattle today, where he had been representing Naval Lodge at the convention.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McKinley and family, who have lived here the past three years, moved to Seattle Monday.

W. F. Delabarre, after attending the Elks' convention in Seattle, left for Boston to attend to business matters.

The trim little fishing schooner Shamrock has been in the bay this week, her owner thinking perhaps the Craig Co. might want her.

Miss Irene Reid returned from Seattle Tuesday, accompanied Miss Etta McLachlan, who will visit her and other numerous friends here.

Considerable excitement was created at the corner of Front and Laurel streets this afternoon by the overturning of the wagon of Charley Hoopwa, an indian. One of the lines slipped thru his hands and the team cramped the wagon short and overturned it. The family were spilled out in the muddy streets, but beyond the scare and the accumulation of mud no great damage was done.

Long's "Woodlawn" Maple Syrup 40c quart, 75c half gallon, $1.45 gallon. E. E. Seevers.

HOWARD MALONE AT REST

Howard Malone, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Malone, died at their residence on Tumwater Hill, last Friday, February 17th, of cerebal meningitis. The funeral services were held on Sunday, at the Catholic church, Rev. Wolfgang officiating.

Howard was an only child, an exceptionally bright boy eleven years of age, and was loved by all. He was born at Wardner, Shoshone Co., Idaho, July 9th, 1893. Mrs. Malone is a daughter of P. J. McGerty, a pioneer resident of this city, and had come here from Seattle last summer to live, while Mr. Malone was at Nome in connection with the coal mining business. They had continued to live here since Mr. Malone came down for the winter.

The Foresters and other friends in Seattle sent a number of beautiful floral emblems, and, with their numerous friends here extend their sympathy to the bereaved parents.

Mrs. Mathews, the aged mother of Mrs. Martin Ester, on Lincoln Heights, died last Saturday and the funeral was held from the Ester residence last Monday. Rev. Williston of the Methodist church conducted the services.

A CLOSE CALL

In a bad mix-up the syrup pitcher got licked, but Leslie Salt being fresh and a free runner escaped. Ask your grocer for it.

CHURCH SERVICES

Baptist Church Services morning and evening, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., at both of which Rev. W. H. Whelan will preach. All the people are cordially invited to hear this earnest man.

Services at the Peoples Church Hall, corner Front and Francis streets, next Sunday at 11 a. m. J. A. Baldridge, minister. Topic, "Pre-eminence of True Choice." A special invitation is extended to those who have no regular place of worship, and to strangers in our city.

First Church of Christ, Scientist. Services at Science Hall, Second St., Sunday at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Wednesday evening meetings at 7:30. All are welcome.

St. Andrew's Episcopal Church services at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Rev. Jas. Cheal, pastor. All are welcome.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Rev. Horace Williston, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p m. Sunday school 10 a m. Epworth League 6:30 p. m.

Favorite Recipes Used By Port Angeles' Cooks

MRS. D. W. CRAIG'S OYSTER SALAD

Drain the liquor from a quart of fresh oysters. Put them in hot vinegar, enough to cover them, place over the fire; let them remain until PLUMP, but not cooked; then drop them IMMEDIATELY into cold water, drain off, and mix with them two good sized cucumber pickles, cut fine, also a quart of celery cut in dice; some seasoning of salt and pepper. Pour Mayonnaise dressing over and garnish with celery tips and hard boiled eggs.

MRS. SEEVERS' POTATO SALAD

Dressing: One tablespoon of butter, one-half cup of sugar and yolks of two eggs creamed together. Then add slowly one cup of vinegar, also salt, pepper and mustard to taste. Cook in double boiler until it thickens, then remove and add one cup of whipped cream. Have cold potatoes cut into small pieces, also one chopped onion, and pour dressing over just before serving.

MRS. C. E. CUSHING'S FISH SALAD.

One quart of any kind of cold cooked fish, flaked and freed from bones and skin and placed on a bed of lettuce. Pound the yolks of three hard boiled eggs, and three sardines (bones and skin removed) to a smooth paste. Mix this paste with boiled or Mayonnaise dressing and pour it over the fish. Garnish with slices of lemon.

A FRIEND'S CHICKEN SALAD.

Take chicken weighing about three pounds, boil until perfectly tender. When cold, pick meat from bones and pass through meat grinder, together with the white part of four heads of celery and whites of two hard boiled eggs, into which mix the following dressing: Rub yolks of two hard boiled eggs smooth with one teaspoonful each of mustard and salt, two teaspoons of melted butter and three of good vinegar, and, if you like cayenne, add just a little.

CABBAGE SALAD.

Shred and salt cabbage and pour over it this dressing: Four tablespoons of whipped cream either sweet or sour, four tablespoons of sugar and eight of vinegar. This is a very nice dressing to use with crisp lettuce also.

S. G. MORSE
GROCER

The Pioneer Grocery Business of Clallam County.

Carries a Full Line of the Justly Famous Reliance Brand of Canned Fruit and Vegetables, the best that money and Skill can Make.

Our Goods are all of the Freshest and Best, and are Sold at as Low Prices at those made by anyone.

A. D. Willson

17 years practical experience as

Undertaker
.. and ..
Embalmer

First Street, East of Laurel, Port Angeles

Piano Lessons

Latest Methods Taught
Terms Reasonable

Mrs. Geo. Wiggins

The Lincoln Dining Room

Are you hungry?
In a hurry?
We are here to satisfy the most exacting wants in these particulars

Refreshments for Parties Our Specialty

Oysters as you like them. Our lam howder is delicious.
Nicely Furnished Rooms in connection.

L. E. COLE, Proprietor.
Front St., Port Angeles

McKEE & LaFLOWER

Funeral Directors
—AND—
Licensed Embalmers

Telephones—LaFlower, 108; McKee, 105; City Office, 7.
Lady Attendants. C. F. MERRITT, Manager.

FRESH, JUICY MEATS

OUR meats are always fresh. Our steaks and cuts are tender and juicy. We observe rigid cleanliness in preparing meats for use. Pot roasts and boiling meat a specialty.

Peoples' Market
Wolf & Ahlvers
McGill Bld. Proprietors

Mrs. Peter Buchholz Commits Suicide.

A Fairbanks special of the 24th of February to the P.-I., says that neighbors in the vicinity of an old cabin made a sensational discovery today, when they entered the cabin and found the body of Mrs. Peter Buchholz frozen stiff, with evidence to make it a clear case of suicide.

Beside the body was a note explaining her reasons for taking poison. She had been separated from her husband some time. She leaves a little son, Dawson, in charge of Tom O'Brien. Mr. Buchholz, her husband, is now in the Tanana district. He skipped from Dawson last summer leaving debts of several thousand dollars.

Mr. Buchholz was at one time proprietor of the City hotel in this city, he and his estimable wife being very popular, and now has many sympathetic friends here in his hours of misfortune.

A Clever Inventor.

The Seattle Times gives a column article descriptive of Norman R. Smith's reversible rotary engine, with a photographic reproduction thereof. While we don't pretend to understand the details of the new invention, we can appreciate the following paragraph:

"Mr. Smith went at the problem without regard to what other engineers had been doing, and as the result of an accident. One of his engines on the Port Angeles Pacific Railway had broken down badly and he wanted something better, more simple, more effective than the reciprocating engine. He invented this rotary engine because he needed it very badly in his own business. And by all present indications his necessity will result in great benefit to himself and to the world at large."

The Paul Jones made a trial trip from Seattle to Tacoma, last week, in fifty-one minutes. The Flyer, swiftest passenger boat on the sound, requires one hour and forty-five minutes for the same run. The destroyer is now at Port Townsend.

The executive committee of the State Elks Association has decided on a change of date for the 1906 meeting from February to sometime in June in order to give the eastern members a taste of our summer weather.

Not much interest is being manifested in school election tomorrow, it being conceded that Mr. Beam makes one of the best directors ever on the board.

Governor Mead vetoed the capital removal bill, declaring that the measure had not had even common sense consideration.

PRUNING AND SPRAYING,

It is now high time to prune and spray your fruit trees, rose bushes, etc., also for grafting. I can do the work for you in GOOD shape, and charges reasonable. Will refer you, by permission, to Mr. Randall, your tree inspector, as to whether I understand the work or not. Drop me a postal or leave orders at Globe Hotel.

J. G. MADLAND.

A FIGHT

Last Thursday morning the city marshal found a man fighting his salt cellar. His wife bo't a package of Leslie Sterilized Salt—peace prevails.

Wm. Barnett returned today from an upsound business trip.

H. Maurice Fisher and B. F. Gose returned from upsound today.

T. J. Appleton, M. D., returned today from a professional visit to Seattle.

Hon. Alonzo Hunt arrived on Saturday for a visit with old friends.

Arthur Peterson arrived Monfor a visit with his wife and many friends here.

Have you seen those Lysle thread ladies' vests for 15c at the Times Clothing Mart.

George Davis and Ex-Com. Thompson of Dungeness were Angeles visitors this week.

There were seventeen passengers on the Gertrude this morning for down-the-strait points.

Rev. Cheal of St. Andrew's returned from Seattle Thursday, feeling considerably better.

Judge Hatch returned from a courting trip to Island and Jefferson counties on Wednesday.

Mrs. Stewart returned Saturday for a brief respite from her work on behalf of the Maccabees.

Miss Clarissa Waterhouse is the "new hello girl" in the local exchange, starting in with the work this morning.

Mathewson's A 1 Codfish are going fast at Seevers, because they are only 10c per pound and as fine as the finest.

John Dyke, Sr., one of the guardians of Uncle Sam's forest reserve has been visiting his family in this city this week.

The friends of Mrs. J. R. Kennard enjoyed a visit from her today, the first time she has been in town for a number of weeks.

Three immense Dolly Vardens and a fine string of salmon attracted much attention at the Central Market one day this week.

Mrs. S. F. Phelps was in Seattle this week selecting goods from representatives of eastern houses now there; she returned today.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Peterson, on Tuesday, a boy; Mrs. Peterson is visiting in Angeles, a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Barney Marx.

Miss Irene Reid, accompanied by her guest Miss McLachlan, left for Seattle Thursday morning to continue her class in music. Mrs. Reid and family will move there after the close of school. Port Angeles regrets the intended removal of this estimable family and hopes that conditions will be such as to induce them to remain with us.

Private Sale of Household Goods.

At the store on Front St., opposite David Morse's house, on Wednesday and Thursday, Mar. 8th and 9th, from 1 to 5 p.m., consisting of beds, bedding, crockery, lamps, stoves, pictures kitchenware and other articles too numerous to mention. Unusual bargains. S. M. COOKE,

The Socialist Club meets every 1st and 3rd Sunday in the month at Odd Fellows hall at 2 o'clock. All are welcome.

If you buy
Best Ever-Ett

You'll have GOOD bread—no doubt of it. It never fails—there is none better. You can get it only of us.

GRAY & STEWART
TEL. 111.

ALPHABETICAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY

The Leading Professional, Mercantile and Trades People of Port Angeles

PROFESSIONAL.

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Cochran, J. E.
McClinton & McClinton.
Richardson, A. A.
Ritchie, Wm.
Smith, Geo. V.
Stewart, James.
Trumbull & Trumbull.

Dentists.
Mead & Butler.

Physicians.
Appleton, T. J.
McGillivray, D. E.

MERCANTILE.

Abstracts.
Brumfield Abstract Co.
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Banks.
Bank of Clallam County.
Citizens' National Bank.

Bakeries.
Palace Bakery and Candy Manufactory
Poole's Bakery.

Barbers.
Merritt, C. F.
Mitchell, Herman.
Pioneer Barber Shop.

Brewery.
Angeles Brewing and Malting Co.
Angeles Bottling Company.

Clothiers.
Lutz, S. J. & Co.
Times Clothing Mart.

Confectionery and Fruits.
Hart, H. J.
Mason's Palace of Sweets.
Raymond's News Stand.
Warnock Bros.

Cigars and Tobaccos.
Dale, C. S.
Hart, H. J.
Mason, H. O.
Raymond's News Depot.
Shields' Cigar Store.
White's News Stand.

Druggists.
Fisher Pharmacy.
Mathewson's Pharmacy.
Nailor, C. E. & Co.

Electrical Supplies.
Lewis Electric Co.

Fish Markets.
Central Market.
Johnson, Olaf.

Footwear.
Davis, Alf. A.
Lutz, S. J. & Co.
Times Clothing Mart.

Furniture.
Baker's 2nd hand Store.
Gutenberg Bros.
Willson Hardware Co.

Grocers.
Brophy, T. S. & Co.
Gray & Stewart.
Morse, S. G.
Port Ange'es Grocery Co.
Seevers, E. E.

Hardware.
Gutenberg Bros.
Willson, R. D., Hardware Co.

Hotels.
Commercial Hotel.
Globe Hotel.
Merchants' Hotel.
Seattle Hotel.

Jewelry.
Williams, P. J.

Job Printing.
The Olympic Press.

Laundry.
Crystal Steam Laundry.

Livery.
Chambers' Livery and Transfer.
Johnson's Livery and Transfer.
Thompson, C. W.

Lumber.
Filion Lumber & Shingle Co.
Giest & Gose.

Machinists.
Lyster, W. E.
McIvor & Swansen.
Smith, L. H.
McNutt, H. P.

Meat Markets.
Fitzgerald, James.
Port Angeles Meat Co.
Wolf & Ahlvers.

Millinery.
Pacific Store Co.
Phelps Dry Goods Co.

Paints and Paper.
Johnson & Bork.

Photographs.
C. E. Fulmer's Studio.

Real Estate and Insurance.
Aldwell, J. Lloyd.
Aldwell, Thos. V.
Bell Real Estate Co.
Caldwell Real Estate Co.
Cushing, C. E. & Co.
Harding, R. R.
Hawkes, J. P. & Co.
Miller, H. C.
Port Angeles Eastern Real Estate Co.

Restaurants.
Arcade Restaurant.
Lincoln Dining Rooms.
New York Restaurant.

Sash and Door Factory
J. M. Martin & Son

Tailors.
Goldwater, Albert.
Wiggins, Geo.
Zerenner, Adam.

Undertakers.
McKee & LaFlower.
Willson, A. D.

The Seattle Daily & Sunday Times

Occupies Its Own Building
Cor. Union St. and Second Ave.

7 Days a Week—50 Cents Month
By Mail or Carrier

THE TIMES PRINTING COMPANY, publishers of the aforesaid newspapers, are the SOLE OWNERS of the following NEWS FRANCHISES for publication in the City of Seattle:—

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY SERVICE, furnished by leased wire terminating in THE TIMES building.

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THE HEARST SYNDICATE, which is a special service of a unique character both in contents and illustrations.

SPECIAL SERVICE from the National Capital, New York, Chicago, The Twin Cities and the Pacific Northwest, ranging from 1,000 to 6,000 words daily

THE SUNDAY TIMES is admittedly the GRANDEST NEWSPAPER published west of CHICAGO, having no peer on the Pacific Coast. The circulation of THE SUNDAY TIMES has now reached 46,000. THE SUNDAY TIMES runs from 44 to 56 pages every issue.

THE DAILY TIMES, ranging from 14 to 28 pages, now exceeds 37,000 circulation and is the BEST EVENING NEWSPAPER published in the United States, with the exception of the Chicago News.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, issued every Wednesday, consists of 16 pages, and is the greatest Weekly for the money published in this field.

THE SUNDAY TIMES costs $2.25 per annum, or 20 cents a month.

THE DAILY TIMES costs $6 per annum, or 50 cents a month.

THE WEEKLY TIMES costs $1 per annum.

It actually takes 40 per cent of all the white paper consumed by all the daily newspapers published in Washington to publish the various editions of THE TIMES.

If you want the BEST, the LARGEST, and yet the CHEAPEST for actual cash paid, subscribe for one of these editions.

THE TIMES PRINTING COMPANY, Seattle, Wash.

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OF PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE
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Newly Furnished Throughout — Rooms for Commercial Men

MERCHANTS HOTEL
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Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners, Luncheons and Party Suppers.

Port Angeles, Washington

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PORT ANGELES, WASH.
H. E. LUTZ, Pres. and Mgr.
Domestic and Foreign Exchange Issued.

VIEWS OF OLYMPIC MOUNTAIN SCENERY
Also of Timber, Indians, etc. A Beautiful Collection.

PHOTO PINS IN SOLID GOLD
ALL SIZES AND STYLES

AT FULMER'S STUDIO

H. C. MILLER
A Real Estate Agent
Lists Property for Sale or Rent

Johnson & Bork Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wall Paper
Painting and Paper Hanging

THE OLYMPIC

E. B. WEBSTER, Publisher.

Port Angeles, - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week.

Guy Boothby, novelist, is dead.

A quilt said to have been used by Washington will be exhibited at the Portland fair.

Another satellite of Jupiter is reported to have been discovered by the director of Lick observatory.

A phenomenal find of placer gold is reported to have been located in the tundra within a mile of Nome.

The house of representatives has accepted the statues of Huston and Austin, presented by the state of Texas.

American delegates to the consecratioon of the Protestant cathedral in Berlin were guests of Emperor William.

The secretary of war has approved the new telegraph tolls on Alaska land lines. There is no change in cable rates.

A rich ledge of quartz discovered near Fairbanks, has caused a wild stampede. The ground is said to have been all staked.

Manager Ward, of theG reat Northern railroad, and Miss Florence Messonier, of Victoria, B. C., were married at San Francisco Sunday.

Skagway has an alum mine. Great ledges of beautiful white alum stone traverse the walls of the Skagway river canyon. The stone carries 75 per cent alum, it is claimed, and it is there in sufficient quantities to supply the mar ket of the continent, according to mining experts.

A grand jury is to be called at Indianapolis to investigate bribery charges.

About $50,000 worth of jewelry belonging to Mrs. Chadwick has been found.

Col. Charles H. Wood, proprietor of the West Hotel at Minneapolis, is dead, aged 67 years.

The minister of justice has introduced in the Danish rigsdag a bill to establish the whipping post.

The state department has received advices of an attempt to assassinate President Morales, of Santo Domingo. Five arrests have been made.

The Panama canal commission has appointed Consul Gudger, of Panama, as judge of the canal zone, in place of Judge Kyle, who is on indefinite leave.

A movement has been started by the Economic Society of Central Europe having for its purpose a readjustment ef Germany's trade relations with the United States.

Federal Judge Bellinger has removed from office James M. Stuart, United States land commissioner at Fossil, Wheeler county, Oregon, on account of alleged complicity in land frauds.

The United States senate has adopted a resolution reported by Mr. Lodge from the committee on rules, directing the sergeant at arms not to permit flowers to be brought into the senate chamber.

JUDGE SWAYNE ACQUITTED.

Impeachment Proceedings Against Him Fail.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The senate yesterday concluded the impeachment trial of Judge Swayne by acquitting him on all the charges made against him in the articles of impeachment presented by the house, and then passed the naval appropriation bill.

The voting on the Swayne case began at 10:30 o'clock and continued until 11:45. There was no discussion, all the time being consumed in taking the twelve votes necessary to dispose of each of the articles. The highest vote for impeachment was 35 votesand the lowest against was 47. On the two articles charging the use of private railroad cars, only 13 votes were cast for conviction.

HOT SPRINGS DAMAGED.

Fire Loss of a Million Dollars at Health Resort.

Hot Springs, Ark., Feb. 27.—Fire swept the southern portion of this city Saturday, causing losses estimated at from one to two million dollars and three deaths. The fire burned over an area of one square mile. The fire-swept area includes every house on Chapel street, all of Market street from Central avenue west; Orange street to Grand avenue, and a portion of Oak street.

Among the buildings destroyed are the Grand Central hotel, the Lee house, Moody hotel, Plateau hotel, Columbia hotel, the county court house, jail, First Methodist church, the Jewish synagogue and twenty-five residences and stores.

The fire started in the Grand Central hotel, and its origin is uncertain.

Exile Gorky From St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 28.—Maxim Gorky had but a short glimpse of liberty today. Released on $5,000 cash bail, the noted author was immediately arrested again and conveyed to a place of confinement pending deportation to some distanct city or province, where his continued residence, it is thought, will not be so dangerous to the welfare of the government as it would be here in St. Petersburg.

WASHINGTON NEWS

Seattle police are arresting clairvoyants as vagrants.

Hiram S. Stevens, the well known hotel man of Seattle, is dead.

The old Pierce county count house at Tacoma has been sold to J. S. Baker for $45,000.

A Grand Army post has been organized at Orchard, in Clarke county, with a membership of fifteen.

Seattle bowlers were defeated for the Rocky Mountain sweepstakes at the American bowling congress at Milwaukee.

Peaches and pears in the Walla Walla valley are said to have suffered considerable damage from the recent cold weather.

The collector of customs at Port Townsend has been upheld in the matter of assessing tonnage tax on the steamship Minnesota.

A first dividend of 25 per cent in favor of the creditors of the failed Big Bend National bank, of Davenport, on claims amounting to $414,268, has been declared by the comptroller of the currency.

The executive committee of the Washington State Elks' Association has changed the date for the 1906 meeting from February 21 and 22 to some time in June, although the exact two days have not been named.

Lind comes forward with a record of four marriages in three days last week.

High water on Goose creek caused a shutdown of the Wilbur light plant last week.

A receiver has been appointed for the Hotel Columbia property at Vancouver.

The anti-scalping ordinance of the city of Spokane has been declared valid by the superior court of that city.

Miss Helen Stewart Wilson, daughter of ex-Senator Wilson, of Seattle, has been selected by Gov. Mead as sponsor for the new armored cruiser Washington, to be launched at Camden, N. J., March 18.

A large force of men has been put to work on the Yacolt branch of the Northern Pacific ruuning out of Vancouver. Most of the men are Greeks and were recently imported from California, where they were formerly employed on the Southern Pacific.

The Edmunds secession agitation has now been taken into the superior court at Everett. On petition of N. P. N. Otto, of Edmunds, Judge Black has signed an alternative writ of mandamus directing the county commissioners either to call a special election to vote on the secession question, or to appear in court March 11 and show cause why no such action should be taken.

REDUCE FREIGHT ON OIL.

Kansas Maximum Rate Bill Goes Into Effect.

Topeka, Kan., March 2.—The maximum freight rate law recently passed by the legislature went into effect yesterday. In conformance with this law the railroads operating in the oi lfields have completed a new classification of oil rates. If the rate is made in strict accordance with the new law the rate on oil will be reduced in some instances almost half.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT

The following prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seattle, and are subject to change without notice:

Grain—Oats, $26.50@27 per ton; barley, 22.50@23 per ton; wheat, chicken feed, 28 50 per ton; bran, $19; shorts, $20@21; corn, $25.

Hay—Eastern Washington, $16@17½, per ton; Puget sound, $11@12; alfalfa, $10@11.

Eggs—Strictly fresh ranch, 17.

Poultry—Live hens, 12@12½c per lb; old roosters, 10c; ducks, 12@12½; geese, 9c; springs, 13c.

Live Stock—Choice beef cattle, cows, 2½c per lb; steers, 3¼@3½c; sheep, 3½c; hogs, 6@6½c; dressed calves, 7@9c; live, 5@6c.

Hides, Pelts and Wool—Heavy and salted steers, over 60 pounds, 8½c per lb; medium, sound, 8c; light, sound, 8c; cows, sound, all weights, 8c; stags, bulls and oxen, 5½c; salted kips, 8c; calves, 9@10c; culls 1c less than sound; green hides 1c less than salted; dry hides, 11@15c; dry culls, one-third less; sheep pelts, 25c@1.25 each; shearlings, 15@20c each; Eastern Washington wool, 11@16c per lb; Western Washington wool, 19@20c; dirty or timber stained, 16@18c; tallow, 3½@4c; grease, 1½@2c.

Tacoma Quotations

Wheat—Bluestem No 1, 92c; club No. 1, 87c.

Livestock—steers, 4@4½c per lb; cows, 3@3¾c; hogs, 3¼@3¾c; sheep, 5@5¼c.

Poultry — Turkeys, dressed, 22c; chickens, spring, dressed, 16c; ducks, dressed, 15c; geese, dressed, 15c. Live—Hens, 12c; ducks, 12c; geese, 12c½; turkeys, 19c; spring chickens, 14c; squabs, $2.50@3.

Butter—Washington creamery, 32c; ranch, 15@18c.

Eggs—17c.

Oats—$27@29; rolled oats, $29@30.

Hay, Alfalfa, etc—Wheat hay, $13.50@14.50; timothy $17.00@18.50; mixed, $13.50@15; clover, $14.50@15.50; alfalfa, $11.50@12.00; Puget sound $12@14.

Feed—Corn, $25.; wheat, $32; barley, whole grain, $23; rolled, $24.50; bran, $20.50 Shorts, $21@22.

WORK OF CONGRESS

GREAT AMOUNT OF WORK FOR SHORT SESSION.

Over a Hundred Laws Affecting the General Public Have Been Passed—Revision of Philippine Tariff and Other Matters of Importance to Islands.

Washington, March 2.—The legislative activity of the Fifty-eighth congress during its short session just closing can be estimated by the fact that more than 100 laws affecting the general public have been enacted, and more than 1,000 private acts passed. The private acts passed consist largely of pensions granted, while a few relief measures and removal of charges of desertion make up the remainder.

The regular appropriation bills are all progressing to completion and some of them have already received the signature of President Roosevelt.

The senate has amended and ratified arbitration treaties with seven European powers and sixteen American republics. It has also set as a court martial and acquitted Charles Swayne, judge of the district court for the Northern district of Florida, on articles of impeachment voted by the house.

In joint session of the two houses the electoral vote for president and vice president was canvassed, and the official announcement made of the election of Roosevelt and Fairbanks.

A revision of the Philippine tariff has progresed almost to completion without indication of defeat, and an act has been signed intended to develop the resourses of those islands by guaranteeing interest on capital invested in railroad building and authorizing the issuance of bonds for municipal improvements, schools and roads.

Laws for Alaska.

The laws for Alaska have been codified, an additional district judge authorized and the revenue from the liquor traffic of the territory diverted to the support of schools, the building of roads and the care of the insane.

Legislation for the government of the Panama canal zone and regulations for the construction of the canal have been passed by both houses, but some dieffiulties remain to be adjusted in conference.

Two new battleships were provided for in the naval appropriation bill.

The trade mark laws have been revised and an international copyright act passed.

Jurisdiction of the forest reserves has been transferred from the interior to the agricultural department. Authority to make arrests in forest reserves has been granted employes as a measure of further protection.

President Roosevelt has been authorized to set apart a portion of the Wichita forest reserve as a breeding place for game anmials and birds.

By resolution of the house the department of commerce and labor has begun an investigation of the oil trust.

Obscene matter has been prohibited import and transit as interstate commerce.

As a further aid in the enforcement of the immigration laws, foreign ships entering the United States ports are required to furnish complete passenger lists.

Confederate Flags.

Captured Confederate flags in possession of the war department were ordered returned to the proper regiments carrying the colors.

The American National Red Cross Society was incorporatde, as was the trustees of the Grand Encampment of Knights Templar of the United States.

Statehood bills have passed both houses and are in conference.

The foundation for railroad legislation has been laid by the passage of a bill through the house after hearings, and the beginning of an inquiry by the senate that is to be conducted during the recess.

A halt has been called in the extravagance with which public documents have been printed.

The president has been authorized to grant medals for heroism in the saving of life in train wrecks.

The extradition laws of the United States were extended to the Philippines.

The state of Arkansas was ceded a strip of land from the Indian territory. A portion of the Round Valley Indian reservation in California was opened to settlement. Settlers in the Rosebud reservation were given additional time to establish citizenship.

The unallotted lands of the Yakima reservation in Washington were ordered disposed of.

UNITE AGAINST STANDARD OIL.

Independent Oil Producers and Refiners Form Association.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Independent crude oil producers and refiners from Kansas, Illinois and Indiana have joined in the formation here of an organization of defense against the Standard Oil Company. The new organization is to be known as the National Crude Oil Producers' Association. Headquarters will be in Chicago. One of the chief objects of the organiaztion is to prevent discrimination in freight rates.

Will Return Battle Flags.

Washington, March 1.—The president has signed the joint resolution providing for the return of battle flags captured during the civil war.

THE OREGON ON FIRE.

Well Known Ship Meets Disaster on 'Frisco Run.

Crescent City, Cal., March 1.—The steamer Oregon, with a burning cargo, left here yesterday for Eureka, where she will be beached. The Oregon was accompanied from Crescent City by the steamer Del Norte, and will make every effort to reach Eureka.

Fire broke out in the cargo of the Oregon Monday evening, when the ship was northeast of Crescent City on her voyage from San Francisco to Portland. There were 56 passengers on board, besides the crew.

The first thing considered by Capt. Warner was the comfort as well as the safety of his passengers. and all of them were at once transferred to the Meteor. The Oregon was then turned back in her course and headed for Crescent city, where it was determined to beach her in the event of extreme necessity. Nearing Crescent City, the steamer Del Norte was attracted by signals of distress that were still flying. The Del Norte was at once headed toward the Oregon, and within a few minutes the passengers made another transfer, this time to the Del Norte.

Shortly after this the burning steamer and the Del Norte shot out of Crescent City harbor, Capt. Warner believing he could make Eureka in time to beach his vessel. Smoke was coming out of the Oregon in clouds, however, and it was deemed very doubtful by those who saw her that she would ever reach the more southerly port. Capt. Warner and his crew were fighting the flames in heroic fashion.

Oregon Reached Eureka.

Eureka, Cal., March 2.—The steamer Oregon, which took fire up the coast off Crescent City night before last, lies beached on Mud Flats just below the plant of the Bendixen Ship Company, with smoke pouring from the after skylight. The crew of the vessle are working hard to quench the flames between decks. The vessel is being gradually filled with water in the hope that the fire which has smouldered along over sixty hours can be subdued in this manner.

MRS. STANFORD DEAD.

Noted California Woman Expires Under Suspicious Circumstances.

Honolulu, March 2.—Mrs. Jane Lathrop Stanford, of San Francisco, widow of United States Senator Leland Stanford, died at the Mauna hotel here about Midnight Tuesday night, forty minutes after she wsa taken ill, under circumstances which are considered suspicious.

Mrs. Stanford herself claimed she had been poisoned. A coroner's jury has been summoned. According to the physician who performed the autopsy the cause of death was tetanus of the respiratory organs, but the cause of this condition has not been determined and may not be until after an alysis of the contents of the stomach.

POLICE PROTECTION.

Jerome Says Gotham Detectives and Pickpockets Work Together.

New York, Feb. 27.—District Attorney Jerome, speaking before the People's Institute club, said:

"There are some honest men in the police force. But if the people knew the truth about the bulk of the higher peace officials they would take the law in their own hands like the people of Montana and California with their vigilance committees and annihilate them. When you remember that the collection of $5 tribute for each saloon in a precinct would in some of the larger precincts amount to $12,000 a year, you will have some idea of the possibilities.

"More than this, even today there is not a street on which cars run that pickpockets are not operating under a distinct contract with central office detectives. There is a man awaiting sentence in the Tombs and even if he is a thief, I believe him, for I have corroborated much that he told me, and he says that the police demanded 50 per cent as their part of the proceeds."

Mr. Jerome declared that the corruption of the police force was largely due to the existence of a liquor law that was unenforceable, not that the officials were powerless to enforce it if they wanted to do so. Its enforcement, he declared, meant political suicide for the party that attempted it.

"Even Roosevelt," said Mr. Jerome, "with all the directness and force he exercised when he was police commissioner was able to bring to justice only one-fiftieth of one per cent of the violators of the law. The only practical result of the crusade was to put up the charge of blackmail from $5 a week to $10 and $20 in some instances. And what was the moral effect of trying to enforce the law? The turning out of a good administration and nothing more."

HAUL DOWN THE FLAG.

Naval Station at Esquimalt Formally Abandoned.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 28.—The Esquimalt naval station has been formally abandoned by the act of Commodore Goodrich hauling down his flag. The Bonaventure, the only remaining cruiser here has been turned over to Capt. Tourlesse and will leave for the China station. The sloop Shearwater will remain in order to do patrol work in Bering sea.

All the naval departments of the station closed today.

THIRTY-SIX TO FOUR

RAILROAD COMMISSION MEASURE PASSES SENATE.

Three Amendments Made, in Which the House Concurred—Anti-Commission Men Realized Futility of Standing Out Against Combine.

Olympia, March 2.—With only four votes against it the railroad commission bill passed the senate yesterday. Thirty-six votes were cast in favor of the bill. Two senators were absent.

Three amendments were made, and later these were concurred in by the house by a vote of 71 to 10. The bill is being enrolled and as soon as that is done it will be sent to the governor.

When the senate took up its calendar work in the morning, it was found that this bill, which had been No. 17 on the calendar the previous evening, had been crowded down by the "sifting" committee to thirty-first place. Every bill that could be found ready for third reading file had been crowded in ahead of it.

For a time the friends of the bill feared it would be Saturday at the earliest before it could be reached. During the noon recess the commission steering committee polled its strength and found twenty-eight solid votes for passage of the bill. It was decided to suspend the rules by two-thirds vote and force the bill up out of order at the beginning of the afternoon sessiion

Members of the "sifting" committee learned of this intention and hastened to get out from under. Before the commission forces could make a move J. J. Smith, of the "sifting" committee, offered a motion to place the bill at the head of the calendar.

No Debate on Bill.

The bill was taken up and went through without debate, as did also the amendments. It was Tuesday morning when the opposition realized that further fighting was useless. Through Senator Walker Christian the opposition let it be known that it would be satisfied with the bill and drop further active opposition to the measure if the combine would eliminate, or at least mitigate, that section of the bill providing for a penalty to be paid the complaining patron.

The combine was not averse to granting this concession, as it did not consider that it would vitally affect the measure. But the combine demaanded that any suggestion of change in the measure should come from the opposition in the form of a request. This the opposition agreed to and so the amendment became a part of the measure.

The effect of this was only to end aggressive effort to win fresh strength to the opposition. It did not end such opposition as was already aligned, nor did it, of course, call off those few who are individually opposed to any commission bill.

IRRIGATION BILL

Passed by House With Only One Negative Vote.

Olympia, March 1.—The house has passed the irrigation measure which has met with the approval of the United States engineers and the interior department at the national capital. There were 75 votes in favor of the measure and 1 against. Eighteen were absent.

Olympia, March 2.—The senate has passed the hose irrigation bill by a vote of 33 to 0.

In Favor of Roth Land Bills.

Olympia, Feb. 28.—After a somewhat stormy session last night, the house joint committees of granted lands and judiciary voted to recommend for passage the three bills introduced by Representative Roth last week relating to all the state's timber, arid, tide, oyster and other lands. A majority of the committee will submit a report recommending the Roth measure, while the minority will ask that the bills be indefinitely postponed. Members of the committee state that the vote was almost evenly divided, and it is certain that a fight will result when the bills are taken up for consideration by the house.

Divorce Bill Passed.

Olympia, Feb. 27.—Senate bill No. 2, Tucker's divorce bill, was recommended for passage with several amendments. The most important change provides that when divorces are granted, an interlucotory decree shall be signed and that the final decree shall not be made until after one year. The report was adopted.

To Give Physicians Monopoly.

Olympia, Feb. 27.—Dr. Doolittle, of Spokane, has introduced a bill in the legislature making it unlawful foranyone not a physician to attend to scik persons for pay. The violators are subject to imprisionment or fine, or both.

New State Librarian.

Olympia, Feb. 27.—The state library commission has elected Prof. J. M. Hitt, city superintendent of Port Townsend schools, to be state librarian, succeeding Joseph A. Gabel, resigned.

Provides for State Printer.

Olympia, Feb. 25.—The senate has adopted the report of the majority of the committee on state printing, which provides for a state printer.

ERECT BIG BUILDINGS.

Northern Pacific Plans Extensive Improvements at Seattle.

Seattle, Feb. 27.—The Northern Pacific Railway company announces that it will immediately begin the construction of eight six-story buildings, each occupying half a block, all to be erected on the railroad's property holdings in the heart of the wholesale district of this city. The improvements will cost $2,000,000

The company is just completing a large wholesale block from the same plans as will be used in the proposed buildings, and the quickness with which all the space was leased has resulted in the new plans.

Each building will cost about $250,000. Work on two will begin within two weeks and the others will be erected during the coming summer All will be adapted for the wholesale and jobbing business and will replace two-story wooden buildings. Six of the new blocks will occupy land at the foot of Madison, Columbia and Spring streets, adjacent to Railroad avenue, which will give excellent track facilities.

TUNNEL UNDER ALPS.

Big Bore Connecting Switzerland and Italy Completed.

Gondo, Switzerland, Feb. 27.—Piercing of the Simplon tunnel thro' the Alps has been completed. The work was commenced in 1898.

The meeting of the two boring parties—Swiss and Italian—was signaled throughout Switzerland by ringing of church bells and salutes by cannon.

Many unexpected obstales were encountered, the most serious being hot springs which threatened to wreck the whole enterprise, and a temperature which at one time rose to 131 degrees Fahrenheit, making a continuance of the work impossible until the engineers found means of cooling the temperature.

Now that the borers have met, it will enable the water accumulated in the north gallery to be drawn off. The work of preparing the tunnel for a permanent railway will be rushed as rapidly as possible, and it is hoped to inaugurate the tunnel about March 20.

The piercing of the Simplon tunnel is regarded as one of the greatest engineering achievements of the age. Many difficulties were encountered and overcome. The length of the tunnel from Briga, Switzerland, to Iselle, on the Italian side of the mountain, is about twelve miles. Work was begun over seven years ago, and according to contract must be ready for traffic on May 15 next. The Swiss and Italian governments jointly financed the undertaking, share and share alike, at a cost of $15,000,000. As soon as the boring is thoroughly completed and the track laid, a smaller tunnel is to be constructed, parallel to the large one, which will be increased in size so as to permit of traffic both ways at the same time.

BIG WHARVES DESTROYED.

New Orleans Water Front Suffers Heavy Damage.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 27.—Fire involving millions of dollars loss in property and that strike a serious if temporary blow at the immense export trade of New Orleans, swept the river front last night and wiped out the vast freight terminals of the Illinois Central, known as the Stuyvesant docks. Nearly a dozen squares of modern wharves and freight sheds, two magnificent grain elevators, hunderds of loaded grain cars and vast quantities of freight, including 20,000 bales of cotton, were destroyed, together with a large number of small residences. The ocean going shipping seems to have escaped serious damage.

The damage is at this time roughly estimated at $5,000,000.

MILWAUKEE EXTENSIONS.

Believed, Despite Denials, Coast Extension Is Planned.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—A special dispatch from Sioux City, Iowa. says the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad will be ready in a few days to announce plans for a Pacific coast extension from Chamberlain, S. D. President A. J. Earling denied the report last night in Chicago.

A. V. Adams, of Milwaukee, secretary of the railway company, has been in Sioux City a week working on them atter, according to the dispatch. While no nint of the details of the plan is given at this time, the announcement is expected to set aside all doubt as to the intention of the compaany to push on the coast at once.

The surveys from Chamberlain to Seattle are said to have been completed, having been in process of preparation for five years.

SENATORS EXPELLED.

Ousted for Malfeasance in Office at Sacramento.

Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 28.—The galleries and lobbies were crowded yesterday in anticipation of a debate in the senate on the recommendation of the special investigtaion committtee that Senators Emmons, Bunkers, Wright and French be expelled from the senate for receiving bribes The report of the committee was adopted by 35 affirmative votes. The other five votes of the senate were not cast, the four accused senators and Senator Walch not voting.

Must Not Bet.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 1.—The house nhas passed the bill making it a felony to engage in bookmaking or pool selling or to bet on horse races, providing the penalties of six months to five years in addition to fines.

GREAT BATTLE IS ON

FIGHTING IN PROGRESS ALONG THE WHOLE LINE.

Little Definite Advantage Secured by Either Side, According to Reports Up to Tuesday—Rennenkampf's Division Defeated by Kuroki.

Mukden, March 1.—Fighting is in progress along the whole line, the Japanese attacking everywhere. All attacks were beaten back and the Russians made counter attacks at many places. On the right flank the Russians occupied the village of Boatatzi, which is close to Sandapu, and from that position hurled hand grenades across the intervening ravine into the Japanese trenches in Sandapu, causing heavy loss and great disorder.

The Russians have seized the head of the bridge across the Shahke river in the center of the Japanese lines, assisted by artillery firing of particular energy from Putiloff hill and Novgorod hill.

The seizure of the railroad bridge across the Shahke river was the occasion of a sharp combat. The Russians had succeeded in surprising the Japanese bridge guards, and, reinforced, beat off all attempts of the Japanese to regain possession of it.

The Japanese are using heavy artillery in the fight of Putiloff hill. The losses to the defending forces are insignificant. The roar of artillery firing is going on unceasingly from the mountains to the eastward, to the low flats of the Hun river.

The fight seems to be developing in intensity along the whole line. Ten determined attacks opposite Yansingtung and west of Vanupudzi were all repulsed with heavy loss.

The situation on the Russian left flank is unchanged as compared with Monday evening.

KUROKI DEFEATS RENNENKAMPF.

Gen. Kuroki's Headquarters, Feb. 26.—via Fusan, March 1.—The Japanese yesterday achieved a signal victory over the forces commanded by Gen. Rennenkampf. While this victory is important in itself, it is more so because of the strategic advantage gained by the Japanese. The fighting was over a mountainous country between thirty and forty miles east of Yentai, which is about fifteen miles northeast of Liaoyang.

Gen. Kuroki's infantry again displayed remarkable qualities as hill fighters and proved their superiority to the famous cavalry of the Russians.

The Japanese now hold strong lines extending from southwest to northeast and partly eastward of the Taitse river, threatening the Russian left flank.

In the engagement the Russians left 203 dead on the field and lost several machine guns. The casualties are estimated at over 2,000.

Da Pass Taken by Japs.

Russian Headquarters, Huan Mountain, Manchuria, March 1.—The Japanese attack was renewed at dawn Monday along the whole eastern front and Da pass was taken after fighting of the most stubborn character. The capture of this pass opens up the road to Fushan, east of Mukden and Tie pass.

OUT OF INDUSTRIALS.

J. J. Hill to Withdraw From All But Railroads.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern, is about to withdraw from the various industrial enterprises with which he hasbeeni dentified both East and West, according to apparently well founded reports coming from other directors in the concerns interested.

Mr. Hill retired from practically all his bank directorships the first of this year, and while his financial support to those institutions has not been withdrawn he will in future devote himself entirely to his railroad projects. He is officer or director in twenty-eight considerable concersn, and according to the program outlined will gradually surrender these positions. Who will act in his place and as his representa tives has not been definitely decided.

ANOTHER PRINCE SLAIN.

Had Won Hatred Because of Work Against Students.

London, Feb. 27.—The Warsaw correspondent of the Loondon Morning Leader wires that Prince Vasiltchykoff has been muredered.

The prince, who had won for himself great hatred because of his active work against the students and strikers of Warsaw in his capacity of head of the military, wsa labeled No. 2 on the list of assassinations drawn up by the revolutionists, says the correspondent.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 27.—Three strikers at daylight assassinated Kondratovitch, chief of pclice of Baku, as he was passing through the streets. The assassins escaped ina vehicle which was waiting for them.

Will Consider Railroad Rates.

Washington, March 1—Senator Kean has reported from the comimttee on interstate commerce a resolution directing the committee to sit during the recess of congress to consider railroad legislation.

SEA LEVEL GANAL.

Engineering Committee Reports It Practicable.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The first definite enigneering plans for the Panama canal have just been laid before the isthmian canal commission by the engineering committee of that body, consisting of Messrs. Burr, Parsons and Davis. The principal recommendations are summed up in this resolution:

"Resolved, That this committee approve and recommend for adoption by the commission a plan for a sea level canal with a bottom of 150 feet and a minimum depth of water of 35 feet and with two tidal locks at Miraflores, whose usable dimensions shall be 1,000 feet long and 100 feet wide, at a total estimated cost of $230,500,000. Such estimates include allowance for administration, engineering, sanitation and contingencies, amounting to $38,500,000, but without allowance for interest during construction, expense of zone government and collateral costs of water supply, sewers or paving of Panama or Colon, which last items are to be prepaid by the inhabitants of those cities."

The committee estimates that a sea level canal can be completed within ten or twelve years from the present time.

The recommendations are the conclusion of a report to the commission, prepared in the canal zone under date of Feb. 14 last, and based on complete engineering reports on all of the problems involved.

The committee decided that under no circumstances should the surface of the canal be more than 60 feet above the sea, and estimates that at this level the cost would be $178,013,406. A 30-foot level is estimated to cost $194,213,406.

TO DIVIDE THE LAND.

Beginning of a Dangerous Movement Among Russian Moujiks.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 27.—The beginning of a dangerous movement has been observed among among the peasantry of some of the southern provinces, where revolutiionary agitators are circulating reports that the emperor will on March 4 issue a manifesto providing for a general division of lands.

A new allotment has been the dream of the moujiks ever since emancipation, and, according to private reports the stories have spread ilke wildfire and are implicitly believed. In the government of Tula a large proprietor went to his estate last week and found the peasants at work measuring and staking their shares.

"Little Father Has Decided."

In response to his demands for an explanation they told him of the coming manifesto. Refusiug to listen to his declaration that the report was absurd, they would only say:

"We have heard that the little father has decided."

When the proprietor asked what would become of him they replied:

"Oh, we will leave you the buildings and forty acres."

Once the peasantry becomes possessed of the idea that the emperor has willed a division of the land it will be exceedingly difficult to disabuse their minds, and agrarian troubles on a large scale are feared. The moujiks are likely to turn on the proprietors, as they did several years ago in the provinces of Saratoff and Poltava, when anarchy reined for some tmie.

Among the reservists agitators are spreading the story that the war is over. A case is cited which occure d a fortnight ago at Riazan, rwhere 200 eservists who had been called on flatly told the officer that they did not intend to serve.

"The war is over," said the leader; "we know you simply want to make money out of a contract for feeding us. We will not serve." And off they marched.

An instance is also given of reservists who actually left a railway train after they had been started for the front.

Private reports also leave no room for doubt that the strikes in the whole region below Moscow are almost entirely political in character. The situation generally in the south of Russia is becoming worse instead of better, and contains many factors which are causing the authorities the greatest alarm. The possibility of the necessity for the dispatch of additional troops to the Caucasus is already being considered.

Asks Favor for Union.

Walla Walla, Feb. 28.—The Walla Walla laborers union has called upon the city council to enforce the resolution passed last year giving preference in all city work to members of the union, and especially married men. Leading members of the union claim that the resolution has been violated by contractors.

Summon Land Claim Witnesses.

Vancouver, Wash., Feb. 27.—Register H. C. Phillips of the Vancouver land oce, and H. C. Ferguson, special agent of the department, have been summoned to appear before the federal grand jury at Tacoma to be examined in regard to the business of the office and certain land claims.

Ex-Senator Wolcott Dead.

Denver, March 2.—A message announcing the death of former United States Senator Edward O. Wolcott, who has been sojourning in Europe has been received in this city. The cablegram came from Monte Carlo, France, where the senator had gone in hope of relief from influenza in the milder climate of Southern France.

NORTH SEA DECISION

VERDICT FAVORS THE BRITISH CONTENTION.

Commission Finds That There Were No Torpedo Boats in the Vicinity, But That the Admiral Had Reason to Believe He Was About to Be Attacked.

Paris, Feb. 27.—The decision of the international commission of inquiry into the North sea incident was publicly announced at the closing session of the commission. The decision lengthily sets forth the circumstances and incidents and gives the opinions of the admirals on the various important points involved.

The decision says that delay of the Russian transport Kamtchatka, following the breaking down of her machinery, was perhaps the cause of the incident. The commander of the Kamtchatka signaled to Admiral Rojestvensky during the evening that he had been attacked by torpedo boats. The admiral therefore had reason to believe he was attacked and gave orders for strict vigilance against the possible approach of torpedo boats.

The majority of the commission considers that Admiral Rojestvesky's orders were not excessive in time of war, particularly under the circumstances, and that he had every reason to consider the situation very alarming.

"The commission," the decision says, "recognizes unanimously that the fishing fleet committed no hostile act and the majority of the commissioners being of the opinion that there were not, neither among the fishing boats or in their vicinity, any torpedo boats, the opening of fire by Amdiral Rojestvensky was not justified."

The decision says further the Russian commissioner did not share in the latter opinion.

"In any event," the decision continues, "the commissioners are glad to recognize unanimously that Admiral Rojestvensky personally did all he could from the commencement to the end, to prevent the trawlers from being the object of fire by the Russian squadron."

No Blame for Proceeding.

Concerning the squadron's proceeding without assisting the damaged trawlers, the decision says:

"The commissioners are unanimous, under the circumstances, preceding and following the incident. that there was such uncertainty concerning the danger to the squadron to warrant Admiral Rojestvensky in continuing his route. However, the majority regrets that the admiral did not inform the neighboring maritime powers of what had occurred."

The decision concludes as follows:

"The commissioners declare that their views, as formulated, are not of a nature to cast any disrespect upon the military valor nor upon the sentiments of humanity of Admiral Rojestvensky and the personnel of his squadron."

TO DRIVE OUT STANDARD.

Quo Warranto Proceedings to Be Started in Kansas.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 27.—Attorney General Coleman will commence quo warranto proceedings in the supreme court to oust the Standard Oil Company from Kansas.

He hasb een in conference with Gov. Hoch for several days, and that has been the subject of their considera tion.

The ouster writ will be asked on the ground that the Standard Oil Companv is a trust, operationg in Kansas in violation of the anti-trust law. The recent action of the United States court in the Smiley case, upholding the Kansas anti-trust law gives the officials confidence enough to make the move against the Standard.

Chanute, Kan., Feb. 27.—Criminal proceedings against the officers and employes of the Prairie Oil and Gas Company will be started at once. Cases will be brouhgt in every county where the company does business. Conviction will be asked under the provisions of the Farrelly anti-trust law. The Prairie company is a Standard concern, has offices in a nubmer of counties.

New State House for Idaho.

Boise, Idaho, March 1.—The senate has passed the house bill providing for the erection of a new capitol building in Boise. This is regarded as definitely settling the question of location of the state capital. The constitution provides that it shall be located in this city until 1910, when the legislature may submit the question of changing the location to a vote of the people. With the new capitol building erected here at a cost of $350,000, it is not probable an effort will ever be made to make a change.

Generals to Be Retired.

Washington, Macrh 1.—The conferees on the military academy bill have reached an agreement. Generals Peter J. Osterhaus and Joseph R. Hawley will be placed on the retired list as brigadier generals. Provision is made for teaching jiu jitsu.

Minister to Morocco.

Washington, March 1.—The conferees on the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill have reached a final agreement. The house accepted the senate amendment appointing a United States minister at Moroco at a salary of$ 7,500.

VETO BY GOVERNOR

FORECASTED ACTION OF EXECUTIVE IS TAKEN.

Says He Is Not Conviuced That the Bill Was the Result of Calm Meditation or Deliberation of the Members Who Voted for It. Too Much Pressure.

Olympia, Feb. 27.—Governor Mead today vetoed the capital removal bill and at once transmitted his message to the senate where it was read and by a vote of 19 to 19 sustained, a two-thirds vote being necessary to pass the measure over the veto.

In his message Governor Mead accuses the advocates of removal of forcing the bill through by intimidation. He asserts that Tacoma gives only a promise. There is no written agreement or deed. The message concludes with the following statement:

"I am not convinced that the passage of the bill was the result of calm meditation or deliberation of each and all the members who voted for it. From an inception of the consideration of the measure, evidence has been constantly accumulating that the bill was forced through the legislature by a process bordering close to the line of intimidation and coercion.

"Some of the members freely stated that they dared not oppose the measure and expect to receive favorable consideration of certain meritorious bills in which their consttituents were vitally interested.

"The highest and best interests of the government can be best subserved by interposing an executive veto to the measure where there exists in the mind of the executive a doubt as to whether or not the bill, receiving an affirmative vote, was the result of voluntary deliberation on the part of the lawmakers, although it is a question to be referred to the electors for decision.

"The people at all times are entitled to express a candid, voluntary and honest judgment upon all public questions and the selection of public servants. I ask that the legislature be accorded at all times the same privilege and prerogative."

As soon as the message was read Senator Baker submitted a concurrent resolution to put the capital removal bill to the people to vote on. The mo tion was carried. The resolution is now on the caledar. It will be voted on next Wednesday. It does not require a two-thirds vote and the governor has not the right of veto. If the senate and house pass the resolution the question will go to the people.

MOVE SUPREME COURT.

Senate Judiciary Committee Has Bill to Move If to Tacoma.

Olympia, Feb. 25.—A bill providing that the supreme court sessions shall hereafter be held at Tacoma has been framed by the senate judiciary committee and will be introduced as a committee bill Monday and go on general file. The bill follows:

Section 1. The sessions of the supreme court shall hereafter be held in the city of Tacoma, county of Pierce, where the business of said court shall be transacted, the files and records of the court kept and the library of said court located and maintained.

Sec. 2. The board of county commissioners of Pierce county are hereby authorized to offer to the state suitable quarters for the offices of the supreme court and for the court rooms, consultation rooms, chambers of the judges and library of said court. Such offer shall be made by a resolution of the board and when accepted shall be a binding contract on the part of said county to provide such quarters free of expense to the state until such time as the county shall be relieved of such obligation by the state.

Sec. 3. The library of the supreme court shall consist of that portion of the state library known as the law department, which department may be more particulary defined by the supreme court, and shall hereafter be connected with and under control of said court and be located at the seat of said county. The state library, under the direction of the library commission, shall designate one of the assistant librarians provided for in chapter 171 of laws of 1903 for said librarian of said library, who shall, under the direction of said court, appoint such other help as may be necessary for the prover care of such library and purchase books and furniture from time to time as the needs of such library require. He shall receive an annual salary of $1,600, payable monthly on warrants drawn by the state auditor. Hereafter all gifts, donations or exchanges of books or other property intended for the law department of the state library as now constituted or would properly come to such department, shall be placed in and belong to the library of the supreme court, which shall be known as the state law library.

Sec. 4. Upon tne taking effect of this act and as soon as convenient thereafter the supreme court shall arrange for the removal of the files, records and library of said court to the city of Tacoma and shall have charge of the fitting up and arrangement of the quarters of said court and shall do all things necessary for the carrying out of the provisions of this act.

Sec. 5. An emergency exists and this act shall take effect immediately.

JIM'S SWEETHEART.

Mother put on her Sunday best,
  Her lilac wedding gown,
And white straw bonnet neatly tied
  With strings of faded brown;
We woke before the roosters crowed,
  And started in the dew
To see the boat race, for our Jim
  Was captain of the crew.

He took it in his curly head
  To want a college course;
I parted with the pasture lot
  And sold the sorrel horse.
We sent him every dollar saved,
  And made a seedy pair
In garments that had long outlived
  Their days of useful wear.

The surging throng closed up in front,
  We could not see our son,
But soon a mighty cheer went up
  And told us Jim had won.
The crowd took up the college yell
  And sent it to the skies,
And college colors everywhere
  Shook out their brilliant dyes.

He stepped ashore, looked up and saw
  His mother's wrinkled face,
And hurried to her through the ranks
  Of broadcloth, silk, and lace.
He never gave a single glance
  Toward the pretty girls,
But kissed her on the withered lips,
  And kissed her silver curls.

His sunburnt face was glorified
  With proud and happy smiles;
He did not mind because her hat
  Was years behind the styles,
But led her out before his friends,
  A figure quaint and prim
In stiff, old-fashioned lilac silk—
  "My sweetheart, boys," said Jim
—Leslie's Weekly.

A CONTRARY COURTSHIP

I HATE you!" she said, clenching her small white teeth.

Mackenzie, head and shoulders taller than she, looked down and smiled at the vehemence.

The laugh irritated her beyond endurance.

"Just because other people decide to make fools of themselves, we are expected to," she went on scathingly. "Of course, the world thinks it an excellent arrangement that we should marry each other, divide the money, and say nothing more about it—whereas——"

"Whereas——?" Ronald Mackenzie stroked his moustache, and looked interrogatively at the speaker.

"We shall just do nothing of the sort!" she finished in decided tones. "The money of father's old friend——"

"Sounds like a German grammar book, doesn't it?" put in the other coolly.

Phyllis Farrell took no notice of the untimely interruption.

"The money of father's old friend can go to——"

"To the dogs." Mackenzie was distinctly in a teasing frame of mind tonight.

"To the poor," corrected Phyllis, with a stamp of her dainty foot.

"Perhaps!" Mackenzie's drawl was more than ever apparent. "Perhaps I shall not ask you to marry me. I haven't done so as yet, you remember, although you have assured me seventy-seven times, that nothing will induce you to marry me! You hate me? I don't remember ever having been guilty of asking you to love me!"

Tableau!

Phyllis drew herself up to her full height, which wasn't more than five feet at the most. This was turning tables on her with a vengeance! Her cheeks flooded with an altogether charming color, her eyes shone suspiciously.

"I—I——" she began. And then, woman-like, she fled from the room, leaving himself anathematizing himself for a brute and a boor.

"And yet," he soliloquized with a grim laugh, "if I hadn't said something of the kind, this state of things would have gone on forever. It's no use. If I were to propose she would refuse me; it's just what her contrary nature would prompt her to do. Because I don't appear to want her at all, she may fall in love with me! But she will have a hard fight of it, poor little thing. Why couldn't 'the friend of my father' leave the money to her unconditionally? And yet, I'm glad he didn't, for I might never have met Phyllis, but for that will.'

A tender light came into his blue eyes. Phyllis Farrell represented all the world to him just now, though, as he said, it would be simple madness to tell her so. In spite of his apparent coldness, he loved her, from the top of her curly, bronze-gold head to the sole of her dainty foot. He turned off to the billiard-room, and sought the company of his genial host, Miss Farrell's guardian, and an old college friend of his father's. Mackenzie himself had only come back on long leave from India a month ago, to find that a bride and a fortune were awaiting him in the old country. A mutual friend of the young people's fathers had thus arranged matters ere he shuffled off this mortal coil, with an idea of benefiting both, in more ways than one! Neither of the legatees, however, up to the present had seemed to regard it in that light! Phyllis openly declared that nothing would induce her even to see the young man, and was only persuaded into tolerating his presence in her guardian's home by the consideration that she would thereby be able to refuse him every day!

And refuse him she did—even before the fateful words had passed his lips. It was all the more odious to her because Ronald turned out to be handsome and gentlemanly, and under other circumstances she might have cast a favorable eye upon him! He was horrid—perfectly horrid and hateful! she told herself viciously, as she gained the privacy of her own room, and flung herself on the bed. He had actually told her to her face that he was not prepared to carry out his part of the bargain! What if she were to make it difficult for him?

The idea nearly took her breath away, as she dried her pretty eyes and sat up on her bed. She would pretend—merely pretend, of course—to fall in love with him, instead of repulsing him, and then when she had carried him on to propose, she would refuse him with dignity and decision! Could anything sound more delightful in theory—so promising of fun in practice!

She carried war into the enemy's camp the very next morning. She could brook no delay, because her guardian was expecting a large house party toward the end of July, and time was short and precious. Instead of covert, angry glances, and sharp retorts, Ronald found himself met with gracious smiles, and low, sweet responses—a change for which he was totally unprepared and hardly knew how to take. It never entered his head to think that she was in a contrary fashion playing just as much of a part as he had taken up toward herself. Instead of avoiding him as usual, Miss Farrell was pleased to bestow a goodly portion of her time upon him; she rode by his side to the meets, splendidly mounted, and looking a perfect picture in her well-fitting habit; she waltzed with him more than she ought to have done at the Hunt Ball, and thoroughly did her best to storm his invulnerable heart.

And one sweet summer evening, the knowledge was borne in upon her that she had succeeded! It was a perfect night, and the two were sauntering along the pergola in the Southern rose garden—the air was fragrant with the scent of tobacco plants and evening stock, and away in a distant dark tree an owl whirred softly. Overhead hung a motionless canopy of deepest sapphire illuminated by thousands of twinkling stars. A night to stir young blood and send it coursing through the veins of youth. A Midsummer Madness night!

"Love me!" she stammered, as he poured out his heart before her. "But——"

What was this pain at her own heart? Was it possible that his words should thrill her in reality? She had meant nothing—nothing—how could she tell him so?

"You are—only joking—you do not mean it," she stammered, as he stood his ground manfully.

"Didn't you mean it?" he asked suddenly, as a horrible thought struck him. "Have you—no, you can't have meant to play with me all this time? Answer me, Phyllis, beloved, you have not been playing with me all these happy weeks?"

The passionate look in his dark eyes brought hers to the ground; her cheeks flushed a deep crimson; she pulled at a rose in her satin belt; an owl whirred just above their heads.

"What did you mean?" she asked, slowly, her eyes still bent on the ground. "You—began by hating me—you know you did——"

"Suppose I were to tell you that that was all put on?" he asked, tenderly, catching and imprisoning in his strong grasp one of her hands. "Let me make my confession, here, under the stars, darling. I knew yours was not the character to brook another shaping your life for you, and so I determined mine should be a contrary wooing. I pretended that I didn't care—when I did all the time. Sometimes, darling heart, it is the only way with you women—half the men in the world are actors because women force them to be so. At first you were unkind, then suddenly you changed—you became sweetness personified, you wrenched my heart out of my keeping, you make me think—what?"

His gaze still held hers in thrall. The night, the passion in his voice, the soft, warm, summer wind, all conspired to turn her against herself.

"I was playing," she said all at once in a low voice.

She felt her hand flung away, she heard him draw a sharp breath; a moment later—his footsteps sounded on the gravel path.

A bat swept down on her uncovered head. She stretched out her arms.

"Ronald!" she cried, suddenly. And the figure fast disappearing down the path stopped, turned round, and seeing the outstretched hands made haste to return.

"I don't ever want to play again," she whispered, as a few seconds later her pretty head rested on his shoulder, and she hid her flushed cheeks and shining eyes. "It was——"

He stopped her mouth with kisses.

"It was a contrary courtship all round," he said happily. "But it has come right in the end."

"We must tell Mr. Desmond," she said presently.

And Ronald agreed that they would—later on!—Paragon Monthly.

Irony of Fate.

"Ah!" sighed the long-haired passenger with the celluloid collar, "how little we know of the future and what it has in store for us."

"You have said it," rejoined the man with the moth-eaten whiskers in the seat opposite. "Little did I think, some forty years ago, when I carved my initials on the rude desk in the old country schoolhouse, that I would some day grow up and fall to become famous."

Trouble with Remounts.

Lord Kitchener says that most of the trouble with remounts in South Africa was due to the fact that soldiers attending to them knew nothing of the care of horses.

Stiff hats cover a multitude of soft heads.

SOCIAL, CLUB & LODGE NOTES

WHIST AND SURPRISE PARTIES; CLUB AND SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENTS

IT never rains but it pours, is a very appropriate maxim to apply to the doings of society this week. Card parties, church social, club banquet, and club and lodge meetings of various kinds has made the week decidedly strenous for the devotees of these many kinds of pleasures.

For School Library

The pupils at the Lincoln Heights school gave a Washington'sBirthday entertainment last Friday evening, the money raised to be used in replenishing the school library. Over sixteen dollars was taken in and the entertainment was pronounced by those who attended, "excellent in every feature," reflecting much credit upon the instructors and pupils.

The school room was appropriately decorated — red, white and blue being in evidence everywhere. We cannot speak of all the program, but the Flag Drill, given by twelve young ladies in white with the national colors, was so exceptionally good as to deserve special mention, also the "Little George Washington" given by Master Adolph Oettinger. At the close of the program, ice cream and cake were served and a social time enjoyed by all present.

Mr. Bown and Miss Babcock, the instructors, are spoken of with a great deal of praise by all the patrons of the school who feel that they are doing exceptionally good work, and they have the co-operation of all the interested parents. These little social affairs given by the pupils and teachers can not help but tend to create a greater interest in the school and the work they are trying to accomplish and are certainly commendable in every way and the good example might be followed with profit by other schools.

Mrs. N. K. Meade Entertains

Mrs. N. K. Meade delightfully entertained her friends at cards Tuesday and Thursday afternoons of this week, at the home of Mrs. Delabarre. On Tuesday afternoon the guests were, Mesdames Craig, Hart, W. B. Smith, A. A. Smith, Brophy, Hatch, Payne, Ovington, Church, Jensen, Delabarre, and T. F. Trumbull. Mrs. Church won the prize, a very pretty picture. After enjoying a delicious luncheon, the guests were entertained with music. Mrs. Meade and Mrs. Jensen sang, accompanied on the piano by Mrs. Payne, and Mrs. Brophy gave an instrumental piece, all of which were much enjoyed.

On Thursday afternoon the guests were: Mesdames Appleton, Maurice Fisher, Morrisey, Gutenberg, FitzHenry, Farmer, H. E. Lutz, Gierin, Day, Reid, Mathewson, T. T. Aldwell, McGillivray, McDougall, Ritchie, Webster, Delabarre, and Miss Moon, who is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Meade. The most points at whist were won by Mrs. Reid and Mrs. Appleton, the latter winning the favor, a very pretty collar pin, on cutting the cards. After dainty refreshments, the guests were favored with music. Mrs. Lutz gave one of her charming whistling solos, Mrs. Farmer and Mrs. Delabarre an instrumental duet, and Mrs. Farmer also sang a couple of vocal solos, to the delight of her listeners. Mrs. Day sang "The Message of the Violets," which was greatly enjoyed.

Long's "Woodlawn" Maple Syrup 40c quart, 75c half gallon, $1.45 gallon. E. E. Seevers.

A Voyage to China

Our people are to be given another opportunity to hear Rev. W. H. Whelan in a lecture on his personal experiences, on Friday evening, 10th, at the Baptist church. Those who have heard him before have been unanimous in the opinion that he is the best speaker we have had in Port Angeles for a long time, and that his lectures are not only entertaining, but very instructive as well. He will undoubtedly be greeted by a crowded house, which he particularly deserves by reason of the fact that he has always been ready to assist other organizations with their entertainments.

Port Angeles Whist Club

The Port Angeles Whist Club met at the home of T. S. Brophy last Monday evening. Three tables were in play. The score was: Trumbull and Moore vs. Appleton and Sawyer, 112 to 111; Mrs. Brophy and Cross vs. Brophy and Ovington, 116 to 108; Lewis and Mathewson vs. Clark and Christensen, 110 to 108. The next meeting of the club will be with Dr. Cooke.

The Saturday Club

The Saturday Reading Club met last week with Mrs. Willson and continued the study of Russia. The Club was also entertained with the reading of an interesting letter from Mrs. Carusi, their president, who is spending some weeks with friends in Waterville. She expects to be home in another week. The Club meets this week with Mrs. W. L. Church.

The Parliamentary Club

The Parliamentary Club met last week with Mrs. E. E. Hopkins, but owing to the sickness of members on the program, the afternoon was spent in the discussion of current events and other interesting subjects and in the enjoyment of dainty refreshments served by the hostess; the next meeting is with Mrs. Brumfield.

Woman's Literary Club

The Woman's Literary Club met last week with Mrs. Flemming; only a short program was given as plans were being made for the Anniversary Banquet of the club, to be held this, Friday, evening at Haning Hall. The program of the entertainment will be given next week.

Another Surprise Party

Our friends on Lincoln Heights believe in promoting a friendly and congenial feeling amongst their neighbors and so have had a series of surprise parties, the last one being on Mrs. Chas. Green last Tuesday evening, and a very enjoyable time is reported.

A goodly number of lovers of cards and a good time are anticipating a delightful evening at the home of Judge and Mrs. Hatch, who will entertain this evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Gierin.

Mrs. Dr. Hart will entertain tomorrow afternoon in honor of Mrs. Gierin, who leaves the latter part of next week for her home at Crescent.

The Baptist Ladies' Aid will meet with Mrs. Johnson on Pine Hill on Wednesday, March 8th. At 3 o'clock a ten cent lunch will be served.

Mrs. F. A. Jensen entertains a number of guests at cards this, Friday, afternoon.

Celebrated Fifteenth Birthday

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Farmer entertained a jolly company of young people last Saturday evening in honor of the fifteenth birthday of their son Fred. All kinds of games, contests and amusements were provided for their entertainment, among them being a musical contest which afforded a great deal of pleasure. Mrs. Farmer played different pieces on the piano and the young people guessed what they were. At eleven o'clock refreshments were served and music and games enjoyed for an hour, when the merry-makers departed, wishing Fred many happy returns of the day. They also left a number of nice gifts as reminders of the pleasant event. The guests: Florence Elliott, Leah Myers, Jennie Finch, Juanita and Jolliette Glenn, Josie Phelps, Frances Chambers, Irene McDonald, Franklin Baxter, Helen Trumbull, Maggie Ritchie, Frankie Church, Maud Hirsch, Pearl Stakemiller, and Flora McGill; Masters Bennie Goldwater Trevore Bayton, Willie Ritchie, Alvin Owen, Grady Mahaffy, Roy Hamilton Gene Myers, Donald Lutz, Rupert Bowman, Lyman McDonald, Clifford Clementson, Howard, Paul and Fred Farmer.

Gymnastic Drill

Mr. Engesser, of the Central Fish Market, has formed the boys and girls of the Baptist Sunday School into classes for gymnastic drill and, incidentally, drill in the next Sunday's lesson. The "setting up" process pleases the children mightily. He will teach them to march and fence with "single-sticks" later on.

Elks' Banquet on 23rd

Naval Lodge, No. 353, B. P. O. E., have issued invitations for a banquet and ball to be held at the opera house on Thursday, the 23rd of March. Messrs. Ed. Elliott, C. F. Merritt and N. M. Hawkins comprise the committee in charge.

The Manhattan Whist Club

The Manhattan Whist Club met this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Fisher and passed a very pleasant evening. The next meeting will be a week from next Monday night with Judge and Mrs. Hatch.

C. F. Seal was in town Wednesday.

E. B. Mastick returned from Seattle Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Haynes returned on Wednesday.

Mr. Miller from Montana is a guest at the home of Mrs. W. H. Hamilton.

Happy is the woman who has Leslie free running salt in her household. For sale by all grocers.

Ask Seevers for a 3lb can of "Schillings" XXX Java and Mocha Coffee for $1.00 and you will hereafter use no other.

Eva Govan of Dungeness, who was treated at the hospital for apendicitis some weeks ago, was brought back Saturday, as she was much worse.

Miss Irma Beam bid her many friends good-bye Saturday evening and left on the Whatcom for a visit with relatives at Iola Kansas. J. E. Beam accompanied her to Seattle.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Nailor's, who was so unfortunate as to get quite severely burned on the stove last week, is getting along nicely and it is now thought will not be scarred as a result of his mishap.

Mrs. Geo. H. Clementson was called to San Francisco last week by the serious illness of her daughter Irma. At last reports the young lady was much improved and Mrs. Clementson is expected to return this week.

Those 35c. braces are to be 15c. for one week only, at the Times Clothing Mart.

Additional local on 5th page.

CONCERT AND LECTURE

Baptist Church People Have Planned Entertainment for Next Friday.

The Baptist Church people will give a concert and lecture, in the church building, on the evening of March 10th next, for the benefit of the church funds. In the concert, Mrs. C. E. Cushing will sing a selected number, and also the old favorite, "Way Down Upon the Swanee River." Mrs. John Trumbull will recite a favorite piece. Mrs. Silverwood and Mrs. Engesser will sing a duet and Miss Lizzie Mitchell will render an instrumental overture.

Rev. Mr. Whelan will, by request, deliver his great lecture on "A Voyage to China," being his personal experiences while in the employ of the great Pacific Mail Company on the huge steamship Colorado. The lecture will include the detail of life on board, from an officer's standpoint; how we gain or lose a day on the meridian; burials at sea; how Chinamen cook rats; Great Circle sailing; Hong Kong and Canton; fish vs. rice; embalming Chinamen in a hurry. The lecture will be of special benefit to young and old.

Tickets will be only 25c each; children at half price; no reserved seats. Concert to begin at 8 o'clock promptly.

THE FIRST STEAM DRAG SAW

Messrs. Hitch & Sturtevent, a new enterprising firm of woodsmen, have just received a new steam drag saw, with the necessary steel cables and machinery for handling the heaviest timber. Its use will be watched with a great deal of interest by our timbermen, as it is the first ever used in this section. It is now being installed in the Goodwin camps west of town, and will be used in the timber for "bucking up" in connection with a donkey engine for hauling the logs to convenient places.

GREENHOUSE FOR ANGELES

J. G. Madland, landscape gardener, of Seattle, has decided to locate in Angeles and establish a greenhouse. He has not purchased a home as yet, but as soon as he finds one with suitable soil Mrs. Madland and the children will join him. Mr. Madland has received much encouragement from our people for his undertaking, and their support together with the shipment of flowers in quantity to Seattle, will make the investment a paying one.

The fire extinguishers are up in neat boxes in convenient places about town.

Messrs. Jensen and Hirsch returned Wednesday from an upsound trip.

Leslie Salt is for sale by all first class grocers. Insist upon having it.

The Times Clothing Mart has a supply of all sizes of electric bulbs for sale.

Steamer Nevadan of the Hawaiian line called for Pilot McWilliams Monday.

Wm. Tyrrell, James Palmer and W. L. Marquardt were Seattle visitors this week.

O. J. Lawrence and G. E. King were among the Wednesday's arrivals on the Gertrude.

Mr. James Burrowes of Blyn drove down Monday to attend to some business matters.

You can get your photo supplies at Fulmer's Studio. A full line of anti-trust goods.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen and family left Monday on the schooner Sophia Johnson, for their new home in Bellingham.

ANGELES NOVELTY WORKS

A New Manufacturing Industry for this City.

The Port Angeles Novelty Works is a new infant industry for this place, now being started by J. F. Franck, a well known citizen, and J. G. Madland, late of Seattle. The first article they are taking up is a tilting and revolving clothes reel of Mr. Madland's invention, which is very ingeniously gotten up, well and strongly made, and being nicely painted will be an ornament to anyone's home, as well as useful. It is so designed that clothes may be hung by one standing on the ground and yet be raised so they will swing free of grass or dirt. One of the reels is set up exhibition near Mrs. Goldwater's and a number have already been sold.

The Novelty Works also intends to manufacture many other useful articles and before long will install machinery for that purpose. Such articles can be sold by agents as well from this as any other place, and, in fact, it is about the only way they can be sold, for one never realizes their convenience until brought directly to their attention. Thousands of dollars of useful and necessary inventions are made in the east and shipped to this state that could just as well be made right here.

When once you buy to try,
You'll always try to buy--
Sterling Seeds. For sale by E.E. Seevers.

Let us seek the flaws only in ourselves; let us weed in our own garden.

John Trumbull is in Seattle.

A CLOSE CALL

In a bad mix-up the syrup pitcher got licked, but Leslie Salt being fresh and a free runner escaped. Ask your grocer for it.

IRWIN TAKES SHINGLES

Largest Deck-Load She Has Taken From This Port

The brig Wm. G. Irwin, loaded with lime from Roche Harbor for Frisco, took on the largest deck load of shingles, this week, that she has ever taken from this port. Eight hundred thousand shingles, from Union Mill, Wait Bros., and Madison & Sons, and 430 cedar posts and 900 bundles of cedar stakes, shipped by P. J. Woods, made up the load. The Irwin has made thirteen trips in fourteen months and all have been successful.

So the ladies are to get a free gift on Monday. The Times Clothing Mart will give their first lady customer ½ doz. towels, worth 60c.

W. H. Carey is the new night clerk at the Merchants.

CHURCH SERVICES

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Services will be held on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Holy Communion in the morning. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Parents are earnestly requested to send their children. Church History address in the evening. Service on Wednesday next, Ash Wednesday, at 10:30 a. m.

Baptist Church Services morning and evening, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., at both of which Rev. W. H. Whelan will preach. All the people are cordially invited to hear this earnest man.

Services at the Peoples Church Hall, corner Front and Francis streets, next Sunday at 11 a. m. J. A. Baldridge, minster. Topic, "Use of Suffering." "Suffering is the surest means of making us truthful to ourselves."—Sismondi.

First Church of Christ, Scientist. Services at Science Hall, Second St., Sunday at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Wednesday evening meetings at 7:30. All are welcome.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Rev. Horace Williston, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p m. Sunday school 10 a m. Epworth League 6:30 p. m.

Favorite Recipes Used By Port Angeles' Cooks

MRS. H. MAURICE FISHER'S WALDORF SALAD.

Cut the tops from nice, red, tart apples, scoop out the centers, and cut the flesh in small squares. Add an equal quantity of celery and half as many blanched English walnuts. Dust with salt and pepper, and squeeze over the apples a little lemon juice; mix at once with a good boiled salad dressing, to which an equal quantity of whipped cream has been added. Fill the apple shells, stand them on lettuce leaves, and serve.

MRS. A. L. JOHNSON'S HAM SALAD.

Cut up small bits of boiled ham; place in salad bowl with the heart and inside leaves of a head of lettuce. Make dressing by mixing in sauce-pan one pint sour cream as free from milk as possible, half pint of good vinegar, pepper, salt, a small piece butter, one table spoon sugar, small table spoon of mustard mixed smooth; boil, add well beaten yolks of three eggs, stirring carefully until it thickens to the consistency of starch, and when cold pour over salad and mix well.

MRS. VICTORIA L. TRUMBULL'S VEAL SALAD.

Two pounds of veal, well cooked; best part of a bunch of celery; one-half pound of English walnuts, and two tart apples; chop thoroughly and mix together.

Make a dressing as follows: Two eggs, one-half cup of vinegar, one teaspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of mustard, one-fourth teaspoonful of pepper, a few grains of cayenne, and an even tablespoon of sugar. Cook in double boiler and when cold add one cup of cream.

Pour dressing over chopped ingredients and garnish with celery or lettuce.

MRS. F. A. COOKE'S CABBAGE SALAD

One small cabbage, shredded very fine. Put in boiling water and cook until wilted. Drain off water. Then add one-fourth cup of butter, salt and pepper to taste, one teaspoon of mustard, and a teaspoon of celery seed. When nearly cold add two eggs, well beaten, and serve immediately.

MRS. H. MAURICE FISHER'S SALMON SALAD.

A light salad is made by using fresh or canned salmon, shredded and free of skin and bones, to which a liberal amount of chopped crisp lettuce is added. Toss with a fork and pour over it the following French dressing: One scant teaspoon salt, one-half teaspoon pepper, two tablespoons cider or tarragon vinegar, four tablespoons olive oil, and a little grated onion. The salad bowl may be rubbed with a clove of garlic, thus giving the correct flavor French dressing should have.

Spring Medicine

There is no other season when good medicine is so much needed as in the Spring.

The blood is impure, weak and impoverished—a condition indicated by pimples and other eruptions on the face and body, by deficient vitality, loss of appetite, lack of strength, and want of animation.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Make the blood pure, vigorous and rich, create appetite, give vitality, strength and animation, and cure all eruptions. Have the whole family begin to take them today.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has been used in our family for some time, and always with good results. Last spring I was all run down and got a bottle of it, and as usual received great benefit." MISS BEULAH BOYCE, Stowe, Vt.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to sure and keeps the promise.

Khaki-Khaki

WE have in stock a fine lot of government Khaki coats and pants which we are selling for $2.75 a suit. They are just what you want for hunting, mining, fishing, camping, prospectors, ranchers and lumbermen.

W. S. Kirk, 1209 1st Ave., SEATTLE.

PATENTS
BARNES & CO. SEATTLE
STARR-BOYD BLOCK
SEND FOR BOOK ON PATENTS

Farm Wanted

If you have a good farm for sale, give us a detailed and legal description of same at once. We sell on a 5 per cent. commission basis and are now in touch with many eastern buyers. Mutual Realty Co., 316 Pioneer Building, Seattle, Wash.

Money.—Money neither preserves life or health, and cannot buy love. The man whose brain is busily scheming from one day's end until another how he shall invest his surplus income knows little peace or contentment.—Rev. B. A. Dawes, Methodist, Louisville, Ky.

Millions in Oats.

Salzer's New National Oats yielded in Mich., 240 bu., in Mo., 255 bu., in N. D., 31 bu., and in 30 other states from 150 to 300 bu. per acre. Now this Oat if generally grown in 1905, will add millions of bushels to the yield and millions of dollars to the farmer's purse!

Homebuilder Yellow Dent Corn grows like a weed and yields from 157 to 260 bushels and more per acre! It's the biggest yielder on earth!

Salzer's Speltz, Beardless Barley, Macaroni Wheat, Pea Oat, Billion Dollar Grass and Earliest Cane are money makers for you, Mr. Farmer.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples. [P. C. L.]

Reindeer in Alaska have proved an immense success, and Dr. Sheldon Jackson is vindicated.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

In complimenting August Belmont upon his election to the presidency of the National Civic Federation—a place which the late Senator Hanna occupied at the time of his death—the New York Times calls Mr. Belmont "a workingman of great industry," and adds that the wage-earner who was burdened by one-tenth of his cares and responsibilities would feel that he was taxed beyond his strength. The statement in regard to Mr. Belmont is undoubtedly true, and the same statement would be equally true of many other millionaires.

For Cupboard Corner

St. Jacobs Oil

Straight, strong, sure, is the best household remedy for

Rheumatism

Neuralgia Sprains
Lumbago Bruises
Backache Soreness
Sciatica Stiffness

Price, 25c. and 50c.

FOOTGEAR OF THE JAPANESE.

They Make the Feet Hard and the Ankles Strong.

The Japanese shoes, or "geta," as they are called, are on of the singularly distinctive features of Japanese life which will strike the observer with wonderment as soon as he sees them looming along the roadway or hears them scraping the gravel with an irritable squeak that makes his very nerves shudder, says the London Chronicle. Nevertheless, awkward though the shoes appear, they are of a kind constituted to make feet as hard as sheet iron and ankles as strong as steel girders.

The shoes are divided into two varieties; the low shoe is called the "komageta" and is only used when the roads are in good condition. The high shoes, named "ashida," are worn when the weather is rainy and the roads are muddy. Both kinds have a thin thong attached to the surface to secure them to the feet, which are therefore not covered as if they were in shoes, but are left exposed to atmospheric conditions. The "komageta" resembles somewhat the Lancashire clog, and their construction merely entails the carving of a block of wood to the proper size. The "ashida," however, are of more complicated design. They have two thin pieces of wood about three inches high at right angles to the soles, and occasionally, in the case of priests or pilgrims, only one bar attached.

Some of the "geta" worn by little girls are painted in many colors, and others have a tiny bell hanging from a hollow place at the back, which, as it tinkles in a mystic way, heralds the approach of children. The superior makes are covered with mats, made of panama. The highest price amounts to about 10 yen, or $5, while the cheapest is less than 10 sen, or a few cents; but the "geta" will not last longer than a month, and once out of repair can never be mended.

Learning to walk on a "geta" is an exceedingly difficult process. Indeed, it is far easier to acquire skating or stilt walking. The average child in Japan takes about two months before being able to move along on the national footgear, and the little ones repeatedly slip from the wooden blocks, falling to the ground, which seems to their miniature imaginations a considerable distance beneath them. Although foreigners usually take with readiness to the customs of Japan, they are absolutely unable to manipulate the perilous "geta."

A curious story is told of a San Francisco merchant who was invited to attend a fancy dress ball. He thought it would be quite the correct thing to attend in Japanese costume, and wrote to a friend in Yokohama to send a complete suit of the costume of a gentleman of high class. On receipt of the costume he was immensely surprised at its extensive variety. He mastered all the intricacies of the flowing robes, but when he unearthed the "geta" he was completely at a loss to understand its use. Having only just arrived in the country and not being over observant, he had omitted to notice the foot arrangements of the people. After much earnest consideration he was suddenly seized with a brilliant idea. "Ah," he exclaimed in his desire to extol everything Japanese, "this wooden block has got a very lovely shape, it is very beautifully carved and artistic. Therefore, it must be a kind of decoration to be worn on the shoulders like epaulets." And so the merchant went to the ball with a "geta' on each shoulder instead of on each foot!

Some parents allow their children to play barefoot in the streets, but when going out with their elders or paying visits it is essential that every one, from the smallest to the tallest, must mount the wooden clog and propel themselves in this odd fashion. The dislike of the Japanese children for the activity of outdoor games is to be mainly attributed to the awkward incumbrances with which their little feet are loaded. For instance, one seldom sees Japanese children gamboling in open playgrounds—they have yet to learn the feverish pleasures of "hide and seek" or "rounders," while such a thing as top-spinning or football never obstructs the roadways.

Singular superstitions are associated with the "geta," which at times are decidedly useful. When a host desires that a too attentive caller should depart, he induces somebody to burn moxa, which has a peculiar odor, upon his shoes, which are outside the door. The guest will immediately take the hint and simultaneously his leave. When a thong of a "geta" is accidentally severed on the return from the visit to a sick person a firm belief exists that the patient must die. The Japanese, however, dearly love the "geta" and although civilization may teach them to win battles it will never induce them to wear leather boots.

Position in Sleep

According to Dr. Fischer of Berlin, the most effective position of sleep for obtaining intellectual rest is to keep the head low and the feet slightly elevated. Failing this, the body should, at any rate, be horizontal, so as to irrigate the brain well. The habit of sleeping with head low and feet high is, according to the doctor, a remedy for brain troubles and some internal maladies. It can be adopted gradually.

A Matter of Compulsion.

"So you want to become my son-in-law?" inquired the father of the young wooer.

"Not by a blame sight," replied the youth, "but as I intend to marry your daughter, I suppose I'll have to be."—Kansas City Star.

Ayer's

We know what all good doctors think of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Ask your own doctor and find out. He will tell

Cherry Pectoral

you how it quiets the tickling throat, heals the inflamed lungs, and controls the hardest of coughs.

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is well known in our family. We think it is the best medicine in the world for coughs and colds."
KATIE PETERSON, Petaluma, Cal.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for **Hard Coughs**

One of Ayer's Pills at bedtime will hasten recovery. Gently laxative.

A Worn Path.

Church—I suppose the tradesmen coming to the house for orders wore that path in the grass?

Flatbush—No; our cat did that. We've taken her away so many, many times, and she's worn that path coming back.—Yonkers Statesman.

"Is a second marriage wrong?" asks Dr. Hillis. Might compromise by admitting that frequently it is a mistake.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

We have noticed that when a lot of women get together and talk about a woman they like, they say: "If I were she, I wouldn't stand it." In the event that they dislike her, they say of her husband: "What an old fool he is to stand it."

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslows's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period..

The Mother's Duty—It is the duty of every Christian mother so to direct the footsteps of her boys that at least one may choose to follow in the footsteps of the godly man.—Rev. R. E. Williams, Presbyterian, Anaconda, Mont.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa

Resolution.—Never throw away a good resolution because you have broken it. Mend it, and it will be better than ever. Mend it every time it breaks, and keep on using it.—Rev. R. J. Burdette, Baptist, Los Angeles, Cal.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

There is a great deal of controversy over the best way to dig the canal. We see no trouble with the simple plan of throwing the earth to one side and letting the water in.

For bronchial troubles try Piso's Cure for Consumption. It is a good cough medicine. At druggists, price 25 cents.

Let us hope that Gen. Stoessel will absolutely refuse to surrender to the magazine publishers.

Football has received what may almost be called its coup de grace at the hands of President Eliot of Harvard in his recent annual report. Notes of condemnation have been heard during the last year from not a few colleges and universities and from at least two State Legislatures, and it is likely that after this deliverance of Harvard the game will rush with increasing speed into disfavor and desuetude.

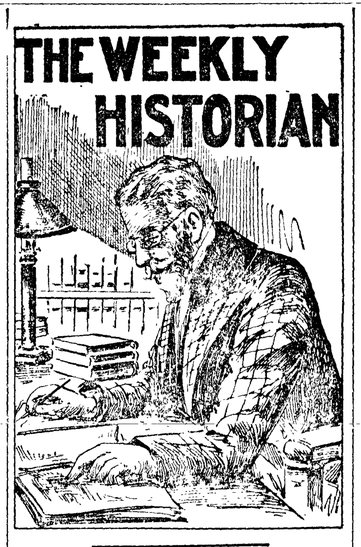
INHERITED SCROFULA

When a child I had a very severe attack of Diphtheria, which came near proving fatal. Upon recovery the glands of the neck were very much enlarged, and after the free use of iodine, the right one was reduced to its normal size, but the left one continued to grow—very slowly at first, until it was about the size of a goose egg, which began to press on the windpipe, causing difficult breathing, and became very painful. An incision was made and a large quantity of pus discharged. The gland was removed, or as much as could with safety be taken out. For ten years I wore a little piece of cloth about an inch long in my neck to keep the place open. During this time I had to have it cut open by the doctor every time I took cold or the opening clogged. In the Spring or early Summer of 1884 I was persuaded by my wife to use S. S. S., which I did, strictly in accordance with directions. I took twenty-six large bottles, and was entirely cured, for I have not suffered since that time. B. S. RAGLAND.
Royal Bag Mfg. Co., Charleston, S. C.

Only a constitutional remedy can reach an hereditary disease like Scrofula. When the blood is restored to a normal condition and the scrofulous deposits are carried off there is a gradual return to health. S.S.S. is well known as a blood purifier and tonic. It is the only guaranteed, strictly vegetable remedy sold. If you have any signs of Scrofula, write us and our physicians will advise you free

SSS

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.



One Hundred Years Ago.

A life preserver made of copper was invented by an Englishman, who gave an exhibition of its use in the River Thames.

An East India ship with 400 passengers and valuable cargo was lost in the Indian ocean.

A bill for extending the right of self-government to the district of Louisiana was read in the Senate.

A bill was passed in the Pennsylvania Legislature providing for the removal of the seat of government to Harrisburg.

Two British war vessels with a convoy of merchantmen were captured by French frigates. Most of the convoy escaped.

The sheriffs of Middlesex, England, were committed to Newgate for illegal and corrupt conduct in elections.

Napoleon denounced Emperor Dessalines as a rebel and claimed St. Domingo as his own.

Seventy-five Years Ago.

The Austrian and Morocco States agreed on a settlement of their disputes.

The Chamber of Commerce of Lyons, France, advocated free trade in all silk goods.

Prince Leopold of Saxe-Coburg was elected sovereign prince of Greece by the plenipotentiaries of England, France and Russia.

Sir Walter Scott was seriously ill at his home in Edinburgh.

Deputations from all parts of Great Britain met in London to consider trade with China, whose ports had just been opened to the world.

French missionaries—the first to go to South Africa—arrived at the cape of Good Hope.

An American ship arrived at Havre, France, with 1,400 bales of cotton, from Charleston, S. C.

Fifty Years Ago.

Dreadful election riots began in Kansas.

Gold was discovered along the Kern river in southern California.

New York and the New England States were experiencing the coldest weather ever known in that locality.

Earthquake shocks were felt in Clarksville and other parts of Virginia.

All railroads leading out of Chicago were blocked by snow. Trains carrying from 100 to 300 passengers were held from one to four days in snow drifts.

Booth and Rycraft, convicted in the federal court of Wisconsin for violation of the fugitive slave law, were discharged by the Supreme Court of the State.

A prize fight which was to have taken place on Riker's Island was broken up by the New York police.

Forty Years Ago.

The Illinois House of Representatives concurred in the Senate bill repealing the black laws.

The Cook county (Ill.) board of supervisors voted a bounty of $400 for volunteers.

President Lincoln returned to Washington. The State Department announced that the peace negotiations at Fortress Monroe had come to nothing.

The alien bill (anti-Confederate) was passed by the Canadian parliament.

Thirty Years Ago.

Matt Carpenter of Wisconsin was beaten in his contest for the United States senatorship by the election of Angus Cameron.

The House of Representatives passed the civil rights bill.

The projected Hennepin canal engaged the entire attention of the House of Representatives.

A special engineering committee appointed by the President recommended jetties instead of the Fort St. Philips canal for the improvement of the mouth of the Mississippi river.

Twenty Years Ago.

The trophies of Gen. Grant, purchased by Vanderbilt and given to the widow, were given by her to the government.

Three men were killed by a mob at Audubon, Iowa. They had murdered an old man.

O'Donovan Rossa, the Irish agitator, was shot and wounded on the street in New York by Yseulte Dudley, a woman.

Expectant and anxious Democrats visited President-elect Cleveland in New York and found him a sphinx regarding his plans.

The worst storm in years swept over Chicago, tying up traffic and causing much suffering.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

EMPLOYERS EMPLOYERS

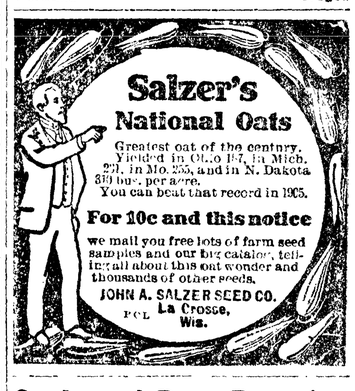
W. H. Uplinger & Co., 209 2nd Avenue South, Seattle, Wn. Phone, Main 3961. Reliable help of all kinds furnished free to employers on shortest possible notice. Wire or phone us your orders at our expense.

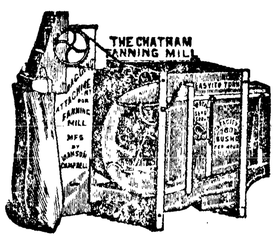
WANTED—50 farms immediately. 50 customers from the East have arrived and are ready to buy farms. What have you for sale.

O. W. BROWN,
415 Pacific Block, Seattle, Wash.

WANTED SALESMEN to canvass amongst the farmers and dealers selling Fire, Water and Burglar Proof Safes. Prices are within reach of everyone. Good money maker. Have agents now making $10.00 per day. Address

SPECIALTY SELLING CO.
Portland Oregon





Clean Your Grain FOR SEED

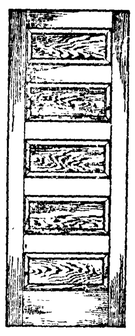
The CHATHAM FANNING MILL, with Sacking attachment, will clean and grade all kinds of Grain and Seeds. The only machine that has screens and riddles made especially for cleaning grain on the Coast. To convince you that this Grain Cleaner is as represented I will send you one on 30 days' free trial and will pay the freight.

Write me for our Descriptive Catalogue and "on time" proposition—it will interest you.

GEO. W. FOOTT
Dept. 11 Portland, Oregon

Sash and Door Bargains

O. B. WILLIAMS, Price lists free.



My five cross panel doors at $1.30 per door are known everywhere and your nearest dealer will tell you he can't purchase a No. 1 five crosspanel door for the money, from any dealer or manufacturer. He may try to convince you that my doors are not good doors, don't be deceived. I have the largest business in the north west, in my line. I did not build up this great business on fraud or misrepresentation. I can't afford to send out shoddy materials, it would soon put my standing in bad repute, and make of my customers lasting enemies. I have customers in all parts of the coast, and many throughout the east—ask them.

MY CUSTOMERS ARE MY BEST ADVERTISEMENT. I do not sell trash, nothing but the BEST is good enough for my customers. Do not be misled, a low price is no bargain, unless you get quality, anybody can sell worthless goods cheap.

THE WORLD'S STANDARD DOOR.

Five cross panel doors, stock sizes, standard quality, standard thickness made of clear dry fir, $1.30 per door.

WINDOWS,

glased with natural gas, silver clear glass, the best glass made.

I have all sizes. Send for price lists on hardware, windows, doors, window glass, window frames, door frames, porch columns, etc. Don't delay, write at once to my salesroom, 1508 3rd Ave., Seattle, Wash.

O. B. WILLIAMS.

W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE. $3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN.

W. L. Douglas $2.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from $5.00 to $7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

BETTER THAN OTHER MAKES AT ANY PRICE.

"For the last three years I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoe and found it not only as good, but better than any shoe that I ever had, regardless of price." Chas. L. Farrell, Asst. Cashier The Capital National Bank, Indianapolis, Ind.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape, and wear longer than other makes.

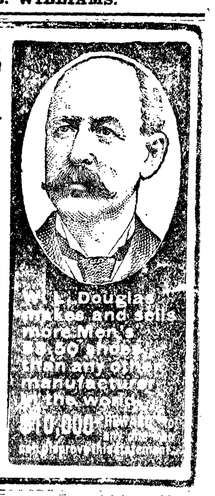
W.L. DOUGLAS $4.00 SHOES CANNOT BE EQUALLED AT ANY PRICE.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $4.50 shoes. Corona Colt is considered to be the finest patent leather produced.

FAST COLOR EYELETS WILL NOT WEAR BRASSY

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe mail order business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. 25c. extra prepays delivery. If you desire further information, *write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.*

W.L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASSACHUSETTS



PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
25 CTS.

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Stationery and Music

Pure Fresh Drugs and Medicines are always used in our Prescription Work

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SOCIAL, CLUB & LODGE NOTES

WOMAN'S LITERARY CLUB ENTERTAINS A DOUBLE SURPRISE

Woman's Literary Club

The Woman's Literary Club celebrated their anniversary with a swell banquet and entertainment at Haning Hall last Friday evening, March 3rd. The entertainment was opened with fine music by the orchestra, after which Mrs. Ross, secretary of the club, called the roll, each member responding with an appropriate quotation. Mrs. Sophia Shaffer, president of the club, delivered the address of welcome in a very pleasing manner, and an especially good musical and literary program was then given. Miss Lizzie Mitchell and Mrs. Lovejoy each gave instrumental selections on the piano which were very much enjoyed. Interesting recitations were given by Mrs. Mollie Phelps and by Mrs. Iron. Mrs. C. E. Cushing was on the program for two songs, after each receiving a hearty encore and graciously responding. Mr. Richardson closed the program with an address on Women and Her Emancipation and Development.

A most delicious supper was then served, the tables were all set and tastefully draped and decorated with the club colors, purple and white. A dainty painted souvenir of the occasion was given each one at the table. After the supper had been thoroly enjoyed, and appreciated by everyone, the tables were spirited away and dancing and card playing were enjoyed until a late hour.

Surprise Party Surprised

A very jolly company of the friends and neighbors of Mr. W. Graham gave him a most delightful surprise (?) party on Wednesday evening. The secret leaked out, however, so Mr. Graham was prepared for his guests and gave them a surprise by leaving everything in readiness even to a very sumptuous luncheon. Cards, crokinole, and various other games were indulged in, which helped to make merry the fast flying hours, and all declared they had spent an evening full of pleasure long to be remembered and voted Mr. Graham a most excellent host. The following persons made up the company: Messrs. and Mesdames Short, Merritt, Richard Gutenberg, Burns, Harris; Misses Ida Hawkins, Mary McClure, Margaret Mossman; Messrs. David Mossman, Oscar Graham, and W. Graham.

When once you buy to try,
You'll always try to buy—
Sterling Seeds. For sale by E.E. Seevers.

Mr. and Mrs. Brophy Entertain

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Brophy gave a delightful party at their beautiful home on Victoria street on Thursday evening, and as usual the charming hostess furnished a most unique and enjoyable evening to her guests. The house was decorated in green and white and the color scheme was carried out in the refreshments served.

The amusement for the evening was cards and partners were selected by matching flowers. The ladies' prizes, a beautiful hand painted china card holder, was won by Mrs. Farmer. This was an artistic piece of work painted by the hostess. The gentlemen's prize, a handmade Mexican cigar case, was won by Mr. Ovington.

The ladies were particularly charming, many beautiful costumes being worn and appearing to the best advantage in the brilliantly lighted house. During the evening music was furnished by Mrs. Dr. Hartt and the hostess and later in the evening Mrs. Cushing and Dr. Cooke rendered several vocal solos in their usual finished and cultivated manner.

The following were present: Messrs. and Mesdames D. W. Craig, E. J. Ovington, Dr. F. A. Cooke, Jno. Trumbull, T. T. Aldwell, H. M. Fisher, Dr. S. W. Hartt, H. E. Lutz, C. J. Farmer, Dr. D. E. McGillivray, Dr. N. K. Mead, E. E. Day, C. E. Cushing, A. A. Smith, W. J. Mathewson; Mesdames E. F. Gierin, W. F. Delabarre, Geo. Reid, Bayton, McDougall; Miss Lucy Bayton; Mr. J. Lloyd Aldwell.

The Parliamentary Club

Mrs. Brumfield entertained the Parliamentary Club last Saturday afternoon, the subject being American Art. A paper on Benj. West and John Trumbull was given by Miss Brumfield and one Gilbert Stuart and Rembrandt by Mrs. Troy.

New England Supper

The Ladies' Guild of the Episcopal Church will give a New England supper at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Delabarre next Wednesday afternoon from 5:30 until 8:00. Price of supper will be 25c. Invitations will be sent out, but all are invited.

The Saturday Reading Club met for a pleasant session with Mrs. W. L. Church last week. Mrs. Delabarre will entertain the ladies this Saturday.

For all snobbers supplies.
Times Clothing Mart.

Teachers Give Scholars a Treat

The teachers of the Episcopal Sunday School gave the children a party in Haning Hall on Tuesday from 4 to 7 p. m. About forty children were present and a very delightful time is reported. Music and dancing with all kinds of games helped to make the time fly quickly and gave the children an appetite for the delicious ice cream and cake which was served. The teachers giving the party were Mrs. Herbert Babcock, Mrs. W. L. Church, Mrs. Brumfield and Mrs. McGillivray.

Port Angeles Whist Club

The Port Angeles Whist Club met at the home of Dr. Cooke last Monday evening. Mrs. Cooke was substitute for Dr. Appleton and Mr. Payne for Jno. Trumbull. The score was: Mrs. Cooke and Sawyer vs. Aldwell and Brophy, 101 to 95; Cooke and Payne vs. Mathewson and Ovington, 99 to 97. The club will meet next week with Mr. Mathewson.

His Eighty-third Birthday

The relatives and friends of Mr. J. M. Epperson joined him in the happy observance of his eighty-third birthday on last Thursday, all enjoying a royal good time and a bountiful dinner. Mr. Epperson, a veteran of the Civil War, has forty-five grand-children and thirty-seven great-grand-children, a line of posterity that can seldom be equaled.

The Ladies Aid of the Baptist Church met this week with Mrs. Johnson on Pine Hill, and gave one of their pleasant teas, also.

Small Blaze at Judge Geo. C. Hatch's Home.

The party given by Judge and Mrs. Geo. Hatch in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Gierin last Friday evening came near resulting in the loss of their beautiful home. A lamp standing on a small table in the bay window was accidentally overturned, the flames quickly running up lace curtains and portieres, the woodwork caught on fire, and the window was a mass of flames. Quick work by some of the gentlemen with blankets from the adjoining bedroom saved the house. The loss was covered by insurance.

For Alarm Clocks. The Times Clothing Mart.

J. E. Beam received a unanimous vote for school director.

And the boys are again playing marbles in the dusty streets.

Mr. Donald McInnes was in town from Seguin the first of the week.

Leslie Salt is for sale by all first class grocers. Insist upon having it.

Harry Hines of the Merchants went up to Seattle Tuesday morning.

The Times Clothing Mart has a supply of all sizes of electric bulbs for sale.

Mr. Roy McClinton will be home from Seattle tomorrow for a few days' visit.

Messrs. James Palmer and P. J. Williams spent three days in Seattle this week.

Mrs. Gus Dahlhoff of East Clallam was visiting friends in Angeles this week.

W. E. H. Lyster went down to Crescent Monday to run an engine for the logging company.

The Fire Department will give a dance at the opera house on Friday, 17th; tickets 25c each.

Long's "Woodlawn" Maple Syrup 40c quart, 75c half gallon, $1.45 gallon. E. E. Seevers.

A new corset-fit Brown Suit for $8.00. Times Clothing Mart.

SOCIALIST LECTURE

Mrs. Irene Smith of Tacoma Here in Interest of That Party's Principles.

The Socialists held a rally last evening at Haning Hall, Mrs. Irene Smith, of Tacoma, being the attraction. Mrs. Smith is kept in the field by the propaganda branch of the movement, and the discourse Thursday evening is one of three lectures she is to give here. It was announced at the meeting that she would speak at Odd Fellows Hall, tonight, and the third lecture will probably be given Sunday afternoon or evening.

The meeting at Haning Hall was very well attended, there being quite a large number of people present other than the avowed supporters of the socialist movement.

Mrs. Smith is quite a forceful speaker and held the attention of her audience during the entire two hours occupied by her. Her lecture was largely introductory to the two which will follow.

She took up the history of man's progress and evolution from the primitive state to the present time and pointed out the origin and the growth of the different institutions which made for civilization, and indicated how our present institutions are the product of the past history of the race.

The following lectures, it is expected, will deal more particularly with the relations of labor and capital, and of both to government, and will explain the remedies for the evils, as advocated by the Socialist party.

If the same attendance and attention is accorded the lady in her succeeding lectures as was given her last evening the Socialists may congratulate themselves on the success of their lecture course.

Sandy Thompson returned from Seattle Wednesday.

We shall have rain—a 45c umbrella. Times Clothing Mart.

Capt. Lorensen of Seguin was visiting in town on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Morse and children returned from Seattle Thursday.

Born, on Tuesday, March 7th, to Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Haller, a thirteen pound girl.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Chambers, Sr., returned from an upsound visit yesterday.

Theodore Brewster returned last Friday from Seattle for a visit with his parents.

Mrs. Aaron Emory returned on Thursday's boat from a visit to Bainbridge, near Seattle.

Happy is the woman who has Leslie free running salt in her household. For sale by all grocers.

Ask Seevers for a 3lb can of "Schillings" XXX Java and Mocha Coffee for $1.00 and you will hereafter use no other.

John Hansen still continues to suffer from the after-effects of the grip, having been confined to the house the past week.

Mr. John Green of East Clallam was in town yesterday, visiting old-time friends and transacting business with the county.

Deputy U. S. Marshal Gritman was here this week to tie up the Nellie Jensen, or what's left of her, the crew claiming $96 wages to be due them.

It is rumored about town that certain parties on Tumwater have been on another hunting expedition up the Elwha river, presumably after elk.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Machenheimer of Exa, and Mesdames E. R. Walker and W. K. Stroup and their children, of Port Crescent, were guests at the Merchants over Sunday

G. A. Bates and wife were arrivals on Wednesday.

W. S. Eacrett was upsound on business this week.

Mr. Silas Goodwin returned from a Seattle visit Wednesday.

You can get your photo supplies at Fulmer's Studio. A full line of anti-trust goods.

Mr. Guy Lesure was in town Wednesday filing his bond preparatory to commencing work as supervisor in his district, No. 4.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gierin and Miss Burrowes return to Port Crescent tomorrow for the summer; they will be greatly missed by their many friends here.

Are you particular about the bread you offer your family? Are you jealous of your reputation as a housewife? Use "Swing Sifter" flour, $1.30 per sack at Seevers.'

R. D. Willson and daughter Mary returned from Seattle on Monday last; Mary having had to discontinue her school work, for the present, on account of poor health; she will resume teaching in April.

Things seem to be coming the High School Cadets way of late—last Monday night ten new members were enrolled, and on Thursday they received thirty Springfield rifles, being furnished by the state.

Warnock Bros. are having their confectionery store brightened up for the summer trade with new paper, and a general overhauling, making it even more attractive than it was last year.

Dr. W. W. McGeorge, of the thriving settlement of Seguin, arrived in town Thursday morning and left for home in the evening, being on urgent business connected with his profession. The Doctor reports the roads in fine condition and the future metropolis of the East End to be flourishing.

A CLOSE CALL

In a bad mix-up the syrup pitcher got licked, but Leslie Salt being fresh and a free runner escaped. Ask your grocer for it.

LOST HIS CHRISTMAS

But Celebrated Washington's Birthday for 48 Hours.

John Dyke, first officer of the big steamship Lyra, who, by the way, came home today for a visit with his parents, lost Christmas Day on the last trip to the Orient; but on the return they crossed the meridian on February 22nd, thus repeating Washington's Birthday.

The Lyra was at Yokohama when the news of the fall of Port Arthur was received. The whole city was decorated with Japanese lanterns, and the festivities lasted three days.

The cargo brought over is valued at $350,000; it includes a quantity of waste silk, ninety-five bales raw silk, 336 bales cocoons, sugar, menthol, platinum, straw-braid, bamboo and Chinese merchandise.

Mr. W. Mathewson is manufacturing an ironing table that is a marvel in the way of convenience and rigidity, and yet is very light and easy to handle. He has already taken orders for a number of them; in fact, it sells itself.

The Times Clothing Mart, one of the most up-to-date firms ever in Angeles, have had put up this week a new awning and have added something novel in the way of a drop curtain for the protection of their show windows from the afternoon sun, which at this season is very bright and warm, notwithstanding our neighbors East are still having blizzards.

We forgot, last week, to mention the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Frye, and their daughter Mrs. Quimby, who has spent a good part of the winter here; they went to California to visit another daughter who is ill, and after a few weeks' visit Mrs. Quimby and little daughter will return to their home in Boston, Mr. and Mrs. Frye remaining in California indefinitely.

Mathewson's A 1 Codfish are going fast at Seevers, because they are only 10c per pound and as fine as the finest.

Favorite Recipes Used By Port Angeles' Cooks

MRS. H. MAURICE FISHER'S SANDWICHES.

LETTUCE SANDWICHES.

Remove the crust from slices of white bread and butter with creamed butter. Lay a crisp lettuce leaf between slices, place a generous drop of boiled salad dressing on each. Place top slice on lettuce and press together.

EGG SANDWICHES.

Pick over, wash and drain fresh water cress; remove the leaves from stems and chop slightly. Moisten with boiled salad dressing, spread one slice of buttered bread with this mixture, and sift over the other buttered slices the yolks of hard-boiled eggs, using potato ricer. Fit slices together, press edges, garnish serving dish with cress and whites of eggs cut into rings.

SARDINE SANDWICHES.

Graham bread is best for fish sandwiches. Take three large sardines, or more smaller ones, remove skin and bones, and put them in a bowl with one teaspoon anchovy paste, the yolks of three hard boiled eggs, two tablespoonsful of olive oil and the juice of a lemon. Rub to a paste and spread on round slices of graham bread.

MRS. LEILA M. CHURCH'S HAM SANDWICHES.

Boil until tender one-half of a small ham. When cold, grind fine, putting in some of the fat. Melt one cup of butter and pour into the ground meat, mixing thoroughly. If mustard or chopped pickle is liked it may be mixed in with the other ingredients. Spread on thin slices of bread, the size desired for sandwiches.

MRS. W. W. BRUMFIELD'S CHEESE PASTE SANDWICHES.

Put one pound of cheese through a meat chopper, and then rub to a paste. Add seasoning (a teaspoon each of curry powder, mustard, cayenne pepper, and salt) and one-half cup of vinegar at the same time, beating together with a large spoon. Spread on thin slices of bread.

MISS JANE SMITH'S DATE SANDWICHES.

Cut bread into nice thin slices, butter it and spread one slice with dates, prepared by removing the stones. Cover with other buttered slice. Good for school dinners.

Have you seen those Lysle thread ladies' vests for 15c at the Times Clothing Mart.

MERGER DECISION

OPINION OF FEDERAL SUPREME COURT ANNOUNCED.

In Effect the Contentions of President Hill That Stock Belonged o Securities Company and Was Oot Held in Trust for Constituent Gompanies, Is Upheld.

Washington, March 7.—The supreme court of the United States has affirmed the decision of the circuit court of appeals for the third circuit in the case of Harriman vs. the Northern Securities Company, involving the distribution of shares in the Northern Securities Company. The decision is favorable to the company.

The decision was announced by Chief Justice Fuller. He delivered no written opinion, but said one would be filed later. There was no dissenting opinion. The decree of the circuit court of appeals, which is affirmed, merely reversed the decree of the circuit court for the district of New Jersey.

The latter court issued an injunction restraining the securities company from transferring or distributing 717,-300 shares of the common stock of the Northern Pacific Railway Company acquired by the securities company in the merger of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads. The decree was overruled by the circuit court of appeals seitting in Philadelphia, and yesterday's verdict sustains the reversing decision.

Owns the Stock.

The court of appeals held in effect that the securities company had become the absolute equitable and legal owner of the stock of the railroad company, and that the question of ownership had not been involved, or even incidentally passed upon by the supreme court of the United States in the government case for the dissolution of the merger.

The susit was brought by E. H. Harriman, Winslow S. Pierce and other owners of Northern Pacific stock held by the securities company to obtain possession of the shares of stock originally deposited with them, and to restrain the company from pursuing its plan of districbution, which was to give to each stockholder a proportional amount of the stock of the two railway companies.

The par value of the stock involved was $82,491,871. The case was argued only a week ago and the decision came with a promptness quite unexpected.

LOVING CUPS FOR TWO.

Speaker Cannon and John Sharp Williams Get Them.

Washington, March 6.—Just before the final session of the house loving cups were presented to Speaker Cannon and John Sharp Williams, Democratic floor leader.

Commission House Fails.

Minneapolis, March 8.—Former Judge A. M. Harrison has been appointed receiver for the Coe Commission Company. The firm has numerous branches in the Northwest, including the state of Washington. The receivership was precipitated by a small judgment secured by a customer in the municipal court. It is alleged the company got into difficulties in the recent wheat bulge.

Folger Succeeds Stirling.

Manila, March 6.—Rear Admiarl Yates Stirling will be succeeded in command of the Asiatic fleet by Rear Admiral W. M. Folger on March 23. Admiral Stirling will sail for Hongkong on March 15 on board the battleship Wisconsin, accompanied by the Oregon and a torpedo boat flotilla. Thence he will return home.

Gets Markmanship Trophies.

Hoquiam, March 6.—Company F, National Guard of Washington, has received its medals for expert marksmen, sharpshooters and riflemen. Company F is the youngest company in the state, but stands second in point of marksmanship and efficiency. In the company there are sixteen expert riflemen, two sharpshooters and twenty-five marksmen.

Gudger Appointed Canal Judge.

Washington, Matroh 6.—The president has appointed H. M. Gudger, of North Carolina, to be judge of the supreme court of the Panama canal zone in place of Judge Osceola Kyle, of Alabama, resigned. Mr. Gudger has been consul general at Panama since July, 1897.

Plans Wholesale Advertising.

Everett, March 6.—Two cars of paper will be used by the Snohomish county committee in printing a booklet telling of this county, to be distributed at the Portland fair. The work will be done in connection with the county's exhibit. A meeting of the county committee will be held in Everett Monday, to further discuss plans.

Money to Be Returned.

Everett, March 6.—The exact amount to be returned to the state from the $75,000 appropriated for the display at the St. Louis fair is $8,294.-61. The Washington exhibit cost $66,-705.39. At their meeting held in Everett February 28 resolutions were adopted by the commissioners highly commending the work of Executive Commissioner Johnston.

EXTEND ALASKA CABLE.

Expected Line Will Soon Be Laid to Seward.

Seattle, March 8.—Within the next few months, it is announced, the government cable will be extended from Valdez to Seward,on Resurrection bay. Congress passed the appropriation giving $95,000 to the work, and Maj. W. A. Glassford, chief of the local signal corps office, states that, although official orders governing the time of the starting of the work have not yet been received from the chief signal officer, it will doubtless be commenced with as little delay as possible.

Seward is the terminus of the Alaska Central railroad. By water the distance from Valdez is about 200 miles. It is probable that a survey of the waters under which the cable will be laid will have to be made by the government prior to the starting of the work. Army men state that there is no record of the coast survey ever having made sufficiently exhaustive maps of that portion of the Southeastern Alaska coast to warrant the cable being laid without further surveys. Maj. Glassford states that the Burnside will probably be used in the work of making soundings and generally mapping out that portion of the coast where the new cable is to run.

EXPERTS ON TRADE.

Hill and Harriman Are Sending Experienced Men to Far East.

San Francisco, March 6.—The Examiner says:

"E. H. Harriamn and J. J. Hill, on behalf of their respective railroad lines and Oriental steamers, are sending experts to the far East to make reports on how to enlarge the markets in that part of the world, especially in China, for American cotton products.

"It is said that the reports to be made by Hill and Harriman experts will be given to the cotton men of the world and also to the general government, should it appoint, as it has been requested to do, a commission to take steps for the extension of the export of American cotton goods.

SENATE AT WORK.

Number of Measures of Importance Go Through Upper House.

Olympia, March 8.—The senate yesterday killed the bank inspection bill asked for by the state bankers' association, killed the amendments to the game laws requested by the sportsmen of the state, amended and passed Megler's fish bill so as to make a thirty-six hour close season for salmon in Puget sound, indefinitely postponed Stansell's mine inspector bill and Ruth's uniform school text book bill and passed seven other bills, including the Sumner bill prohibiting sales of railroad by scalpers.

CONTEST ON REDISTRICTING.

Majority and Minority Reports by House Committee.

Olympia, March 6.—Indefinite postponement of the congressional apportionment bill is the recommendation of a majority of the house committee on legislational districts. A minority of the committee recommends that the bill be passed with amendments.

The measure passed the senate last week, and provides for dividing the state into three congressional districts, in accordance with federal laws.

CAPITAL REMOVAL KILLED.

Senator Baker's Resolution Voted Down by Senate.

Olympia, March 6.—Senator Baker's concurrent resolution providing for a vote on the removal of the state capital from Olympia to Tacoma was defeated in the senate, being indefinitely postponed by a vote of 22 to 15.

Theatrical Manager Dead.

New York, March 8.—A. M. Palmer, the theatrical manager, died here yesterday, after a very brief illness, at the age of 67 years. Mr. Palmer was for years the most prominent theatrical manager in the country. He was a founder and for fourteen years president of the Actors' Fund of America, and one of the founders and vice president of the Players' Club of this city.

Pullman Students Suspended.

Pullman, Wash., March 8.—Eight students of the Washington state agricultural college have been temporarily suspended for having captured a student who was guarding a supper prepared for Prof. S. H. Clark, who lectured here February 28, with the intention of absorbing the supper. Three weeks is the time of the suspension.

Work on Klondike Mines Road.

Dawson, Feb. 20—via Seattle, March 6.—The first actual work on the Klondike Mines railway has been done. Men are now at work getting out material for the line. The ties and other such material will be cut from a timber tract on the Klondike river, and the material hauled on sleighs to a point most convenient for picking up by cars in the spring, when roadbed construction is begun.

Sights Derelict Off Columbia.

Portland, March 6.—The British ship Pythomene, Capt. Spiney, just arrived here from Antwerp, reports that Saturday last, before daylight, while off the mouth of the Columbia, she sighted a derelict.

Farming Work Advanced.

Chehalis, March 6.—Much farm work is being done in Lewis county on account of favorable weather, and hop yard work is well along. Grass is growing, much to the satisfaction of the ranchers, many of whom are short of feed.

MESSAGE TO SENATE

ACTION URGED ON SANTO DOMINGO TREATY.

Agreement Entered Into at the Earnest Request of Island Republic—Protection From Unjust Claims and Greater Stability of Government.

Washington, March 9.—The senate in executive session yesterday made public the second message of President Roosevelt on the Santo Domingo treaty. The message follows:

The senate:—I wish to call the attention of the senate at this executive session to the treaty with Santo Domingo. I feel that I ought to state to the senate that the condition of affairs in Santo Domingo is such that it is very much for the interest of that republic that action on the treaty should be had at as early a moment as the senate, after giving the matter full consideration, may find practicable. I call attention to the following facts:

Request of Santo Domingo.

First—This treaty was entered into at the earnest request of Santo Domingo herself, and is designed to afford Santo Domingo relief and assistance. Its primary benefit will be to Santo Domingo. It offers the method most likely to secure peace and prevent war in the island.

Second—The benefit to the United States will consist chiefly in the tendency under the treaty to secure stability, order and prosperity in Santo Domingo and the removal of the apprehension lest foreign powers make aggressions on Santo Domingo in the course of collecting claims due to their citizens, for it is greatly to our interest that all the islands of the Caribbean sea should enjoy peace and prosperity and feel good will toward this country. The benefit to honest creditors will come from the fact that for the first time under this treaty a practicable method of attempting to settle the debts due them will be inaugurated.

Third—Many of the debts alleged to be due from Santo Domingo to outside creditors unquestionably on their face represent far more money than was ever actually given Santo Domingo. The treaty provides a process by which impartial experts will determine what debts are valid and what are in whole or in part invalid, and will apportion accordingly the surplus available for the payment of debts. The treaty offers the only method for preventing the collection of fraudulent debts, whether owed to Americans or citizens of other countries.

Fourt—This treaty affords the most practicable means of obtaining payment for the just claims of American citizens.

Same Treatment for All.

Fifth—If the treaty is ratified, creditors belonging to other nations will have exactly as good treatment as creditors who are citizens of the United States, and at the same time Santo Domingo will be protected against unjust and exorbitant claims. If it is not ratified, the chances are that American citizens will fare ill as compared with those of other nations, for foreign nations, being denied the opportunity to get what is rightfully due their citizens under the proposed arrangement, will be left to collect the debts due their creditors as they see fit, provided, of course, there is not permanent occupation of Dominican territory. As in such cases the United States will have nothing to say as to what debts should or should not be collected, and as Santo Domingo will be left without aid, assistance or protection, it is impossible to state that the sums collected from it will not be improper in amount. In such event, whatever is collected by means of forcible intervention will be applied to the creditors of foreign nations in preference to creditors who are citizens of the United States.

Sixth—The correspondence between the secretary of state and the minister of Hayti, submitted to the senate several days ago, shows that our position is explicitly and unreservedly that under no circumstances do we intend to acquire territory in or possession of either Hayti or Santo Domingo, it being stated in these letters that even if the two republics desired to become part of the United States the United States would certainly refuse its consent.

Seventh—Santo Domingo grievously needs the aid of a powerful and friendly nation. This aid we are able, and I trust that we are willing to bestow. She has asked for this aid, and the expressions of friendship repeatedly sanctioned by the people and the government of the United States warrant her in believing that it will not be withheld in the hour of her need.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

The White House, March 6, 1905.

Cortelyou Appoints Assistant.

Washington, March 8.—Postmaster General Cortelyou announces that Frank P. Hitchcock, of Massachusetts, has been selected as first assistant postmaster general. Mr. Hitchcock was at one time chief clerk in the department of commerce and labor and during the presidential campaign was assistant secretary of the Republican national committee.

Father Gopon Goes to London.

Geneva, Switzerland, March 6.—Father Gopon, leader of the Russian workmen on the fatal Sunday, January 22, who has been here for the last two days, has left Geneva for London by way of Paris.

NOT MAKING MUCH

COMMISSIONER GARFIELD REPORTS ON BEEF TRUST.

"Big Six" Slaughter 45 Per Cent of the 12,500,000 Head Killed in the United States, but Profits Were Small—Profits on Car Lines, However, Very Large.

Washington, March 6.—The president sent to congress today the report on the alleged beef trust which was prepared by Commissioner of Corporations James R. Garfield, according to the resolution which passed the house on March 7 of last year. The report covers the price of cattle and dressed beef, the margins between such prices and what the organization received, the conduct and profits of the corporations engaged in the beef industry.

Summarized, the report says that six packing companies—Armour, Swift, Morris, National Packing Company, Schwarzchild & Sulzberger and Cudahy—are designated as the "big six."

In the year 1903 they slaughtered 45 per cent of the 12,500,000 head slaughtered in the United States, the net average profit of Armour, Swift and Schwarzchild & Sulzberger during that year was 99 cents a head, not including the incidental profits. The year 1902 was less protfiable than usual. During some months the packers actually lost money on every head slaughtered.

In 1903 the price of cattle fell sharply, chiefly becauses of a large increase in the supply.

The six leading packing companies are apparently not overcapitalized and the percentage of profit on the gross volume of business is comparatively small.

According to the report Swift's profits during the last three years were only two per cent on the total sales.

Cudahy's profits last year were 15 per cent on the total sales.

The report says that the profits of the private car lines in the packing industry per mileage is very liberal, being 14 to 17 per cent. While the "big six" control the trade of the large centers, in small cities and towns the control is not so general. The fact that they handle only 45 per cent of the business of the country would appear to indicate, according to the report, the existence of active competition.

The bureau report places the average cost of a refrigerator car at $1,000, an average yearly cost of maintenance at $115, the net profit from mileage alone being 14 to 17 per cent.

Cudahy made 22 per cent in 1902 on his cars. With the exception of the National Packing Company, which is a joint stock affair, the commissioner found no general inter-ownership among the six principal companies.

NO DIRECT PRIMARIES.

Senate Unceremoniously Kills the Bill Recently Passed by the House.

Olympia, March 8.—Direct primary legislation is dead for this session.

Senators could hardly wait for the title of the bill to be read this afternoon before slaughtering house bill 306. As Clerk Laube read the ttitle of the bill Senator O'Donnell moved "indefinite postponement."

The motion was seconded from all over the house.

Senator Palmer, of King county, after considerable effort to be heard, secured the floor and endeavored to at least get a vote on the measure. He promised not even to demand a roll call or call of the house, but in vain.

A motion to place the bill on the calendar was ruled out of order, President Coon holding thatt no substitute may be entertained to a motion to indefinitely postpone.

While Graves, of Spokane, was on the floor vainly striving to secure recognition, President Coon put the motion, and the measure was indefinitely postbponed by a nearly unanimous vote.

Fortune Tellers Take in Signs.

Everett, March 9.—Clairvoyants and fortune tellers have removed their signs, as required by a new city ordinance, and it is expected that they will leave for other fields at once. In addition to the ordinance compelling the removal of signs there is an ordinance providing for a quarterly license of $25

Retreat Officially Reported.

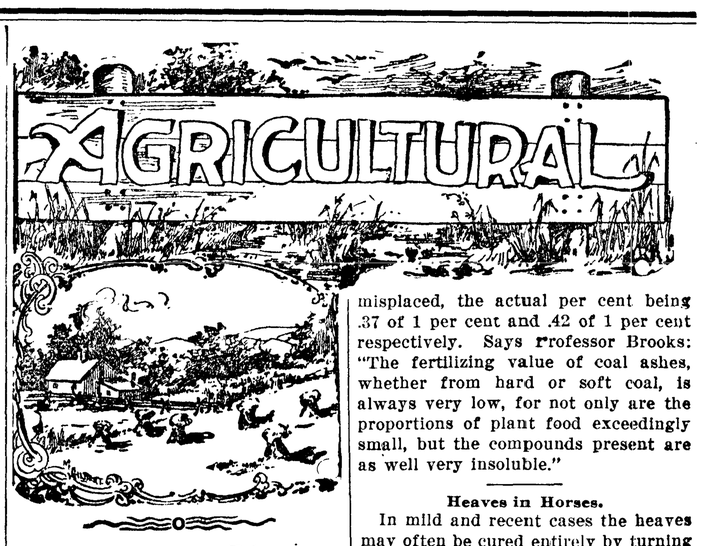
Washington, March 9.—The state department is officially informed from Tokyo that the Japanese have achieved a great military victory before Mukden and that the Russian army is in full retreat. The casualties are numerous on both sides.

Baltic Fleet Returning.

Paris, March 9.—A dispatch to the Temps from Tananarivo, capital of the island of Madagascar, says the entire Russian fleet has left those waters on its return to Jibutil, French Somaliland.

Two Hundred Oil Indictments.

Cynthiana, Ky., March 9.—The grand jury, which has been in session now for more than a week, has brought 200 indictments againstt Standard Oil Company, which is charged "with retailing oil from a wagon without a license." The fine in each csae varies from $50 to $1,000.



Retaining Manure Values.

There is probably no better way of handling manure made in feeding cattle loose in stables than to apply litter daily to absorb the liquids and keep the cattle clean and allow the manure to accumulate under the cattle.

It was once supposed that if manure was kept under cover its fertility would not be appreciably wasted. The Department of Agriculture finds that large losses may occur, though not to such an extent, of course, as from the open yard manure pile.

The best way to keep manure seems to be to pack it into a solid mass, and exclude the air, in a somewhat similar manner to the way silage is put up. The department notes experiments where steer manure was kept in deep stalls under the feet of the animals for months, as against the method of cleaning the stall out daily and storing in a compact heap under cover, enough fine cut litter being used each day to apparently absorb all the liquid manure. The deep stall manure was trampled to a very dark, compact mass and there was very little loss of the valuable fertilizing constituents—nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash. With the manure kept in heaps one-third of the nitrogen, one-fifth of the potash and one-seventh of the phosphoric acid was lost, the total money value of the losses being equivalent to $2.50 for each steer stabled for six months.

Manure, it is stated, can be kept almost perfectly, so far as the fertilizer constituents are concerned, by use of the "deep stall" system. Experiments show, however, that nitrogen is lost very rapidly by such manure, if it be allowed to lie after the removal of the stock, without such covering as will retain the moisture and exclude the air.

The Modern Farm in Germany.

Electricity for farming purposes has probably been developed more in Germany than in any other country. A large number of German estates are now run almost entirely by it, the smaller ones being equipped usually in groups from a single power plant, as at Chottorf, while many of the large estates have their own private plants. A striking example of this latter class is the farm of Prof. Backhaus, at Quednau, in the eastern part of Russia, which covers an area of 450 acres and has a dairy producing about 1,000 gallons of milk per day. The buildings are all lighted by incandescent lamps and the grounds, in places, by arc lights. The current is supplied from a small central station containing a 50-horse power engine direct coupled to two generators, and a switchboard for the control of the various circuits, all parts of which are so simple and plainly marked that any farm hand can understand and operate it. In addition to the lighting, power is supplied for the pumping of water and the driving of saws, feed-cutting machines, a threshing and a grist mill, and an electric churn in the dairy. Besides these stationary power appliances there are a number of electrically-driven agricultural machines for use in the fields, including an automobile plow, all of which are run by storage batteries and may be charged at conveniently sub-stations. To round out the completeness of the equipment the barns are heated by electricity and ventilated by motor-driven fans and all parts of the farm have telephonic intercommunication.—Engineering Record.

Hens Eating Eggs.

Egg-eating hens are a nuisance, and after many years of experience in poultry raising the writer feels that when his hens are discovered at the trick the best way of stopping it is to kill the hen. If our birds were not well supplied with limy substances, such as oyster shells and the like and all the grit they desire, we would furnish these before killing the hen. As a rule, the habit is merely a habit, and is not due to any lack of a food element except that of lime.

Usually the egg-eating hen gets into the habit by eating an egg that has become accidentally broken; liking the taste, she acquires the habit, and once acquired it is almost impossible to break it. We have found it the better plan to have both grit and the lime material so placed that the hens may help themselves at will. Some hens require more of these than do other hens, so it is hard to dole it out properly. It is better to let them decide as to their needs whenever possible.

Coal Ashes.

One of the agricultural papers quotes an alleged analysis by the Massachusetts station giving 37 per cent phosphoric acid and 42 per cent potash in soft coal ashes. In order to prevent any misunderstanding, Professor Brooks herewith calls attention to the fact that a decimal point has been misplaced, the actual per cent being .37 of 1 per cent and .42 of 1 per cent respectively. Says Professor Brooks: "The fertilizing value of coal ashes, whether from hard or soft coal, is always very low, for not only are the proportions of plant food exceedingly small, but the compounds present are as well very insoluble."

Heaves in Horses.

In mild and recent cases the heaves may often be cured entirely by turning the horse out to pasture for two or three months. If it is necessary, however, to work a horse affected with this trouble, he can be relieved greatly by feeding no hay except at night, and then only a small amount of clean and bright hay, entirely free from dust. If there is any danger of dust it is well to dampen it, but only bright hay should be given. Roots will be found helpful; beets, turnips, potatoes or anything of that sort that the horse will eat. The amount of water should be limited as much as possible, and no horse with heaves should be given water for one or two hours previous to going to work. Dr. Law recommends arsenic in five-grain doses daily, and continued from a month to two months, as especially valuable, and says that the bowels must be kept easy, by laxatives if necessary. By treatment of this sort a heavey horse can be greatly relieved. When the disease first comes on it will pay to turn the horse to grass, with the hope of effecting a cure at once and before the disease progresses to the extent where it becomes incurable.—Wallace's Farmer.

Exercise the Stallion.

Stallions should be put to work and kept at work whenever not in active stud service and then they will be surer and have fewer returned mares to look after and can do a bigger business, says a correspondent of National Stockman. No stallion is too good to earn his oats behind a collar, and usually the more he earns there the more he is able to earn in the stud. One reason for the vitality and endurance of our trotting horses is that the sires were either raced or trained or driven a good deal of the time. The same is true of some imported draft horses, the French horses especially, which are worked at a year and half or two years old and as long as the farmer has them. The race of horses that is not worked may possess size and weight, but it will not have the power, the nerve and the get there and stay at it ability that it needs to perform hard work.

Openings for Nut Culture.

The United States Consul at Frankfort, Germany, calls attention to the increasing use of hazel-nuts in hotels and private houses. Owing to the large quantity imported, he suggests that farmers' children in the United States might supply themselves with pin money by growing hazel-nuts for the home and foreign markets. The domestic chestnut is still a favorite, and at the opening of the season sometimes brings as high as $5 a bushel. There are, too, large quantities of hickory nuts, the boys' favorite; butternuts, which are the favorites of those who grew up in the country, and some other sorts, like black walnuts and bull nuts, which have their adherents, and all are particularly desirable for food.

Fence Rail Philosophy.

Knowledge is valueless if ignored.

The man that saves his time saves his money.

A job that's worth doin' is always worth doin' about right.

Vim and vigor are the vital forces in achieving success.

The smallest event often becomes the greatest achievement.

If every man saved his time as he saves his money he would have money.

It's generally the afternoon farmer that goes into agony about hard times.

To have a show in these days a man must be an accumulator.

Failure establishes one thing—that your determination to succeed was weak.

It's no use denying when you've been outdone—better acknowledge the corn.

Broken Branches.

When from accident, the effect of snow or ice, a large branch of a tree is broken, cut temporarily, leaving a foot or more to be cut again close to the trunk in the month of June, advises a Country Gentleman correspondent.

Hog Notes.

Milk and bran make an excellent slop.

A strong maternal appearance should be the first consideration in a brood sow.

No sow carrying her young should be allowed to become constipated.

The brood sow and the growing pig should not be fed as the fattening animal.

A sow may often be kept as a profitable breeder until she is seven years old.

Too early breeding weakens the material forces of the sow, causing small and weak litters.

To obtain the best results a sow should be in good flesh and gaining, not overfed when bred.

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WILL BUILD BRIDGES.

The Civic Club held a meeting this week for the purpose of outlining their operations for the coming summer, and from the plans now under consideration it is perfectly plain that these good ladies are not to be deterred by the magnitude of the work which comes to their hands and it is to be hoped that their courage will not fail them when the inevitable obstacles crop up.

The plans adopted or under consideration by the ladies contemplate the building of two bridges, one crossing Valley St. Gulch and the other Tumwater Gulch. The need for these improvements has long been apparent, both to the people at large and the municipal government, but the condition of the city finances for a number of years past has precluded the possibility of the City taking the matter in hand.

It is estimated that it will cost approximately $15,000.00 to carry these plans into execution, and looks like an immense undertaking, but we have unlimited confidence in the determination of the ladies, and their work during the past two seasons has shown that they succeed where others fail. Hundreds of stumps removed from our streets; blocks of sidewalks built and repaired; improvements to the school grounds and buildings; drains and ditches dug, and many other good and needed works, furnish conclusive evidence of the earnest purpose of the ladies.

We are informed that the present movement of the Civic Club is receiving very substantial encouragement from our business men, as of course it should, and the realization of these plans is not so far away.

All honor and glory to those who do things; and the ladies are in that class.

A CASE OF NEGLECT.

If the City Fathers will take their attention from the many harrassing problems that confront them, for a few minutes, it would be well for them to consider and take some action looking to abating the nuisance that exists at the corner of First and Lincoln streets. At this point the street is graded up and cribbed, making a deep hole on the lot at the northwest corner. With every rain this hole becomes filled with water which remains until seepage and evaporation carries it off.

There are no guard rails around it and people have fallen into it before now. It is a constant temptation to children to stop and play there and is deep enough to drown them if they fall in. On Wednesday a small boy fell into this hole and would certainly have drowned if a passer-by had not rescued him.

With the advent of warmer weather it becomes a disease breeder of the first magnitude.

Inasmuch as it is a menance to the public both as a dangerous hole where accidents are liable to happen and as a nuisance which should be suppressed, and is located on private property where the owner of the land can be compelled to remedy it, it would seem that this is a matter wherein the council should take immediate action to remedy the neglect of former city governments.

AN OBJECT LESSON

If anything were needed to impress upon the people the danger that is always present where oil lamps are used for lighting purposes, it was furnished last week, when an oil lamp was upset and one of the best residences in the city came within an ace of being destroyed, to say nothing of the danger to life that is always an incident of such accidents.

This and all similar accidents would be rendered impossible if electric light were used. If the electric light is properly installed, if the wiring is done in a careful and workmanlike manner, there is absolutely no danger of fire from its use, and, of course, the danger from oil lamps being overturned or exploding is wholly eliminated. Why not do away with this constant menance to life and property and at the same time patronize the City instead of Standard Oil?

The City light is cheaper, safer and more satisfactory in every way.

CARUSI AS A COMPOSER

Opera Written by Mme. Inez, Daughter of Judge Carusi.

The Carusi opera, both book and libretto being written by Mme. Inez Carusi, which has been pronounced by leading managers and actors of New York as the most original and beautiful thing written in twenty years, is to have its opening production in San Francisco on the 28th and 29th inst. The musical and social clubs of that city have given the venture liberal support, and, says the P.-I., much is hoped for by her friends. The opera is really the result of a street car accident, her restless genius refusing to be unoccupied even when she was confined to the hospital.

Miss Carusi was a harp virtuoso when but ten years old; when yet in her teens she toured for forty weeks with Strauss, the great waltz king of Vienna, at the highest salary ever paid to a harp player in any country, being the only American in that group of noted musicians. At the close of this engagement she refused an offer from Strauss of an engagement at Vienna, and joined the Damrosch orchestra of New York, that gentleman pronouncing her the most remarkable harpist he had ever listened to.

The P.-I. says of Mme. Carusi: "Nothing since the time when this poetic old instrument was used by the bards to rouse people to patriotism and war has been equal to the excitement and enthusiasm that this wonderful woman arouses. Twelve thousand people in Chicago have stood upon the chairs and benches of one of the great convention halls and cheered her for fifteen minutes, women waving their handkerchiefs, men throwing hats in the air, and the building fairly shaking with the plaudits of the multitude.

"You have heard the harp, doubtless, when it has been played gently, and have deemed it the most exquisite of all music-makers, but you have never heard it when it is also big, robust and impassioned, with the fire in it that moves multitudes, until you have heard Carusi."

SEGUIN NOTES.

The Cougar Shingle Co. have started their mill and are making about 75,000 shingles per day. This is the old Iowa Mill which was recently purchased by Messrs. Earle & Nebergall. This means the employment of forty men, as they use bolts.

The Seguin Lumber & Shingle Co. are preparing to begin operations March 17th. Manager Long states that both the shingle and lumber mills will be run to their full capacity.

The fine weather of the past month has brought forth abundant pasture for the stock, and consequently a bright smile to the dairymen's countenances.

Henry Knapman, who has been bolting at the Cougar Mill, received a very severe cut last Tuesday which will probably cost him one of his thumbs. Dr. McGeorge is giving it his medical attention, and Henry's brother Eagles are keeping his spirits up.

Mrs. J. L. Keeler is visiting relatives in Jefferson county.

Miss Eck is in charge of the Seguin Hotel, during the illness of Mrs. Huff, the proprietor.

There was quite a crowd of the devout and the curious gathered at the creek which runs through J. Pettit's place last Monday to witness the immersion of several converts to Methodism, as a result of the revival which Reverend Winnie has been conducting for the past three weeks.

Messrs. Wm. Green, F. Balsh and Wm. Dey, Sr., were elected as directors at the school election Saturday last.

Mr. Walter Govan has purchased the 40 acres of J. S. Sweet at the section corner near Seguin for the consideration of $2800. Mr. Sweet will now dispose of all of his stock and personal property and says he is going to Missouri to engage in cattle raising.

Mr. Ed. Ford arrived home again Saturday morning on the stage. Welcome back, old boy.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. F. Gierman gave them a pleasant surprise the other evening; music and games were indulged in.

The Seguin Base Ball Club are having their diamond plowed and put in shape for the summer games. They expect to meet some good teams this summer.

Mr. F. Dovan has been on the sick list for the past two weeks, but is gradually recovering.

The Yeomen of Seguin entertained their brothers and sisters of Dungeness in their well known royal manner last Saturday evening.

A FIGHT

Last Thursday morning the city marshal found a man fighting his salt cellar. His wife bo't a package of Leslie Sterilized Salt—peace prevails.

PRUNING AND SPRAYING.

It is now high time to prune and spray your fruit trees, rose bushes, etc., also for grafting. I can do the work for you in GOOD shape, and charges reasonable. Will refer you, by permission, to Mr. Randall, your tree inspector, as to whether I understand the work or not. Drop me a postal or leave orders at Globe Hotel.

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POINTS FOR WHIST PLAYERS

A thorough knowledge of the conventional system of leading from long suits is indispensible to 3rd hand in order that he may intelligently play, not only on his partner's lead, but with him at all. If he is not au fait in the conventional leads, it will be impossible for him to detect what kind of a game his partner is playing — that of the lion or that of the fox — and he and his partner will be continually getting into each others way and throwing each other down. Their high cards will fall together and their trumps will fall together when their high cards should be made separately and their trumps should be made separately. Not only this, but many a high card has been killed in 3rd hand because 3rd hand did not have card sense enough to know that his partner was leading from the top of nothing or from the bottom of nearly nothing. In short, unless 3rd hand knows the game his partner is playing, he and his partner will continually find themselves fighting each other instead of the enemy.

How is 3rd hand to know what sort of game his partner is playing? By the card led, the one played 2nd hand and those he holds himself. The long suit game being one of strength and not of cunning, it is necessarily played out in the open. Everything is regular. The leads are regular, 3rd hand plays are regular, and the signal corps plays a most important part. On the other hand, the short suit game being one of cunning and not of strength, it is necessarily played under cover, everything is irregular, and it has little use for a signal code. Therefore if 3rd hand can detect that his partner is not making a regular lead, he is making an irregular one and is playing the game of the fox and not that of the lion.

As the short suit strategist never leads an ace and seldom a king, the lead of either of those cards may safely be assumed to be from a long suit. The other four high cards, however, are often led from the top of nothing and 3rd hand should be careful how he plays on them. Now, if reference be made to the long suit leads, it will be noted that, when a queen, jack, ten or nine is led from a long suit, it is always accompanied by two other high cards — the queen by jack and ten, the jack by queen and king, the ten by king and jack, and the nine by ace and ten. So that when third hand can locate out of his partner's hand either one of these other two high cards that should accompany the card led if the lead is from a long suit, his partner is making an irregular lead and therefore playing the short suit game.

Sometimes 1st hand finds it necessary to lead a small card from the top of nothing. In such cases the following rules, formulated by Dr. Bond Stowe and first published in Fostor's Whist Manual, will often enable 3rd hand to determine such lead to be irregular:

1st. If you can locate all the cards from the one led to the ten inclusive, it is a short suit lead,

2nd. If you can locate all the cards from the one led to the nine inclusive, and can also account for the ace, it is a short suit lead.

3rd. If you can locate all the cards but one from the one led to the ten inclusive, and can also account for both queen and jack, it is a short suit lead.

Again, 3rd hand may be able to detect a small card led as from a short suit by aid of Fostor's eleven rule. Deduct from eleven the number of spots on the card led, and if the remainder is smaller than the number of cards higher than the one led which 3rd hand can locate out of his partner's hand, the lead is from a short suit. For instance, if an eight is led and four or more higher cards can be located out of the leader's hand, the eight is either the top of nothing or the bottom of a two or three card suit ace or king high.

A. H. S.

They Want Road Opened

Mr. Ed. O'Neil, of Seattle, who owns a large tract of land just east of town, is having extensive improvements made thereon. Mr. Will Vail, who was in Angeles Tuesday, has charge of the work and is putting in a ditch that will drain several fine pieces of land. The only impediment in the way at present is the lack of a good road. The opening of the Christopherson road would benefit a number of ranchers by making it possible to reach the county seat at all times. The people in the vicinity are workers and only need a little assistance and a good word from the county commissioners to be supremely happy.

CHURCH SERVICES

St. Andrew's Episcopal Church services at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m Rev. Jas. Cheal, pastor. All are welcome.

Baptist Church Services morning and evening, 11 a. m, and 7:30 p. m., at both of which Rev. W. H. Whelan will preach. All the people are cordially invited to hear this earnest man.

Services at the Peoples Church Hall, corner Front and Francis streets, next Sunday at 11 a. m. J. A. Baldridge, minister. Topic, "The Eternal Life." It is not mere existence, but fulness of life and completeness of character — the supreme possession.

First Church of Christ, Scientist. Services at Science Hall, Second St., Sunday at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Wednesday evening meetings at 7:30. All are welcome.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Rev. Horace Williston, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p m. Sunday school 10 a m. Epworth League 6:30 p. m.

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SOME OLDEN SONG.

Come, sing to me some olden song,
Some tune that will recall
The golden days of childhood,
My mother's face, and all.

Some sweet, old-fashioned, simple air,
The crooning, soft refrain,
That mother used, in years gone by,
To soothe the aching brain.

Some olden, golden, lovelit song,
Forever fresh and young;
Some melody long handed down,
By mother lips long sung.
—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

THE DESERTER

THE corporal in charge, who had been drinking steadily, hiccoughed his anecdotes. "Yellow imps! That's what they are, with teeth as long as your finger. First they shoot and then they eat you. Ugh!"

Stepanovitch shivered. He was reviving from the stupor in which the events of the past few hours had plunged him. He had never expected to be called upon—he, a man just married. It was unfair—horrible. Why should he be sent out to this far and perilous country, called Manchuria, to be eaten by these yellow goblins? If what the corporal said was true, he would never come back alive. None of them all would come back alive. Why had he been such a fool, when the yellow card was given him, to go to the depot and be enrolled? Why had he not done as the others—crept out in the night and met the German agent who helped men to cross the frontier and go in a ship to a country where there was much gold? Was it too late?

The train rolled on through the frosty flats. It was a bitter cold night, but the carriage was stifling. The other recruits were asleep, or stupid with fright. They lay back against the wooden walls of the carriage with closed eyes, heedless of the jolting. The corporal, who had taken yet another drink from his bottle, seemed to be sleeping, too. He was a fierce-looking man in his sleep, fiercer even than when he was awake; but it was a thing to be thankful for that there was a breathing space from those monstrous stories of his. They hurt a man's inside, those stories.

To get rid of the feel of them, Stepanovitch tried to fix his thoughts on Katinka. She was a good girl and laborious, and it was a shame that she should be left—as good as widowed—so soon. How she had wept when the yellow card came! She had wept so much indeed that when the hour for his departing arrived her eyes had been quite dry. He hoped that she would not forget the instructions he had given her, in case he came back; especially with regard to any money she might save. It was not likely that she would save any. Very few did in their village, and Katinka was a hungry one always. That was perhaps why she was so plump. She was the plumpest girl for miles around, and it was for this reason that Stepanovitch had loved her. Well, it was not to be supposed that she could stay plump forever, especialy with her man away. She would not have the food. That was natural enough—not to have much food when one's man is away—and Stepanovitch did not regret that he had kept secret from her the place under the floor in which his savings were stored. She might have been tempted to spend them if she had known where they lay; and then when he came back and needed them there would be nothing left.

But would he ever come back? It seemed the question would recur whatever one fixed one's mind on. The railway carriage was altogether asleep now. There was nothing but snores through the whole of it—snores that kept time with the monotonous vibration of the train. Stepanovitch, who was in the corner by the door, put his hand on the handle and turned it. He had not meant to open the door, but suddenly it was open. The train went very slow; he could see that by looking through the veriest chink that caused no draught and disturbed no sleeper. A man could drop into the snow very easily and take no harm.

Two days later, in the evening, Stepanovitch stood outside the cottage in which he had left Katinka. It seemed a year since he had left her, but it was only two nights. He had walked all the time, and run, too, except in the daylight, when he had hidden himself in a straw stack. He had eaten nothing and slept not a wink. All the time, while he walked and while he hid, he had thought of this moment and of what a surprise it would be to Katinka. He would go very cautiously in, put his hand on her lips lest she should cry out, and, taking his money from the place under the floor, beckon her to fly with him. That very night they would cross the frontier with the help of the German agent; and in the morning he would sleep—sleep all the way to the land of gold! What a morning that would be!

It seemed, however, as he stood outside the cottage, that there was a noise within—quite a long and loud noise, as of some one singing. It could not be that Katinka was singing, with him away, as she thought, among the yellow imps in the Manchurian country. Nor, again, was it her voice. It was a man who was singing. What man had the right to be singing in his cottage?

Stepanovitch licked his lips, which were very red with the cold wind, and went to a crack he knew of in the wall of the cottage. There was a light burning on the table—a bright, wasteful light, so bright and so wasteful that it showed everything in the room at a glance, the stone bottle of vodka on the table, the rubles he had hidden under the floor in the very handkerchief in which he had tied them up—only it was untied now, so that you could see the money quite clearly, the man—Stepanovitch knew him—standing with his back to the door singing, and Katinka looking at him with large eyes, her chin upon her hands, as she sat at the table, plump and well-looking. It did not occur to Stepanovitch to wonuder how she had discovered the place under the floor; or what she had intended to do with the money. He was aware only that the man had his back to the door, and that he, Stepanovitch, had a bayonet in his belt. He had thrown his rifle away as soon as he had leaped from the train, but he had a bayonet still. He crept round to the door very cautiously.

* * * * * * *

Ten minutes later the deserter came out from his cottage. He had not slept for two nights or more, and he rollled as he walked toward the frontier. In the morning he would sleep—in the morning, when the German agent had put him on his way to the country where there was much gold. Sometimes, being very drowsy and forgetful, he would call to Katinka to hasten, before he recollected that Katinka was not with him, being already asleep.

The morning, when it came, was not so peaceful or so joyous as he expected. But it was better, he thought, than it would have been if the train had been taking him to the Manchurian country to be shot by the yellow imps instead of to the land of gold.—Black and White.

PRINCE GUSTAF, NOW REGENT OF SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

Prince Gustaf, who has assumed the regency of Sweden and Norway, owing to the illness of his father, King Oscar, is the first born of the four sons of the latter monarch. June 16, 1858, is the date of his birth, and in 1881 he married Victoria, daughter of the Grand Duke of Baden. From January, 1899, to January, 1901, he also was in control of the government. When Gustaf formally ascends the throne, upon the death of his father, he will be the fifth sovereign of the house of Ponte Corvo, being a great-grandson of Marshal Bernadotte, Prince de Ponte Corvo, founder of the dynasty, who reigned from 1818 to 1844 under the title of Carl XIV. Johan. Prince Gustaf also bears the title of Duke of Wermland. He has three sons. The King of Sweden and Norway must be a member of the Lutheran church. He nominates to all the higher offices and possesses the right to preside, if he desires, in the supreme court of justice.

London's First Bridge.

The first London bridge is said to have been built in 978. A bridge of wood was constructed in 1044 and was partly buried in 1136. The last old bridge was commenced about 1176 and completed in 1209. There were gatehouses and the bridge was lined with stores. It was the custom to hang the heads of criminals on London bridge. The head of Sir William Wallace was hung there in 1305; Simon Frisel, 1306; Lord Bardolf, 1408; Bollingbroke, 1440; "Jack" Cade, 1451; Fisher, bishop of Rochester, 1535; Sir Thomas More, 1535. There were many others. All the houses were taken down in 1756 and the bridge burned in 1774. In 1824 a new bridge was begun 200 feet west of the old bridge. It was opened in August, 1831.

Entangled in a Live Wire.

If a person is entangled in a live electric wire and you want to extricate him therefrom do not take hold of the victim's hands, as is often done in a case of this kind. You will be shocked if you do. Be sure to grab the clothes alone, and then you are safe, and the current cannot reach you. Do not let anything come in contact with your bare hands but his coat and trousers. Of course if you have thick leather gloves on you can handle with impunity the individual in distress.

Interference with Conjugal Rights.

"I'm opposed to these here White Caps," said the strong-minded woman of Billville.

"You air?"

"Yes, I air! I've been a-whippn' of my husband for ten year—come Christmas—an' last night they called on him an' jest took the job right out o' my hands!"—Atlanta Constitution.

The so-called new thought is merely an old thought discovered by new people.

Literary Style.

Colonel Frank Beard, for many years a stenographer in the General Sessions Court, was discussing with some of his colleagues the difficulties of reporting speakers given to the use of long and involved sentences. Illustrations were given from speeches of William M. Evarts, Bourke Cockran and Phillips Brooks.

"Why," said Colonel Beard, "none of them are in it with Judge James Fitzgerald, now of the Supreme Court. I reported a sentence of his on one occasion which, I believe, is the longest on record."

"Can you remember it?" asked one.

"Why, certainly," said Colonel Beard. "It was in the Schoenhulz firebug case, and the words, as I remember them, were: 'Forty-eight years at hard labor in State prison.'"—New York Times.

Irritating Iteration.

"I don't see why you call him stupid. He says a clever thing quite often."

"Exactly. He doesn't seem to realize that it should be said only once."—Philadelphia Press.

A Funeral in Turkey.

H. Rider Haggard in a new book of travel thus describes a funeral in Turkey: "The corpse, accompanied by a motley crowd of mourners, relatives, sightseers and children, was laid uncoffined upon a rough bier that looked like a huge mortar board and hidden from sight beneath a shroud ornamented with red and green scarves. Upon arrival at the graveyard, an unkempt place, with stones innocent of the mason's hammer marking the head and foot of each grave and serving as stands for pumpkins to dry in the sun, the dead man was carried to a primitive bench or table made of two slabs set upright in the ground about seven feet apart and the third laid on them crossways. Here, while a woman sitting on a little mound at a distance set up a most wild and melancholy wail for the departed, a priest, stepping forward, began to offer up prayers, to which the audience made an occasional response. The brief service concluded, once more the body was lifted and borne round the cemetery to its grave, that seemed to be about three feet six inches in depth. Here it was robbed of its gay-colored scarves, of which a little child took charge, and after a good deal of animated discussion lowered into the hole in a sitting posture with the help of two linen bands that one of the company unwound from about his middle."

FLASHES OF FUN

Clara—Did he propose to you before or after he kissed you? Maud—I can't tell. During the excitement I forgot all the details.—Life.

Husband—You are always looking for bargains. Was there ever a time when you wasn't a bargain hunted? Wife—Yes, dear; when I married you.—Scissors.

Mrs. Chatterson—It was such a relief to have my husband fail. Mrs. Chipway—How so? "Oh, I was so afraid we would have to pay all those bills."—Life.

Cyril—You may spurn me, cruel one, but remember, I shall not always be a clerk at $9 a week. Marie—That's just the trouble. You may lose your job at any time.—Chicago News.

Parent (angrily)—Those "school shoes" I bought here for my boy did not last two weeks. Dealer (with surprise)—He must have been wearing them out of school.—Washington Life.

Teacher (in spelling class)—Johnny, spell "fail." Johnny—I can't. Teacher—You can't spell that simple word? Why not? Johnny—'Cause you told me there was no such word as fail.—New Yorker.

Pansy (who enjoys having her mother read to her)—Wead some more, mamma. Mamma—I cannot, dear; my eyes are too tired. Pansy (with fine scorn)—But wead wiv oo mouf, ma.—New York Times.

"Is your husband up yet?" inquired the early morning caller. "I guess he is," replied the stern-looking woman. "I'd like to say a few words to him." "So would I. He hasn't come home yet."—Catholic Standard.

Ernestine—I don't see why your chaperon should have been offended because Jack played the piano. It was certainly better than lovemaking. Moyrtilla—Yes, but he insisted upon playing "Always in the Way."—Chicago News.

Tom—I don't see you automobiling with Miss Giddyun any more. Jack—No; I weighed her in the balance and found her wanting. Tom—Wanting what? Jack—Well, wanting to face the parson with me, for one thing.—Chicago News.

Little Johnnie—When Miss Nextdoor got married, her mother threw an old slipper after her. What was that for? Little Ethel—Oh, they always do that. That means that her mamma isn't never going to spank her any more.—Smith's Weekly.

"This servant-girl problem will make me old before my time!" "Bothers you too, does it?" "Indeed it does. If I have an ugly maid my husband is away all the time, and if I have a pretty one he is at home all the time, and I daren't go away; so there it is."—Houston Post.

Mrs. Woodby—You don't mean to say you paid my milliner's bill to-day! Mr. Woodby—Of course. The bill reached me yesterday, and I thought the milliner might need the money, so— Mrs. Woodby—Simpleton! How do you expect us to be considered real swell if we pay our bills promptly?—Philadelphia Ledger.

Maude—Did you read that magazine article in which a physician advocates yawning as a means of stopping the disagreeable buzzing in one's ears? Clara—Yes; and he is right, too. I tried it on young Borum the other evening after he had talked continuously for an hour or more, and he took the hint and left.—Chicago Daily News.

The following notice was recently found tacked on the door of a church: "There will be preaching in this house a week from next Wednesday, Providence permittin', and there will be preaching whether or no on Monday following upon the subject, 'He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved ,and he that believeth not shall be damned at 3:30 in the afternoon.'"—Clinton (Mo.) Herald.

A traveling man who drove across the country to a little town in western Kansas the other day met a farmer hauling a wagon-load of water. "Where do you get water?" he asked. "Up the road about seven miles," the farmer replied. "And you haul water seven miles for your family and stock?" "Yep." "Why in the name of sense don't you dig a well?" asked the traveler. "Because it is just as far one way as the other, stranger."—Denver Republican.

Mrs. Potts was filled with nervous alarms whenever she traveled, and Mr. Potts always had his hands full in trying to quiet and reassure her. "Algernon," said Mrs. Potts, wakening her husband from a sound sleep in a southern railway car. "Algernon! I want you to find out why we are going at this fearful speed. The car is bumping and swaying till I can scarcely see out of my eyes." Mr. Potts sat up and looked out of the window at the moonlit landscape. "See that bridge ahead on the curve?" he asked, sleepily. "Well, we have to go over that in a minute, and probably it isn't very strong, and they want to go over it with as little strain and as quickly as possible. Now go to sleep."—Youth's Companion.

Both Sides of It.

Giles—So you've got a place in that banking house? I suppose it was because you knew the president? Harris—Partly that and partly because he didn't know me.—Exchange.

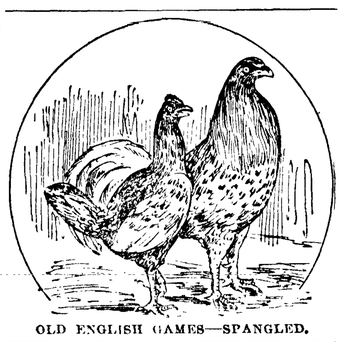
The breath of suspicion is often flavored with cloves.

FARMERS' CORNER

A Fine Table Fowl.

For some years the old English game fowl of England has been coming to the front. We see much in print about the revival of the old English game. This fowl occupies a foremost place as table poultry. They are most delicate and fine flavored fowls, a well-known fact to those who have feasted on what we call pit game. In fact, it is said that they outrank the pheasants in delicacy when served on the table. They grow very fast and are always plump and ready for the spit any time after they are six weeks old.

The colors bred are black breasted reds, brown breasted reds, duckwings, blue reds, piles, black, white and spangles, the latter the most popular. As shown by the illustration, these fowls are beautifully built and free from the long shanks of our standard games.



OLD ENGLISH GAMES—SPANGLED.

They have full, plump breasts and longer bodies than our exhibition games. In fact, they are the same as our pit games, only they are bred to exhibition form and color and not for the pit.—Country Gentleman.

Cure for the Dog Evil.

The Rural New Yorker says: The only cure for the dog evil is a law requiring the owner of one male dog to pay a small sum for a metal tag, with the name and address of the owner and the date, placing a practically prohibitory tax on additional dogs and female dogs, making it the duty of the proper officers to kill all dogs not tagged. When a dog is killed while worrying sheep or other domestic animals or fowls, the tag would show the owner and recourse could be had for damages done. A law something like this was on the statute books of Indiana several years ago and worked well; the revenues from that source were trebled, and the dog population decreased two-thirds, but for some reason it was repealed. If a majority of farmers could be induced to put a small flock of sheep on their farms sentiment would soon be molded to back such a law. Now the dog owners are in the majority and sentiment trends the other way. The same complaint may be made in most sections of the country.

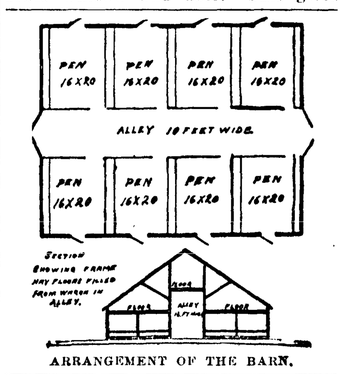
Practical Sheep Barn.

The plan shown is intended for a sheep barn, although it would answer equally well for cattle, and is arranged in such a manner that hay is stored

A $500 BARN.

over the pens at the sides, and this space is filled directly from a wagon driven through the center alley.

The space at each side of the alley is divided up into separate pens by the feed racks and each pen has a separate window and door. This gives



ARRANGEMENT OF THE BARN.

plenty of light and permits egress to yards outside. While this barn is only ten feet at the side, it gives ample storage for hay and a large amount of room without any waste space. The cost will not exceed $500.

Draft Colts on the Farm.

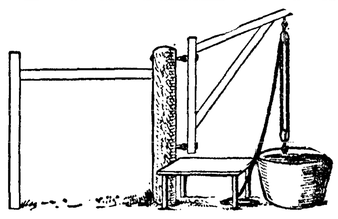
Grooming is all important. The colts should be well cleaned twice a day. Before breakfast they should be thoroughly brushed, the currycomb not being used too freely, especially in the summer when the hair is short. After the day's work is done and the teamster has had his supper—the horses will be dry then—they should receive their second cleaning. Be sure to remove all the sweat and dirt and leave the horses in shape to take a comfortable night's rest. The manes and tails should be well brushed, and, above all things, do not cut off any of the mane or forelock. The mane is sometimes cut off under the collar and bridle and does not look so bad when the harness is on, but suppose a buyer comes to look at the colts on the halter, what do they look like beside those with full manes?—Breeders' Gazette.

To Prevent Smut in Wheat.

Wheat should not be sowed without being first treated if it has any indications of having been exposed to smut. The trouble can be obviated by dipping the seed wheat in a solution that is sure to prove effective. Smut is carried over from year to year on the seed wheat. The mode of treatment is as follows: Dissolve one pound of copper sulphate in twenty-four gallons of water. Soak the seed in this solution for twelve hours, after which it should be drained off. Then the seed should be soaked for ten minutes in lime water made by slaking one pound of lime in ten gallons of water. The seed should then be dried as soon as possible. Care should then be taken that the seed wheat is not eaten by chickens or other stock, as the sulphate is a deadly poison. It is the experience of farmers that land that bore smutty wheat the previous year will not bear smutty wheat if the seed is properly treated, the smut spores in the ground having been all killed by the cold weather.

Profit in Swine.

A young, thrifty, growing hog will turn grain into money quicker than any other kind of farm stock. Every farmer who has not an extensive range for his hogs should sow rye to give them a green winter feed. Rake up all the corncobs, burn them, and when in the form of bright coals, throw water on them, thus making charcoal for the hogs. A little salt may be added. Try to feed young hogs regularly; never feed late, especially the evening meal. Watch the hogs closely to see if their digestion is good, for if they are not healthy they will not thrive well. To get your hogs ready for market they should be on full feed of corn; but after they are as fat as they can be without detraction from their comfort, put them on the market at once, for they are unsafe to keep, because hogs fattened on the corn diet are very tender and cannot stand any abuse or disease. The hogs kept for breeding purposes should never be put on corn diet, but require feed that has more bone and muscle-producing quality. Keep a few more good brood sows; they will prove to be the best investment on the farm before another year is gone. Don't waste good corn by feeding it to hogs in the mud. Your hogs will be



CONVENIENT HOG-SCALDING OUTFIT.

worth the extra cost of a feeding trough. Try keeping an account with your hogs; charge them with everything they eat and give them credit for everything they bring in, and you will be surprised to see how much better they pay than any other animal on the farm. All kinds of stock are a source of profit on a good farm. And the farmer who thinks he can leave off stock growing is sure to find his mistake. The pasture must be utilized and fertility of the farm maintained.—Agriculture Epitomist.

Whitewashing the Trees.

Whitewash may often be applied to fruit trees, especially apple trees, to good advantage. For this purpose the brine may be slaked in the usual manner with cold water, though hot water is preferable for that purpose. By adding some skimmilk to the wash it can be made to adhere better to the bark. To make it adhere still better, some people add a thin solution of glue to the wash. This whitewash should be of such a consistency as to be easily applied with a spray pump, and the application should be made in the spring. It aids in keeping off fungous diseases and insect pests.

How to Revive Meadows.

Where meadows show indications of failing, give an application of manure this winter, leaving it on the surface. In the spring apply fifty pounds of nitrate of soda, 100 pounds of sulphate of potash and 200 pounds of acidulated phosphate rock. This should be done in April, the bare places to be seeded with seeds of a variety of grasses. Keep the cattle off until the grass makes considerable growth.

Pin Feathers.

Do not expect eggs when the hens are moulting.

If the fowls be stinted in food they cannot lay up material for eggs.

Aside from the question of eggs a warm quarters is a great saving of feed.

Chickens that are of a marketable size should be fattened now as soon as possible.

In having food constantly before fowls the great risk run is of having them too fat.

Ten days after the hens are cooped up with a cockerel the eggs will hatch true to the mating.

From this on chicks cannot be expected to grow very rapidly unless particularly well housed and fed.

Kerosene on the roosts prevents lice on the fowls. An ounce of kerosene is worth more than a pound of lice.

The purity of one bird is not improved for breeding purposes by being bred to another of a different breed.

Now is the time to store a good lot of dry earth. None is better than drained and dried peat or muck, and none will absorb more gas and liquid.